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LATEST INTELLIGENCE

By Telegraph to the New-York Times.

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IMPORTANT FROM WASHINGTON.

Stampede of the Lecomptonites in the House---The Result in the Senate Doubtful.

Fat Contracts in Connection with the Utah Campaign.

General Calhoun's Action Giving Kansas to the Free-State Men.

Report of the Republican Minority of the House Special Committee on Kansas—The Matteson Case, &c.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sunday, March 21.

The Administration men are working desperately to control the stampede in the House against Lecompton. There are some five millions of dollars' worth of contracts in connection with the Utah campaign, which are being used as levers, as far as possible, to affect votes. How and where, will be clearly apparent when the vote comes to be taken. Of the Army contracts already made, rumor names one for fifteen hundred horses, at a hundred and fifty-nine dollars a head; transportation of flour at twenty-five dollars a barrel, corn at ten or twelve dollars a bushel live beef at fabulous prices, &c.

All this is believed to be useless. The hopes of making it successful rest on Northern Anti-Lecompton Democrats chiefly in Pennsylvania and Indiana.

All is excitement relative to the action of the Senate to-morrow, when, according to agreement, the vote on Lecompton is expected to be taken. It is rumored to-night that the Lecomptonites themselves are frightened about the Senate, and may effect a further continuance of the debate until they can have time to canvass closely.

The *Union* to-day publishes CALHOUN'S official declaration of the election in Kansas, giving the Legislature to the Free-State men. This greatly exasperates the chivalry, and there is some fear that the effect may be to create a Southern stampede against Lecompton, and the two Republican Senators its success will be sure to make. My own impression is that the bill will pass the Senate by about five majority—REID and DAVIS being absent, ill. One vote may be changed, reducing the majority to three.

STUART and BAYARD, it is understood, will speak to-morrow. DOUGLAS will follow, if his health is no worse than to-day. He was absent from the Senate, and no party to the agreement to take the vote on Monday; so, if an attempt be made to crowd him out, as hinted, he will insist upon his right to be heard at length before the vote.

When the bill goes to the House, I shall not be surprised if its opponents move the previous question at once, as the present count makes its defeat certain. Considerable debate had been designed, but CALHOUN'S last move so thoroughly vindicates the opposition of the South Americans that they will be likely to join the Northern Anti-Lecomptonites in an immediate gibbeting of the Lecompton swindle.

SCHUYLER COLFAX made an excellent speech on the Kansas question yesterday, full of original ideas. Novel points were presented in a forcible and popular light. It will create a sensation in the West.

The Committee on MATTESON'S case will report on the first opportunity. CURTIS, of Iowa, Republican, will not concur in the opinion of the majority that the House has no jurisdiction in the case. S.

[FROM THE REPORTER FOR THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

WASHINGTON, Saturday, March 20.

The interview between the President and the Turkish High Admiral yesterday was very brief, but of an interesting character. The only persons present were the President and his private Secretary, the Secretary of State, the Admiral and his suite, J. HORSFORD SMITH, Hon. J. M. CROSS, and E. H. CARMICK, Esq., of New-York.

The visitors were received by the President at 2 o'clock, having first been formally introduced to the Secretary of State. The President said that it gave him great pleasure to offer the hand of friendship and hospitality to such a distinguished officer of the Ottoman Empire. He assured him of a kind and friendly greeting from all true Americans, wherever he and his suite might go. He spoke of the friendly relations existing between the two Governments, and did not doubt but this interchange of courtesies would go far to strengthen them.

The Admiral in reply expressed his gratitude for the kind feeling and honor shown himself and traveling companions by the chief of so great a nation. He had been directed, he said, by his imperial master to be guided by the advice and direction of the President of the United States, and he desired to offer a *souvenir* in testimony of the high regard entertained by his imperial master.

During the interview Mr. CARMICK informed the Admiral that the Secretary of State was a veteran soldier as well as a statesman, that nearly fifty years ago he had met and conquered the armies of Britain in the far West, and ever since had been prominent in the councils of the nation. The Admiral expressed much gratification with meeting one who had long been known by reputation in Turkey.

The President then invited the Admiral, his suite and those present to dine with him on Wednesday next, and the interview was terminated.

WASHINGTON, Sunday, March 21.

The Republican minority of the Select Committee of Fifteen, by Mr. MORRILL, will now publish their report, as that of the majority has been spread before the public, and that of Mr. HARRIS is in type.

They allude to the protracted struggle from which their appointment arose, and declare that the assumption on the part of the majority that the record is complete, like the refusal to submit the Constitution of Kansas to a full and fair vote of the people, is a confession that a thorough investigation would prove fatal to the extraordinary document.

The President's messages, the report of the majority and the conduct of JOHN CALHOUN are treated at length. The pledges of submission on the part of the Nebraska-Kansas advocates, the President, and so down to the *Union* etc., also claim their attention. They say their wanton violation is denounced as Punic faith.

The whole series of alleged frauds is set forth in chronological order. The illegality and irregularity of the Lecompton Constitution, from the beginning are set forth by a long array of facts, step by step. Their propositions are as follows:

We claim that this Convention could not make a valid Constitution;

1. Because, whatever inherent power the people may possess, Congress refused all legal authority to the Territorial Legislature to call the Convention, though urged by President PIERCE.

2. Because, the Legislature which created it was itself the creature of fraud and foreign invasion, and that this usurpation was never consummated by the acquiescence of the people.

3. Because the act of that Legislature, passed Feb. 19, 1857, to "provide for taking a census and the election of delegates to a Convention," was never fairly executed. The census was incomplete, the registry was incomplete, the apportionment was incomplete, and the number of delegates assembled was incomplete.

4. Because through the nefarious apportionment, the threatened exclusion from the polls unless coupled with the payment of a tax to support a Government imposed upon them by high handed outrages, through lack of all confidence of protection at the polls from violence and fraud, the majority did not and could not participate in the election of delegates, and it was therefore composed of a mere faction entitled to no regard.

5. Because the most noted delegates pledged themselves to submit their work to the ratification or rejection of the people—thereby securing their election—and afterwards betrayed their trust, and did not so submit the Constitution.

6. Because it is not in fact the work of a majority of the Convention.

7. Because the legislative, judicial and executive powers conferred upon JOHN CALHOUN, transcended the power of the Convention, and their exercise was entirely illegal, and therefore null and void.

The proofs that the Constitution is neither "acceptable" nor "satisfactory" to the people of Kansas, are exhibited. The fact of its utter rejection on the 4th of January, is earnestly claimed to be the only legal thing about it. The report closes as follows:

The statements made in the report are founded upon official documents and conceded facts; but if any should be disputed, we fearlessly challenge such an investigation as will put their accuracy to the severest test. There is no scrutiny that we do not court, as there is no truth that we do not seek. The whole purpose of the Committee having been thwarted by the refusal of the majority to enter upon a full and fair investigation, we submit that the facts already proven are enough to establish the positions we maintain to the fullest extent.

1. That an investigation ought to have been had by a Committee with the power and disposition to send for persons and papers.

2. That the President has been misinformed and badly advised "in relation to the condition of parties in Kansas." Though he says "*a great delusion* seems to pervade the public mind," it is quite apparent that the public might with greater justice say, "*thou thyself beholdest not the beam that is in thine own eye.*"

3. That in proportion as Congress has relaxed its power over Territories, that of the Executive has increased, and that all difficulties cannot be removed until Congress shall resume its entire Constitutional authority.

4. That the maligned Topeka Constitution was the act of the *people* of Kansas, accords now more with the will of the people than any other, and is more entitled to the respect of Congress.

5. That the plighted faith of the nation was pledged to the people of Kansas that any Constitution which might be made should be submitted by its framers to them for their approval or disapproval, and this has not been done.

6. That there is not unimpeachable evidence to show that the Constitution presented by JOHN CALHOUN is an identical copy of the one agreed upon by the Lecompton Convention before it adjourned.

7. That the Lecompton Constitution was illegal in its inception, and, therefore, void; and if this were not so, through the action of the Territorial Legislature, the people have been enabled fairly and legally to vote for or against it, and have emphatically rejected it.

Not doubting the sincerity of the President, when he says that domestic peace will be the happy consequence of the immediate admission of Kansas into the Union under the Lecompton Constitution, we are yet constrained to say that in our deliberate judgments the President over-estimates the docility of the nation, and particularly that of the people of Kansas "Domestic peace" cannot be obtained by trampling down the rights of any portion of the people. The measure is not expedient even if it were just, but it is clearly wrong.

The idea that Kansas must be admitted in order to satisfy the States "where Slavery is recognized," that it is *not* the fixed purpose to admit no more Slave States into the Union, is even less tolerable. It will be time enough to raise that question when a Slave State offers itself for admission. To force a Free State into the Union *as a Slave State*, will test the question more keenly than may be desirable, and the project should be dismissed as a dangerous experiment. Signed by

JUSTIN S. MORRILL,
EDWARD WADE,
HENRY BENNETT,
DAVID S. WALBRIDGE,
JAMES BUFFINTON.

The report of the Select Committee of the House in the case of MATTESON is prepared, and will probably be made to-morrow. The majority think the House has no jurisdiction to punish a member for anything known to his constituents at the time of his election. Mr. CURTIS, member of the Committee, dissents as to the question of jurisdiction, but holds that this is not a case, as it now stands, for its exertion.

Mr. MATTESON submitted a written defence, and offered to prove all his statements, but the Committee decided that they had no power to send for persons and papers. Among the papers shown to the Committee was one from Doctor HALL, of this City, saying in reply to a note from MATTESON:—"At the time of your resignation of your seat in the last House you were suffering from a severe and dangerous attack of the National Hotel disease, and my opinion is that you would have been obliged to resign your life, had you not resigned your seat."

Mr. DOUGLAS continues quite ill, and from present indications it is thought probable that he will be unable to address the Senate to-morrow for more than a few moments.

XXXVth CONGRESS------First Session

SENATE.. WASHINGTON, Saturday, March 20.

Mr. WILSON announced his intention to speak on the Kansas question this evening.

Mr. FOOT, of Vermont, earnestly protested against the Lecompton Constitution; the creature, he said, of a long series of frauds and outrages, and unmitigated rascality. It was a question rising far above party; one in which he was willing to strike hands with conservative, honorable men of all parties, both North and South. He denied that the parties in Kansas were sectional—the Free-State Party containing many members from the South, while the Pro-Slavery Party, he was ashamed to confess, numbered many adherents from the North, the great border-ruffian leader himself being from Massachusetts. Yes, the very worst class of border ruffians in Kansas were from the Free States. He was sorry that truth and justice required the admission, but it was no new thing, for Slavery had always done its dirty work through Northern men. Of the members of the Free-State Legislature of Kansas, four were from Virginia alone, while only five were from all the New-England States. This and similar facts, he contended, furnished sufficient answer to the assertion concerning Northern Abolition emigration to Kansas. He fortified this position with further illustrations. Referring to the Lecompton Constitution he said the Administration was forcing the measure in defiance of the opinion of the country, in spite of the warnings of the great body of the Democracy of the North, and in a spirit of recklessness that must prove fatal to itself. The solemn pledges which at one time inspired hope in the breasts of freemen had been shamelessly violated, to the rekindling of the flames of a fiercer strife. Mr. FOOT then narrated the events in Kansas, including the movement for the formation of the Topeka Constitution. The men who formed that Constitution, he said, were denounced by the President as rebels. Rebels, are they? It was rebels such as these who established our independence. It is from the efforts of rebels such as these that the nations of the Old World are yet to wake from their long polar night of despotism. These men are rebels the President tells us, while forgers, throwers of spurious ballots, &c., are law-and-order men. Mr. FOOT next referred to the Lecompton Constitution, combatting the President's arguments as to its legality, and denying that the Slavery question had ever been submitted. Even if it had been, Mr. FOOT continued, as Slavery already existed there by virtue of the Constitution of the United States, as is contended by the President, how could the people have voted it out? They could not vote against the Constitution, and all they could do was to refrain from voting, as the most emphatic way to express their condemnation of the swindle. Alluding to the removal of the various Governors of Kansas for their attempt to deal fairly with the people, he said they were not dishonored by such a removal; the American people would cherish the memory of their good deeds, and, sooner or later, they would meet a reward for their fidelity to truth and justice. In conclusion, he affirmed that the will of the people was clearly expressed on the 4th of January, and ought not to be disregarded. That vote had the sanction and authority of law. Let Congress beware how they disregard it.

Mr. SIMMONS, of R. I., said he had no disposition to repeat what had been said, yet found it almost impossible to avoid doing so. He thought that the difficulty might have a peaceful solution. All that was needed was to treat the matter fairly and honestly. Senators on the other side admitted the right of the people to be well governed, but had not reached the sublime doctrine that the people have the right to govern themselves. When he looked around the Senate chamber and saw but one Senator, (Mr. CRITTENDEN,) whose term of service ante dated, his own, he naturally turned to him for advice and guidance. What were the views of the Senator? He had counselled Senators to do right—to render justice to all sections of the country. Mr. SIMMONS heartily concurred in that view, and hoped that the same spirit of forbearance and fraternal feeling which animated our fathers in discussing the Slavery question might now prevail. He then proceeded to narrate the action on that subject during the last eighty years. He was not an Abolitionist, and never had been; he took precisely the same ground as the framers of the Constitution. The true art of Government is the art of being honest. He deprecated continued threats of disunion; he was tired of hearing them. Mr. S. discussed the power of the people of Kansas to change their Constitution, denying that they could do so before 1864, excepting by revolution. He also controverted the decision in the *Dred Scott* case, that black men are not citizens of the United States, supporting his arguments by citations from the laws of various States. Replying to Mr. HAMMOND'S remarks about the white slaves of the North, he said he was himself a laborer, and referred to FRANKLIN, ROGER SHERMAN and other distinguished men, who were laborers.

Mr. BRIGHT, of Indiana, followed. Referring to the policy of admitting new States, he said: Each State in the Union has to bear the burden of its own support, and why should not the Territories when they have the ability? He thought that when Territories apply for admission Congress should grant their petition and then bring them into the Union by all the fair and just appliances known to the Constitution. The admission of new States was a relief to the General Government in a pecuniary sense; but there were higher reasons. The addition of each State added strength and stability to the Union, riveting more firmly the bonds that make us one people, and giving us increased respect abroad. Our general policy, therefore, being in favor of the admission of Kansas, what valid objection, he asked, can be urged against it? He then examined the various objections advanced, replying to each, and concluding with expressing his own opinion that the speediest way to settle the difficulty, would be the admission of Kansas under the Lecompton Constitution, which, if not liked by the people, can be changed at any time; agitation would thus be localized.

The Senate then took a recess till 7 o'clock.

EVENING SESSION.

The Senate reassembled at 7 o'clock P. M. Five Senators present.

Mr. TOOMBS made some facetious remarks touching the vacant seats.

Mr. BROWN, of Miss., complained that in his former speech Mr. WILSON had done him injustice by attributing to him disunion sentiments. He pointed out the mistake, adding that he loved the Union, but the rights of the States more, and that there might be contingencies when he would advocate dissolution.

Mr. WILSON, of Mass., explained.

Mr. BRODERICK, of Cal., hoped the Senate would adjourn. There were several who wished to speak—Senators DIXON, WILSON, BAYARD, DOUGLAS, STUART, GREEN, and he (Mr. BRODERICK) might have something to say, but he did not wish to stay listening to speeches when less than a dozen Senators were present. He hoped the Senate would now adjourn until Monday. He (BRODERICK) had made no bargain that a vote should be taken on Monday.

The motion was not carried.

Mr WILSON said some lawyers had achieved a reputation on account of their success in defending criminals; but he did not believe anybody would gain enviable notoriety by defending the nefarious Kansas swindle. He then proceeded to reply to Mr. HAMMOND'S speech. He saw nothing new in that speech. The same doctrines had been enunciated by JOHN C. CALHOUN, General MCDUFFIE and other South Carolina statesmen. South Carolina, he said, has always led the Democratic Party, and he held the Administration responsible for those doctrines in the broadest sense. That State has always taken the lead in the efforts to extend and perpetuate Slavery. As to Mr. HAMMOND'S comparison of the relative strength of the North and South, he (WILSON) proposed to show by facts and figures how Freedom has worked in one section of the Union and how Slavery in another. This proposition Mr. WILSON carried out with great minuteness, showing a great preponderance in elements of wealth in favor of the North. He also commented on the condition of the poor white men of the South, contrasting it with that of the laborers of the North. He (WILSON) had been an employe and an employer. Whatever he possessed had been obtained by the labor of his hands and brains. He had had hundreds of men to work for him, many of whom were equals in intellect and morals to himself or other Senators. The mechanics of Massachusetts live in better houses and read more books than the slaveholders of the South. Yet Mr. HAMMOND calls them slaves. That Senator also says that our slaves vote. That is true. The same class of men govern every Free State, and will yet govern South Carolina.

Mr STUART, of Michigan, obtained the floor, and the Senate adjourned to Monday.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WASHINGTON, Saturday, March 20.

The House went into Committee of the Whole on the Deficiency bill.

Mr. FARNSWORTH, of Illinois, argued against the Lecompton Constitution and against the new-fangled doctrine of the Democracy that the Constitution carries Slavery into the Territories and that Congress has not the right to prohibit its extension thither. Mr. F. here cited numerous instances to show that Congress has legislated to prevent the extension of Slavery, and contended that Slavery can only exist by positive municipal law. He opposed in general terms the admission under the Lecompton Constitution, and with his friends would continue to oppose it, though the dissolution of a hundred Unions was threatened He, however, had no fears of a dissolution of the Union. The cry had been uttered a hundred times, but the Union was still safe. Mr. FARNSWORTH concluded by saying, that so help him God, another Slave State should never enter the Union by his vote.

Mr. MAYNARD, of Tennessee, said no sufficient reason had been shown against the admission of Kansas under the Lecompton Constitution. He had been told by reliable authority that Kansas contained one hundred thousand people. Her Constitution is Republican. Why is her admission opposed? Mainly because the Constitution recognizes Slavery. Discussion, he contended, would not hasten the settlement of this question. The true issue had been defined by Mr. FARNSWORTH as "no more Slave States," and the South might as well meet that issue at once like men of nerve. Let the final vote be taken, and Kansas be rejected, and the intelligence will go over the wires to every corner of the North, and the answering echo will be, "We have triumphed!" "We have crushed the Slave Power, and have it under our feet." He alluded to several features in the bill, which he said were in accordance with the doctrines of the American Party, and met his cordial approbation. Referring to the recent removal of Commissioner LORING in Massachusetts, he attributed it to Abolition hate, that would surely provoke retaliation from the South.

Mr. GIDDINGS, of Ohio, replied to a passing allusion made by Mr. MAYNARD to him. He said he had on a former occasion appealed to all governments and nations to stand up in favor of humanity. No matter how degraded, no matter of what color, he acknowledged every man as his brother. Alluding to the treaty of Ghent, negotiated by Mr. CLAY and other patriots, he said provision was made therein for the abolition of the slave-trade. This government, however, has violated the compact. He would ask whether the gentleman from Tennessee (Mr. MAYNARD) would stand by it?

Mr. MAYNARD said he could not believe those patriots, while negotiating with great Britain, could invoke its aid in putting down Slavery in this country. He believed it to be a calumny on their memory. They never could have done it.

Mr. GIDDINGS replied that this pledge of Mr. CLAY and his associates was on behalf of the United States, and not England.

Mr. MAYNARD asked if Slavery was intended, why was it not stated in the treaty?

Mr. GIDDINGS answered, because our Government has no power to suppress Slavery in Tennessee or any other State, but has power to suppress the slave-trade.

Mr. BARKSDALE, of Mississippi, said the Emigrant Aid Societies sent men to Kansas to defy the power of the General Government and Territorial Legislature, compelling the Government to send the army there to protect peaceable voters. He argued in favor of the Lecompton Constitution, contending that it was the act of the people of Kansas, under which, it being Republican in form, they had a right to be admitted. He would ask the Republican side whether they would vote for the admission of Kansas if a hundred thousand people desired admission with Slavery?

Mr. GIDDINGS replied that he would never consent that Ohio shall associate with another slave State.

Mr. BARKSDALE wanted to know whether Mr. GIDDINGS spoke for the whole Republican Party?

Mr. GIDDINGS answered that he spoke for the independent, reflecting portion of mankind generally.

Mr. BARKSDALE—The Black Republican portion, you mean. He then asked Mr. BINGHAM, of Ohio, whether he would vote for the admission of a Slave State?

Mr BINGHAM—Certainly not; by no means.

Mr. BARKSDALE—The opposition to the Lecompton Constitution, then, is based on the ground that it tolerates Slavery?

Mr. STANTON, of Ohio, thought he might safely say that the Republicans would never vote for a Slave State north of the line of 36° 30'.

Mr. BARKSDALE—Will they vote for Slave States south of that line?

Mr. STANTON believed some would.

Mr. BARKSDALE said if no more Slave States are to be admitted then the South ought to know it. She has been constantly yielding in point of territory, and has suffered from Northern aggressions.

Mr. COLFAX, of Indiana, in response to Mr. BARKSDALE, said he would not vote for the admission of Kansas if her whole people came here with a Slave Constitution. He made that declaration when the Missouri Compromise was repealed. But he placed his objections on even graver ground. He then gave a history of the New-Jersey case, in which DROMGOOLE, PICKENS, VANDERPOEL, WELLER, and the Democratic Party of that day, insisted on going behind the broad seal of a State to ascertain the actual will of the people, and contrasted their denunciations of all attempts to ignore the voice of the people, and of the arguments of form and technicality with the Lecompton arguments of the same party now. He reviewed the various Kansas elections, contending that not a single one in the series which inaugurated or completed the Lecompton Constitution was intended by the usurpers who bore sway there to be fair and untrammeled, and read a proffer made by the Free-State leaders in April, 1857, to participate in the election of delegates, if the registry was made full by one man of each party conjointly completing it, and the election judges to be equally divided, which offer was refused. He insisted that no instance but Lecompton existed in our history where one clause of a new constitution was submitted to the popular vote and the whole instrument was not also submitted for ratification or rejection at the same time; and contended that in exact accordance with the President's doctrine that the people can make or unmake constitutions at pleasure, the Kansas people had emphatically unmade this before it was even submitted to Congress. He contrasted the argument of Senator GREEN'S report, that the Legislature calling the Convention had no right to require submission of the constitution to the popular vote with Mr. STEVENS' report, which claimed they had, but had waived it. He reviewed the Lecompton Constitution, and besides the objections previously urged, contended that it was contradictory in declaring property higher than any constitutional sanction, and yet giving corporations power to take private property against owners' will; that it was inconsistent in prohibiting the Legislature from passing bank laws unless ratified by popular vote, yet refusing to submit their own still more important work to a similar test; that it was unconstitutional in suspending the *habeas corpus* in cases of insurrection, in addition to rebellions and invasions, the only exceptions of the federal constitution, and provided for extra taxes on persons following occupations or trades, which he denounced as unrepublican, and intended as a discrimination against free labor. He read the Utah and Kansas laws to show that Utah has precisely the same authority to come into the Union with or without Slavery, and that her Legislature was elected with the same power of rightful legislation as Kansas, and that the Lecompton arguments, if correct, would authorize a State Constitution in Utah, and the consequent overthrow of the Territorial authority which is being maintained at such an enormous expense. He closed by declaring that peace could not be obtained by forcing a hated Constitution by military power upon a protesting people, but was easily secured by releasing Kansas from the grasp of her dictator, and asking her people the plain, honest question, "Do you desire Congress to ratify Lecompton?"

Mr. WRIGHT, of Tennessee, said he would vote for admission, because he believed the measure one of justice fraught with peace to Kansas, and harmony to the whole confederacy. He would relieve that Territory from the band of marauders who have grown fat on her blood, and thus gives her the power to protect herself.

Mr. SMITH, of Ill., earnestly protested against the pretence that this is an issue between Slavery and Anti-Slavery so far as the Democracy of Illinois is concerned. Slavery has nothing to do with the admission of Kansas. That State, he said, was as ready to admit her with as without Slavery. The question with them is, "Does the Lecompton Constitution express the wishes of a majority of the *bona fide* citizens of Kansas?" He believed it did not, and so believing he could not and would not vote for the admission of Kansas under it. Adjourned.

NEW-YORK LEGISLATURE.

SENATE....ALBANY, Saturday, March 20.

REPORTS.

By Mr. AMES, favorably, to amend the act compelling seamen arriving in the port of New-York to pay money to the Trustees of the Seamen's Fund and Retreat.

The bill to allow HENRY RUGGLES to build piers and bulk-heads in Brooklyn was ordered to a third reading. Also, the bill to allow the Mechanics' Bank of Williamsburg to change its name and reduce its capital stock. Also, the bill to prohibit the issue of free passes over railroads to public or municipal officers.

NOTICES.

By Mr. ELY, to repeal the law for the appointment of Commissioners of Records in New-York.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

By Mr. W. A. WHEELER, to authorize the formation of a railroad corporation in place of the Northern Railroad Company, dissolved, and that it have power to mortgage its property.

By Mr. PRATT, to incorporate the St. Mary's Canal Mineral Land Company.

BILLS PASSED.

Bill to incorporate the New-York Law College.

Bill relative to peremptory challenges on the part of the people.

THE DEAF AND DUMB INSTITUTION.

The Governor transmitted a report of the Commissioners appointed to investigate the financial condition of the Deaf and Dumb Institution in New-York. They report its indebtedness $215,000.

ASSEMBLY....ALBANY, Saturday, March 20.

Mr. BALDWIN, from the Committee on Canals reported a bill imposing one-half canal tolls on all lines of railroad competing with the canals. Made the special order on Wednesday next.

On the motion of Mr. VAN VALKENBURGH the following bills were reported favorably: To authorize the construction of certain railroads in the city of Brooklyn. To authorize railroad to place sleeping cars on night trains. For the usual appropriations to charitable societies. To incorporate the People's Loan and Relief Company of the City of New-York. To incorporate the Pneumatic Power Company. To regulate loans by Loan Commissioners. To prevent the desecration of graves by the opening of streets through graveyards. To regulate the purity of liquors.

Mr. ADAMS reported favorably the State Registry law.

Mr. CHANLER gave notice of a minority report adverse to the establishment of a railroad clearing-house in the City of New-York, and to regulate the way fare of the New-York and Erie Railroad.

NOTICES OF BILLS.

Authorizing an appeal by the State from a judgment entered in the Hosea Webster case.

By Mr. CHAUNCEY, to tax banks of the State two per cent. on their capital stock, to assist in completing the canals.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

By Mr. LYNCH, to restrict the interest charged by pawnbrokers on all loans to ten per cent. on all sums.

By Mr. BEACH, requiring the Senators and members of Assembly to reside in the district they represent at the time of election; also, to provide a tomb for the remains of the prison ship martyrs within the arsenal building in the City of Brooklyn. To provide for the fencing in of the military parade-ground out of the Brooklyn armory money. To provide for drawing inspectors and canvassers in Brooklyn from a box, the same as jurors.

By Mr. SEELEY, to regulate the business of the Harlem Gas Company.

Court-Martial Ordered to be Held on General Twiggs.

WASHINGTON, Saturday, March 20.

A Court-Martial has been ordered to assemble at Newport, Ky., on the 28th of April, for the trial of General TWIGGS, for alleged contempt of the War Department. The Court is to be composed of Gen Jesup, Gen. Smith, Gen. Churchill, Gen. Harney, Col. Mansfield, Col. Plympton, Col. Gardner, Col. R. E. Lee, Col. Fauntleroy, Col. Craig, Col. Charles Thomas, and Lieut. Col. Crittenden. Judge Advocate, Major LEE.

Virginia Legislature.

RICHMOND, Sunday, March 21.

The Legislature has passed a bill appropriating $800,000 for a loan to the Covington and Ohio Railroad. Appropriations have also passed the Assembly amounting to $1,200,000, divided between the Orange and Alexandria, Manassas Gap, Alexandria, Hampshire and London, and Norfolk and Petersburg roads. It is believed that there will be no difficulty in passing these through the Senate.

The Senate has passed an act for the incorporation of the Norfolk and St. Nazaire (France) Navigation Company.

There is a disposition on the part of the Legislature to gratify the wishes of the banks in regard to a resumption of specie payments.

The Hudson River.

ALBANY, Saturday, March 20.

The steamer *New-World*, of the People's Line, arrived here, from New-York, at 9 o'clock this morning. She encountered only floating ice on the passage. The weather is beautiful.

Fire in Taunton, Mass.

BOSTON, Saturday, March 20.

The residence of GEO. A. CROCKER, of Taunton, was destroyed by fire this morning. Loss $15,000, mostly covered by insurance.

Death of Dr. Skilton.

TROY, Sunday, March 21.

Dr. AVERY J. SKILTON, one of the oldest and most respected physicians in this city, died on Saturday afternoon, at 4 o'clock, aged 56 years. The funeral takes place on Tuesday afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

The Late Firm of Chas. H. Mills & Co.

BOSTON, Saturday, March 20.

In the Court of Insolvency to-day, claims amounting to $540,000, were proved against the late firm of CHAS. H. MILLS & CO.

Letter from General Calhoun Giving the Result of the Kansas Election.

WASHINGTON CITY, Friday, March 19, 1858.

As there has been great anxiety to learn the result of the late election for members of the State Legislature, under the Kansas Constitution now before Congress, I think it proper to state that recent information, through Governor DENVER and others, leaves no doubt that the returned vote from the Delaware Crossing Precinct, in Leavenworth County, should be rejected, and that certificates of election should be issued without reference to the vote of the precinct.

A month ago I was put in possession of a newspaper containing what purported to be the affidavits of the judges of election at that precinct, and, in a communication to the *Union*, I immediately stated that, if the facts contained in said affidavits were presented to me in an authentic and reliable form, I should be governed by them in determining the result of the election in Leavenworth County. Although I have not received any reply to my letter to Governor DENVER, yet from various sources of information I am left in no doubt as to the statements of the judges of election at that precinct; and I shall, therefore, issue the certificates of election to the persons having the highest number of votes in Leavenworth County, irrespective of the Delaware Crossing precinct. I regret to add that this decision will give the control of Kansas to the party which I view as the enemy of the peace and good order, the Constitution and laws of the Union. To the following persons, elected in the several Senatorial and Representative districts of Kansas, certificates of election will accordingly issue:

SENATE.

First District—Doniphan County—— Tennant.
Second District—Atchison County—J. L. Herrford.
Third District—Doniphan and Atchison Counties—R. S. Kelly.
Fourth District—Leavenworth County—D. Vaughn, C. Sparks, C. Chadwick.
Fifth District—Brown, Nemaha and Pottowattamie Counties—A. Johnson.
Sixth District—Riley, Marshall, Dickson and Washington Counties—Emory Hunting.
Seventh District—Jefferson and Calhoun Counties—A. C. Patrick.
Eighth District—Johnson County—A. Paine and E. S. Wilkinson.
Ninth District—Lykins, Anderson and Franklin Counties—H. H. Williams.
Tenth District—Linn County—C. A. Hamilton.
Eleventh District—Bourbon and McGee Counties—Blake Little.
Twelfth District—Douglas County—R. Morrow and W. S. Bonnifield.
Thirteenth District—Shawnee County—W. Oakley.
Fourteenth District—Dorn and Allen Counties—J. P. Cox.
Fifteenth District—Richardson, Davis and Wise Counties—H. P. Leonard.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

First District—Doniphan County—Whitehead, Boyd, Head and Wilson.
Second District—Atchison County—H. Day, A. Elliot, J. P. Wheeler and J. B. Church.
Third District—Leavenworth County—W. Kep, J. W. Morris, C. J. Park, J. H. Noteware, B. Gray, G. W. Gardiner, W. Pennach and P. R. Orr.
Fourth District—Brown and Nemaha Counties—E. N. Morrel.
Fifth District—Calhoun and Pottowattomie Counties—J. B. Parrot.
Sixth District—Jefferson County—Howens S. S. Cooper.
Seventh District—Marshall and Washington Counties—C. Lurdy.
Eighth District—Riley County—N. Berry.
Ninth District—Johnson County—W. J. Sharraff, A. A. Cox, H. W. Jones and J. B. Wiley.
Tenth District—Lykins County—C. A. Foster.
Eleventh District—Lynn County—J. E. Money and J. H. Barlow.
Twelfth District—Bourbon County—W. T. Campbell and C. Simms.
Thirteenth District—McGee, Dorn and Allen Counties—E. D. Hart.
Fourteenth District—Douglas County—E. S. Lowman, J. E. Stewart, S. T. Shore, J. Gardner and H. Wakefield.
Fifteenth District—Anderson and Franklin Counties—Perry Fuller.
Sixteenth District—Shawnee County—J. L. Dolman and R. M. Fish.
Seventeenth District—Weller and Coffee Counties—Allen Crocker.
Eighteenth District—Woodson and Wilson Counties—H. Crittenden.
Nineteenth District—Breckenridge and Richardson Counties—E. R. Swallow.
Twentieth District—Davis, Wise, Butler and Hunter Counties—E. R. McCurdy.

J. CALHOUN.

News from Havana.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMSHIP BLACK WARRIOR.

The United States Mail steamship *Black Warrior*, J. W. SMITH, Commander, from Mouth of Mississippi River 13th inst., *via* Havana, has arrived, bringing dates from the latter place to 16th inst.

Captain-General CONCHA has returned from a tour of the south side of the Island and Isle of Pines. He was well received everywhere, even in the districts that were previously most disaffected.

At Havana preparations are being made on an extensive scale to celebrate the birth of the Prince of ASTURIAS, to commence immediately after Lent. It promises to be the most magnificent affair ever witnessed in the Island. The City of Havana is to be in a blaze of illuminations, and the festivities of the occasion are the talk in every circle.

Stock of Sugar, 88,000 boxes, prices tending upward. Exchange on London, 12 ₩ cent. premium on New-York 60 days, ½ ₩ cent. discount. Freight dull, at previous rates. Health of Havana good.

Fires.

ARSON IN WEST THIRTY-SIXTH-STREET.—On Thursday night a genteel-looking man, named GUSTAVUS LUDWIG, was arrested by Officer CLOWS, of the Twentieth Precinct, on the charge of attempting to burn the house No. 180 West Thirty-sixth-street, corner of Eighth-avenue. The prisoner was conveyed before Justice KELLY, at the Second District Court, Jefferson Market, and committed to prison to await the Fire Marshal's investigation. It seems the deceased occupied apartments on the third floor of the building, which was a tenement house. On Thursday night, between 8 and 9 o'clock, the occupants of the apartments directly under LUDWIG'S room, discovered some kind of fluid leaking through the ceiling. Mr. MILLER, the landlord, was at once notified, and on looking through the key-hole of LUDWIG'S room he saw a light burning on the floor near the side of the mantelpiece. On trying the door it was found to be fastened, when, becoming alarmed, he went to the station-house and procured the aid of Officer CLOWS. The officer broke open the door, when, to their astonishment, a preparation to fire the house was discovered. Between the side of the bureau and the fire-place stood a five-gallon demijohn, the side of which was cracked. About two-thirds of the floor was saturated with the brandy which had flowed from the demijohn. Within a few inches of the demijohn was a wire mouse-trap, and in the trap hole was stuck a tallow candle which was burning, and around it were placed several pieces of paper saturated with liquor. By the side of the mouse-trap stood the broom, and on top of the demijohn was a cotton bag, also saturated with liquor. A lace curtain had been stretched from the bed to the centre of the floor, one end made fast to the bed and the other end placed in the liquor.

When this preparation was discovered, the candle had burnt down within about ONE INCH of the paper. Considerable alarm was manifested by the families in the house; some of them were inclined to administer summary punishment to LUDWIG on his return, and probably would have done so had they not been prevented by the Police. It is further shown that LUDWIG'S wife had left the house several days before, and had taken away articles of furniture, and at the time of the attempt she was living in Twenty-sixth-street. LUDWIG has an insurance of $500 on his household effects, in the Rutgers Insurance Company. The case will be investigated by Justice KELLY to-day.

ARSON IN DOWNING-STREET.—A man named DANIEL CONDON and CATHARINE, his wife, were arrested on Thursday night, charged with setting fire to a straw bed under the stoop of tenement house in the rear of No. 16½ Downing street. The fire was discovered by the neighbors, and put out with a few pails of water. Officer CURRY, of the Ninth Precinct, arrested the accused. They were taken before Justice KELLY, who committed them to prison to await the Fire Marshal's investigation. It seems that CONDON had been dispossessed by the agent two days before, and had returned to the basement on the night in question, and attempted to fire the premises out of revenge. CONDON and his wife, it is said, were both under the influence of liquor when arrested.

HREE DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE ARABIA.

Re-Election of New British Ministers.

Important Italian Conference in London.

THE REFUGEE QUESTION.

News from Australia and the Cape of Good Hope.

Further Advance in Cotton—Breadstuffs and Provisions Dull—Consols 96 5-8@96 3-4.

The royal mail steamship *Arabia*, Capt. STONE, which sailed from Liverpool about noon on the 6th of March, arrived at this port on Saturday morning.

The screw-steamship *City of Baltimore*, from New-York, arrived out at Liverpool at 3 A. M. on the 5th inst.

The members of Parliament who had accepted office under Lord DERBY were being re-elected to their seats, and generally without opposition. In their addresses to their constituents they threw but little light upon the Ministerial programme.

The Parliamentary Committee appointed to investigate the charge of bribery against Mr. ISAAC BUTT, in connection with the affairs of an Ameer of Scinde, had concluded their labors, and agreed to report to the House of Commons resolutions amounting to an acquittal.

The partisans of the Constitutional Party in Italy had been holding a conference from day to day, in London, for the purpose of bringing more prominently before the public the present position of Italy, and to endeavor to revive the agitation for a National League of a Confederation of States, subject to the direction of a central power. It was resolved to prepare an address to the various Powers of Europe, setting forth the claims of Italy to have her wants considered.

The *Daily News* says a London Committee had been formed for the purpose of organizing a constitutional opposition throughout the country, to any attempt which might be made to alter the laws in regard to conspiracy.

A "Great Exhibition" for 1861 is spoken of, and the *Daily News* is informed that a special meeting of the Council of the Society of Costs has been summoned for the final consideration of the question whether the Society shall at once announce its resolution to direct and superintend an Exhibition of 1861, or any other year, and also to define the exact character which such exhibition should assume.

The young Prince ALFRED is pursuing naval studies with a view, it is said, of passing his examination forthwith and entering the service as a naval cadet.

Heavy gales and considerable falls of snow had been experienced in England, causing much delay in the mail packet service and on the various lines of railway.

Dr. LIVINGSTONE and his companions in the African Exploring Expedition were on board the steamer *Pearl*, in the river Mersey, whence they were expected to sail for Africa on the day the *Arabia* left.

The Paris correspondent of the London *Times* is informed that Admiral RIGAULT DE GENOUILLY proposes that after the war in China is concluded, in place of sending an expedition to Cochin China, an establishment shall be formed in the kingdom of Corea, situated between China and Japan. The same authority says that the Minister of Marine has decided that the French naval squadron, stationed off the banks of Newfoundland, is to be composed this year of three steamships-of-war, in place of two, as formerly.

Letters from the French departments continue to report the arrest of a considerable number of persons. The arrests are said to be made in consequence of discoveries recently made of a conspiracy having extensive ramifications.

The *Journal des Débats* publishes an account of the capture of Canton which gives all the glory to France, and says the English had nothing to do but to occupy the positions won by the French troops.

The Bourse was dull on the 5th, and the Three per Cents declined to 69.15c.

No date had been fixed for the execution of the condemned conspirators. A rumor was current that the Empress was exerting herself in their behalf.

The Paris correspondent of the London *News* say the appeal of ORSINI, PIERRI and DE RUDIO is fixed to come on the 9th, before the Court of Cassation on Tuesday next. It is said that there are really serious points to be argued. If it should turn out that there were any fatal irregularities in the conduct of the trial the only consequences would be that the prisoners would have to be tried over again. Such a result, however, is most improbable.

The London *Advertiser* learns from "undoubted authority," that, nothwithstanding the fact of the apology of LOUIS NAPOLEON for the menaces and insolence of his colonels having been studiously kept out of the *Moniteur* and all the French papers, the thing has oozed out, and has caused the deepest indignation—if not something worse—in the army. "This circumstance," it is added, "in conjunction with the disaffection towards the Imperial Government which is so wide spread among the population of France, is prodncing very great uneasiness among the inhabitants of Paris."

A telegram from Paris, published in the London *Post*, says: "The French Government has never demanded from Switzerland the expulsion and transportation to America of a certain number of refugees. The only question was the localization of these persons in the cantons the furthest removed from the frontier."

The Bank of France returns, about to be published were expected to show a gain in specie of about £1,000,000.

It is stated that the faculties of the King of Prussia decline daily. A renewal of the powers confided to the Prince of Prussia was expected to extend to six instead of three months as hitherto.

Letters from Copenhagen report that the Ministerial crisis had terminated by the three Ministers having withdrawn their resignations, and by the Cabinet having come to an understanding on the course to be adopted by it in the dispute with the Germanic Diet.

The Hamburg correspondent of the London *Post*, writing in regard to the attitude of the United States in the matter of the State Duties on the Elbe, says that the United States Consul at Hamburg was making preliminary arrangements with a view to the abolition of the payment of the duties on the expiry of the commercial treaty with Hanover in June next.

The steamer *Hammonia*, which was to have left Hamburg for New-York on the 1st of March, was detained till the 15th on account of the ice.

It was rumored at Constantinople that the negotiations between England and Turkey, in relation to the occupation of the Isle of Perim, had closed by an acceptance of indemnity by the Ottoman Government.

A fire at Constantinople had burned 300 houses. The palace of the Governor of Adrianople had also been destroyed by fire.

A violent earthquake had laid Corinth in ruins, killing thirty persons. The shocks continued with less violence.

It is officially denied that the Ottoman Government has accepted an indemnity for the occupation of Perim by the British.

A supplement to the London *Gazette* contains dispatches from Major-General VAN STRAUBENZEE, giving details of the capture of Canton. 430 guns were found in the city, and 300,000 pounds of powder; 5,000 rockets, 2,000 blue lights, 3,000 stink pots, and six tons of bullets. 15,000 pounds of the powder were kept, and the rest destroyed.

No later news had been received from India, and no important news was expected in London before the 29th inst., when intelligence would be received from Bombay some days after the invasion of Oude by Sir COLIN CAMPBELL.

The Refugee Question in England.

RE-EXAMINATION OF M. BERNARD—EVIDENCE RESPECTING THE MANUFACTURE OF THE FULMINATING BOMBS—ALLSOP'S WHEREABOUTS, ETC.

From the London News, March 5.

The investigation into the charges against M. SIMON BERNARD, known in this country as Dr. BERNARD, of conspiring with ORSINI and other persons, now under sentence of death in France, to murder the Emperor NAPOLEON and the Empress EUGENIE [illegible] stood adjourned from Tuesday until yesterday, was resumed before Mr. Jardine at 2¼ o'clock.

Mr. Bodkin opened the case by calling

Henri Joseph Jourdain, commissioner of the Hotel de l'Europe at Brussels, who deposed as follows: I remember a gentleman who passed by the name of Allsop, staying at the hotel; I waited on him; he stayed eleven days; when he left I accompanied him to the railway station Du Midi; it was about two months or two months and a half ago; he went in a cab to the station; I sat with the driver; a young man who had waited on him at the hotel entered the vehicle.

Mr. Bodkin here misunderstood the interpreter (M. Albert,) supposing him to have said "waggon."

M. Albert repeated the word vehicle, observing that he was suffering from a bad cold.

Witness continued—The gentleman took places for himself, his horse, and attendant for Paris; I saw them start by the train at seven o'clock; I afterwards saw the gentleman in Paris, and heard him addressed by name as Orsini.

Mr. Sleigh objected to this last answer being taken.

Mr. Bodkin said that it was perhaps not strictly evidence, though it would become so in the course of the case. He would not press it. He would ask the witness if that person was pointed out to him?

Witness—He was.

Cross-examined—First heard of this matter from reading it in the papers, and then from the *Juge d'Instruction*; I was never in custody; the *Juge d'Instruction* sent me to Paris, and the ambassador sent me from Paris to London; was not a witness on the trial of Orsini; was not in London at the time.

Julien Fourranier re-called—Since I was examined, I have been shown an iron ball. (It was here produced by one of the French officers.) Of those I saw at the Café Suisse, there was some similar to that; there was no nipples on those I saw, as there are on this; but there were holes like those on which the nipples are; on the other end there was a hole, as in this, with a screw in it. They were in two parts—(the ball was now unscrewed by one of the officers)—like that. (Another ball, of a larger size, was here produced.) There were also some of that size. (It was here unscrewed.) They were separated like that; they had the small holes for nipples at one end, and one large hole at the other, with a screw in it.

Mr. Bodkin—There should be some mark set on this.

Mr. Burnabay, (Chief Clerk to the Court)—I will set the seal of the court on it.

Mr. Bodkin—On both parts, please.

The large shell was accordingly marked with the seal of the court; and Mr. Burnaby put his initials on a label attached to the smaller one.

The witness Fourranier cross-examined by Mr. Sleigh.—Could not swear that these were the same (identical) balls.

The prisoner here interrupted the interpreter to suggest a word, which the latter adopted, but the exact words not being caught by any but the interlocutors, Mr. Bodkin asked what had been said.

M. Albert—He substituted a word which amounted to the same. If he thinks I am not translating faithfully he had better wait till I have got the answer.

The prisoner here said in French that he did not complain of the truthfulness of the interpreter, but only suggested a word which was more accurate. He knew French better than the interpreter.

M. Albert was much obliged. [A laugh.]

Mr. [illegible], Managing Director of the Hotel de l'Europe at Brussels, corroborated the evidence of Jourdain. He recommended Allsop to the Hotel de Lille et d'Albion at Paris.

Susannah Minchenheim said—I am a native of Sheffield, but my husband is a Frenchman, and we now reside in the suburbs of Brussels; formerly lived at Birmingham, where my husband was a manufacturer of a sort of ball; we knew Pierri at Birmingham three years ago; in January last Pierri called on us at Brussels; my husband went out with him; I followed to the Café Suisse; Pierri gave me a parcel, about the size and weight of that produced (one of the balls, wrapped in paper, was handed to the witness); it had a hole in one end, through which I put my thumb to carry it; we dined at a restaurant near the station du Nord; Pierri went away by five o'clock, taking the parcel with him.

Jean Jacques Lacroix—I am the proprietor of the Hotel de la Monnaie, at Brussels; I know the defendant from having seen him at my house on the 26th December last in the morning; he arrived at about seven o'clock on the evening of the 25th, but I did not see him then.

George Smith, detective officer (Sergeant 28 A)—On the 2d March I went to the House of Detention, and served a notice on the defendant there; I had received it from Mr. Greenwood, solicitor to the Treasury; I told defendant it was a notice to produce at this Court a passport which he had obtained in December last, on or about the 27th; he said it was destroyed and burnt.

Cross-examined—The deputy governor was with me; prisoner did not say, "My house was searched by the officers, and if they did not find it it must have been destroyed or burnt;" nothing of the kind.

M. Lacroix re-called—I took down in my book at the time the particulars of the passport which defendant produced to me; the entry is, "Bernard, Simon, 40 years old, gentleman, born at Carcassone, residing at London. Passport given in London, Dec. 17, 1857. Arrived, 25. Left, 26."

Jean [illegible]—I am employed at the Hotel de la Monnaie, Brussels; defendant came to the hotel on the 25th December last year; he handed me a passport which I delivered to my master, M. Lacroix.

Madame [illegible] Brion—I am a widow; I keep the Hotel de France et de Champagne, Montmartre, at Paris; on the 8th of January two persons, named Pierri and Gomez, arrived there; I knew Pierri as Andreas, and Gomez as Swinney; Pierri stayed from the 8th to the 14th, and Swinney from the 8th to the 11th; when Gomez left, Silva came in his place; at first Pierri and Gomez, and afterwards Pierri and Swinney, lodged in one room; all three produced passports—the passport produced.

Mr. Sleigh was quite at a loss to see how this was evidence. There was not the slightest link to connect the defendant with all this matter.

Mr. Jardine said that there was a way in which it appeared to him that they might be connected.

Mr. Bodkin had already stated that he was not prepared to put the case in as complete a form as if all the witnesses were here together; but he would undertake to show hereafter the materiality of every word of the evidence.

Witness continued—Allsop called nearly every day to see them; at first Pierri and Gomez, and afterwards Pierri and Silva, took their meals together; Allsop took coffee with them; I remember the day of the attack on the Emperor; Allsop called between eleven and twelve o'clock on that day; Pierri and Silva were in; he joined them in the same room; the man Zeguera came soon after, from Brussels; he remained for a short time, and they went out one after another, but I cannot say in what order; at five o'clock three of them returned—Pierri, Orsini and Silva; by Orsini I mean the person I knew as Allsop; they went up into their bedroom, which was No. 50, where they remained for not a long time; they then went out, all three at the same time; Gomez came in after they went out and asked for them; he went up stairs and came down directly; he asked for his bill; whilst he was waiting for it the police came in; he showed them a passport; they then went away; they returned in the middle of the night; Da Silva was then in his room; they brought him down in custody; they also brought a dagger, a revolver and two boxes; when I was examined I saw a poniard like the one I saw when Silva was taken.

The witness, Madame Minchenheim, who, after giving her evidence, left the Court in a state of great excitement, immediately on reaching the outer room went into a fainting fit.

James Davies Parker, No. 1 Red Lion-court, Watling-street, assistant to Messrs. Herrings, No. 40 Aldersgate-street, wholesale druggists—I know the prisoner, who came on two occasions to Messrs. Herrings to make purchases?

Mr. Sleigh—Are the entries in your handwriting?

Witness—They are not; but they were made by a junior clerk, in my presence and under my superintendence; he first came on the 4th of November, 1857, and purchased eight pounds of absolute alcohol and ten pounds of pure nitric acid, which he took away with him; on the 15th he came again, and purchased nine pounds of absolute alcohol, ten pounds of pure nitric acid, and one pound of quicksilver; from my knowledge of chemistry, I know that these are the materials used in the manufacture of fulminating-powder.

Prisoner—Donnez moi une plume—je vous interroger ce témoin. (Give me a pen; I will cross-examine this witness.)

Mr. Sleigh—They can be employed for fifty different purposes?

Witness—Yes, separately.

Prisoner here handed a note to his counsel, on which Mr. Sleigh asked if absolute alcohol was not employed in the making of collodion?

Witness—Yes; I had no conversation with him about photographs. He asked no questions about photography.

Mr. Bodkin—I will call several eminent practical chemists.

Cross-examination continued—I knew the accused before; the purchases were made in the evening, at about half-past six; he gave his name Simon Bernard; a foreigner of dark complexion, an Italian, I think, who spoke French better than he, was with him on both occasions. (The witness had produced as an authority a scientific work, Fonn's "Chemistry," but it was not referred to.)

Durand Remise, Inspector of Police at Paris—I apprehended De Silva, alias Rudio, in room No. 50, on second floor, at Madame Brion, Hotel de France et Champagne, Montmartre; there were two beds in the room; near one bed was the poniard and five-chambered revolver now produced; Rudio showed me the passport produced; he had on him 270 francs in gold (French) in a porte monnaie; I can't positively identify the revolver; it was like this one; I am sure of the poniard; it is quite new; I also found two boxes, which I produce (producing them;) these are they; they were locked.

Mr. Bodkin—Open them.

Witness opened them. One was marked Hollis & Sheathe, makers to her Majesty's Ordnance, London. The other had no maker's name.

Witness continued—I took Rudio to the Prefecture; I was not examined as a witness; I was in Paris at the trial of Orsini; I have seen Rudio twice since—once at the Conciergerie, and once (last Friday) at La Roquette, another prison, to which he had been removed after his conviction.

Mr. Bodkin said that, as on the next examination they should have, according to his worship's suggestion, a long day, he hoped to be able to bring the case to a conclusion on that day. The most convenient day would be Thursday next.

Mr. Jardine suggested that the case might be taken at half-past ten o'clock, and he would be prepared to sit till five or six o'clock.

Mr. Sleigh hoped the time had arrived when to renew the application that the defendant should be admitted to bail would not be considered premature; but if the magistrate was still in the same mind, he (Mr. Sleigh) should not press it.

Mr. Jardine was quite of the same mind. He had additional reasons, which he would rather not state.

Mr. Sleigh should, in that case, with all respect to the magistrate's decision, repeat to morrow his application to one of the Queen's Judges in chambers.

Mr. Bodkin would attend to oppose.

The case was then adjourned for a week.

Confederation of the Italian States.

IMPORTANT CONFERENCE OF ITALIAN DELEGATES IN LONDON.

From the London Times, March 4.

For some time past it has been the intention of the partizans of the Constitutional Party in Italy to hold a conference, to consult on the best means of bringing more prominently before the public the present position of Italy, and to endeavor to revive the agitation for a National League of a Confederation of States, subject to the direction of a central Power. The projectors of the conference intended to have held their first meeting in Turin, but owing to the late attempt made on the life of the Emperor Napoleon, and the stringent measures adopted by different Powers to guard against any future acts of a similar nature being concocted by the refugees residing in their several dominions, it was thought best a meeting should take place at once in London, where measures could be concerted with some of the refugees on the best means of stopping the retrograde movement now going on throughout Europe. The first meeting was held last Monday evening in Newman-street, and was composed, with the exception of a single refugee, of delegates from various parts of Italy, including Milan, Venice, Turin, Genoa, Padua, Brescia, Parma, and Rome. On the motion Signor Corradi the chair was taken by H. F. V. Borromeo. Numerous letters were then read from dignitaries of the Catholic Church, noblemen, etc., expressing their desire of aiding by their utmost efforts any movement which would be conducted on the plan of moral agitation, having for its end to induce the various sovereigns of the States of Italy to adopt their principles of constitutional government, and give their adhesion to an amalgamation of a central Power.

The Chairman then proceeded to address the meeting in a speech of considerable length. He had to deplore much the necessity of such a meeting being held in London, at so much inconvenience to gentlemen present; but he considered at such a crisis as the present one, when the Italian cause of independence was in danger of losing some of its warmest partisans by the schemes of men who he denied emphatically represented the genius of modern Italian liberty, no sacrifice could be too great on the part of those present which would tend in the slightest way to remove from their cause the stigma of its being the friend to assassination. He did not stand there as the friend or defender of the Emperor Napoleon, nor as the advocate of absolute despotism; but he thought he had but reëchoed the sentiments of every gentleman present when he denounced the attempted assassination of the Emperor as an act unworthy of any one who called himself a patriot of Italy. [Cheers.] The very conception of such a thought, much more the act, when publicly made known, did more to injure the cause of freedom than ever it could do good, and moreover placed in antagonism to their cause the virtuous and good of every clime and nation. He earnestly trusted they would not separate that evening, however important might be the other matters they had to discuss, without placing on record their solemn conviction of their hatred of such an act. Throughout England it had excited just indignation and was the cause of an Alien bill being introduced into the British House of Parliament. So far as he could judge from the tenor of the bill, it would tend not merely to injure the guilty, but also the innocent, and force many an exile, whose last thought would be to lift up his hand to strike an unprepared foe, to quit this hospitable shore, and once more to wander forth in the wide world homeless and shelterless. If such a bill did pass the British House of Parliament, on whom should fall the blame of thus driving away those exiles who had sought refuge on England's shores, if not on those mad and insensate men who at first had justified the crime of assassination? Thus, these seeming patriots, these would-be assassins, were ever the first to stand between Italy and her regeneration. [Cheers.] He trusted the gentlemen present would, therefore, for this evening waive every other matter of discussion, and place, he would reiterate, on record their solemn conviction of their detestation of all such acts of deliberate assassination.

Signor Dandola had listened to the eloquent speech of the Chairman with unfeigned pleasure, and could indorse every sentiment he had uttered. If his unfortunate country had no other resource but the stiletto, rather than use it, and leave his children the name of being the offspring of an assassin, he would leave it for ever buried in its case rather than draw it forth to cast a fresh infamy on his country's cause. He would therefore submit to the gentlemen present the following resolution:

"That we, the delegates of the National Constitutional League of Italy, have viewed with deep sorrow the late attempts made on the life of the Emperor Napoleon by several of our countrymen, and while deploring the injury such designs must have in bringing into disrepute the efforts unceasingly made by our friends to advance the interests of our country, we desire at the same time to utterly repudiate the idea of giving countenance to acts which, far from exciting our sympathy, call forth our strongest indignation."

The resolution was received with cheers, and being seconded, was carried unanimously. The meeting was then adjourned to Tuesday.

The meeting which was adjourned to 4½ o'clock, met at the hour appointed, and, at the request of the Chairman, it was thought better to postpone the more important matters for discussion till this day, in order to enable some other delegates who had not as yet arrived in London time to join and take part in the proceedings. Several irrelevant matters were then discussed, after which

Il Cavaliere Castine proceeded to address the meeting, stating he had a resolution of some importance to submit to the delegates assembled. His doing so would not in the slightest way interfere with the President's request, as his resolution bore on the subject that had been discussed the day before. From what he had hitherto been able to judge, he found that wherever he went, and especially in England—for this was his second journey here—wrong views were entertained respecting the principles of the Italian National Party. This was easily, he found, to be accounted for, by designing parties thrusting themselves forth to the public as the exponents of Italian national principles. One sole fact he would wish to deal with to controvert the fact of Italy being essentially republican and communistic in its doctrines, which was that, in the ever-memorable revolution of 1848, when the partisans of democracy were active on every side—when votes could be freely and openly recorded, without danger or coërcion—where one man voted for a Republican Government in Lombardy, a hundred recorded their votes in favor of Constitutional Government headed by a King. He wished such a fact was well known, and then the theories of vain and ambitious men, who had no stake in Italy, would not be accepted as the principles of his country's nationality. He begged to submit the following resolution to the approval of the meeting:

"That we, the delegates of the National League, and exponents of Italian nationality, do, before we break up our meeting, take proper steps to lay before the public generally a proper exposition of our views and wishes, and thus, by so doing, make manifest the moderation and justice of our principles."

After considerable discussion the resolution was carried, and the meeting was then adjourned to this day, when matters of considerable importance, it is expected, will be discussed.

Revolutionary Movement in Genoa—Arms Supplied from the United States.

A letter from Turin, in the Paris *Constitutionnel* has the following:

It appears certain that a *coup de main* was to have taken place at Genoa on the 22d. The plot had a republican object, although it cannot be yet positively affirmed that Mazzini had any hand in it. The movement was to commence by a revolt in the naval arsenal, which is at the same time the principal bagne of the State. The moment the Government heard of the affair, the *Mozambano* vessel of war was ordered to place herself in such a position as to bring her guns to bear on the arsenal. At the same time, M. Conti, the Intendant-General of the province of Genoa, gave very energetic orders to the police, and numerous arrests took place. The investigations which have been made show that the greater number of the persons compromised are emigrants, principally Neapolitans. The arms and subsidies have come from the United States of America. On the 22d, a vessel under the American flag entered Genoa, and, on a search being made, a quantity of arms was found on board. It is also stated that a mine has been discovered under the artillery quarter, which commands the city. Considerable agitation prevails. Numerous nocturnal aggressions take place, and from the arrests which have been made it appears that the offenders are not ordinary thieves, but conspirators.

Orsini's Letter to the Emperor Napoleon.

To Napoleon III., Emperor of the French:

The depositions which I have made against myself, in the course of the political proceedings which have been instituted on the occasion of the attempt of the 14th January, are sufficient to send me to the scaffold, and I shall submit to my fate without asking for pardon, both because I will not humiliate myself before him who has destroyed the reviving liberty of my unhappy country, and because in the situation in which I am now placed, death for me will be a relief.

Being near the close of my career, I wish, however, to make a last effort to assist Italy, whose independence has hitherto made me pass through so many perils and submit to so many sacrifices. She was the constant object of all my affections, and it is that idea which I wish to set forth in the words which I address to your Majesty.

In order to maintain the balance of power in Europe, it is necessary to render Italy independent, or to loosen the chains by which Austria holds her in bondage. Shall I ask that for her deliverance the blood of Frenchmen shall be shed for the Italians? No, I do not go so far as that. Italy demands that France shall not interfere against her, and that France shall not allow Germany to support Austria in the struggles in which she may perhaps be soon engaged. This is precisely what your Majesty may do, if you are so inclined. On your will, therefore, depends the welfare or the misfortune of my country, the life or death of a nation to which Europe is in a great measure indebted for her civilization.

Such is the prayer which from my cell I dare to address to your Majesty, not despairing but that my feeble voice may be heard. I beseech your Majesty to restore to Italy the independence which her children lost in 1848 through the very fault of the French. Let your Majesty call to mind that the Italians, among whom was my father, joyfully shed their blood for Napoleon the Great, wherever he pleased to lead them; that they were faithful to him until his fall; and that, so long as Italy shall not be independent, the tranquility of Europe and that of your Majesty will only be vain illusions.

May your Majesty not reject the last prayer of a patriot on the steps of the scaffold! May you deliver my country, and the blessings of 25,000,000 of citizens will follow you to posterity.

Prison of Mazas, Feb. 11, 1858.

FELICE ORSINI.

Ourselves as Others See Us.

From the Manchester (Eng.) Guardian.

Let us venture on the venial fault of rejoicing that we are not in all respects like model Republicans. We have just had an exciting struggle in the English House of Commons, involving a complete transfer of political power, and stimulating ancient grudges and recent piques into extraordinary vitality. Suppose that an episode of the party contest on the Conspiracy to Murder Bill had been described in the following manner: About 4 in the morning Mr. Disraeli crossed the House to speak with Lord John Russell, and something occurred during his stay which induced him to object to the address of a Ministerial speaker on a point of order. Upon this Mr. M. T. Baines called out, "Why don't you go over to your own side, hang you, if you want to object? What business have you on this side anyhow?" Mr. Disraeli retorted that the floor was free, and was returning to his seat when the "gentleman from Leeds" met him, and asked, in a ruffianly tone, what he meant by that answer, adding, "I'll show you, you c—d Conservative puppy." The representative of Buckinghamshire answered, "You may think what you like, but let me tell you no beggarly lawyer shall come here to bully me as he does his witnesses." "We'll see about that," said Baines, and seized him by the throat. A short and uneventful round was terminated by the interference of friends; but presently Mr. Baines rushed at Disraeli again, and seized him a second time, when he received from the successor of John Hampden a well-planted blow under the left ear, which fairly sprawled him on the floor. A dozen Ministerialists ran towards the combatants, some, doubtless, to keep the peace, others to have a hand in the fight. Grey, of Morpeth, Williams, of Kars, Wilson, of the Treasury, and the Ellices, father and son, were prominent in the scrimmage. The anti-Ministerial men sprang in a body to the rescue. Foremost came Mr. Bright, of Birmingham, a very athletic, compact man, who bounded into the centre of the excited group, striking right and left with tremendous vigor. Pakington, of Droitwich, and Samuel Warren, of the northern bar, were equally ready for action. Roebuck kicked wildly at the shins of the veteran Premier; and Akroyd, of Huddersfield, appeared to have lost his head in the confusion, and taken the wrong side by mistake. For a moment or two it seemed as though we were to have a Kilkenny fight on a magnificent scale. Turner, of Manchester, had hold of Disraeli, when Bright struck him a severe blow, supposing he was hurting that gentleman. Turner supposing it was Graham who struck him, dropped Disraeli and struck out at the baronet from Carlisle. The Lennoxes (Henry and Alexander) found themselves rather too closely engaged with Alfred Paget, of Lichfield, and his brother Clarence, of Sandwich. General Thompson caught up a heavy stoneware spittoon, with which to brain any one who might seem to deserve it, but, fortunately, did not get far enough into the crowd to find a fitting object for his vengeance. The Speaker yelled and rapped in vain, and the sergeant-at-arms marched to the scene of action, mace in hand, with no greater effect. The *mêlée* was not quelled until Fox, of Oldham, clutching the hair of Mr. ——, apparently for the purpose of drawing him into chancery and pommelling him to greater satisfaction, found that the luxuriant wig of his antagonist came off in his left hand, while his right fist expended itself with tremendous force against the unresisting air. The laughter excited by this incident terminated the battle. Change but the names, the fable's true. Everything that we have here set down from an imagination which may seem to have been indulged in the wildest extravagance, is related to have actually happened in the House of Representatives, at Washington, on the night of the 5th of February. The subject of discussion was the Constitution that is to be given to the new State of Kansas; in other words, the policy of the Union in regard to the great question of the extension of slavery. The hostile parties, whose mutual relation we have compared to Ministerialists and the Opposition in the late division, are those which respectively designate themselves Democratic and Republican.

A Foreign View of the New-York Democracy

From the Manchester (Eng.) Guardian.

In New-York, where Slavery does not exist, anarchy and confusion are the consequences simply of the introduction of the most unrestrained power of self-government among a people utterly incapable of a wise use of that power. It is manifest that Democracy can healthfully and beneficially exist only where the whole people is possessed of a high degree of moral and intellectual education. If America were left to the native Americans, these requisites would perhaps be, ere long, found in almost all ranks, and then Democratic institutions might work with some chance of success. But in a country exposed to a perpetual influx of strangers belonging to the lowest classes of the countries they have quitted—of ignorant peasants from Ireland, and political fanatics from the Continent of Europe—it is impossible that a Government under which all inhabitants have an equal share of power should be found good or efficient. The democratic experiment is at best a very doubtful one. We should be loath to see it tried in England; but its chance of success would be greater here than almost anywhere, except, perhaps, in Switzerland and among other populations of peasant proprietors. In America we must say that it appears to have failed lamentably; at the same time that we admit it to have been there tried under the most unfavorable circumstances. Of Washington it might be said that democratic principles are there overruled by a slave-owning aristocracy. But the same cannot be said of New-York; and Democracy in New York has failed not less utterly and miserably than at Washington.

Lord Stanley on the Future Greatness of America and Russia.

Lord Stanley, the new British Secretary for the Colonies, delivered at Lynn, on the occasion of his reëlection, a long speech, in the course of which he said:

"In every age that old question of the "balance of power" assumes a new form. That question no longer concerns Western Europe alone. Two empires are springing up in the East and in the West; they are already of first-rate magnitude, and both of them are increasing—not mainly or necessarily by aggression upon others, but simply by natural means—at a rate of progress which far exceeds that of ourselves. Looking merely at the matter of population, it is impossible not to see that, unless some unforeseen events take place, America and Russia will 100 years hence, perhaps even 50 years hence, be numerically the most powerful empires upon the globe. I say numerically, and of course in that reckoning I do not include India, because it can hardly be considered an element of strength in respect of population. Now, of both these great empires I speak with no feeling of jealousy; I speak of them both with respect; of one I speak with sincere admiration and sympathy, but still, as society is constituted, it must happen that independent nations will have different interests. A position of inferiority is never satisfactory, and it is not always even safe. What I say, therefore, is, that if Western Europe—at this moment the very focus and centre of civilization throughout the world—is to hold its own—is to hold in another generation the place which it occupies in the present, it must be by a cordial and friendly union among its leading Powers. [Hear, hear.]

Mr. Bright, M. P., on the defeat of the late Palmerston Administration.

Mr. Bright has addressed the following letter to Mr. Joseph Cowen, Jr., of Newcastle upon-Tyne, in acknowledgment of a vote of thanks passed by a public meeting in that town:

House of Commons, March 1, 1858.

Dear Sir: I have received with much pleasure the announcement contained in your letter of the 27th ult., that a vote of thanks had been passed to Mr. Gibson and myself, for the part we have taken in opposing the "Conspiracy Bill," by a large and enthusiastic public meeting of the inhabitants of Newcastle. I am greatly obliged to your townsmen for their kindness to me.

I must say, however, that I took no part in the recent debate. I seconded the resolution proposed by my friend Mr. Gibson, and entirely approved of it, and rejoice at the result which has followed. I congratulate you and the country on the downfall of the very worst Ministry that I have known. The Ministry which has succeeded to it may be deemed a transition Ministry, to be followed, I trust, by one more entitled to the confidence of the great Liberal party in the country, a party which includes a vast majority of the nation.

I beg to thank you for the kind expressions towards myself, which are contained in your letter. I am yours, respectfully,

JOHN BRIGHT.

Joseph Cowen, Esq.

General Changarnier's Reported Return to France.

From the Independance Belge.

Malines, March 1, 1858.

Mr. Editor: I have just read, in the second edition of your journal, the following telegraphic dispatch:

"*The Moniteur* announces that Generals Changarnier and Bedeau are authorized to return to France."

In the midst of peace, France, so justly proud of the glory of her incomparable army, which I have so many reasons to love, does not require the services of one of her most devoted soldiers. She will approve of his waiting to enjoy the ineffable happiness of seeing her again until she is in possession of laws protective of her dignity and of the security of her inhabitants. I beg you to insert this letter in an early number, and to receive, &c.

CHANGARNIER.

Performance of the American Horse-Tamer in Paris.

From Galignani's Messenger.

The commission nominated by the Emperor, consisting of General Fleury, Mr. Mackenzie Grieves, and other gentlemen acquainted with the nature of the horse, to examine into Mr. Rarey's mode of proceeding has terminated its investigation. In order to put the system to a rigorous test, it caused to be purchased at Caen a four-year-old horse by *Tipple Cider*, noted for its violence, and for kicking furiously whenever an attempt was made to put a crupper on it. In the space of four days this horse was as docile with the saddle and in harness as could be desired, and he allowed a whip to be cracked about his head, and a drum to be beaten on his back, without any manifestations of fear. We are informed that the results of the various experiments, and especially of the one in question, are considered by the commission perfectly satisfactory, and that in consequence their report to the Emperor will be very favorable to Mr. Rarey. A new experiment was made yesterday (Tuesday) on a stallion belonging to the Haras du Cluny, the property of Government, and which was so untameable, so vicious, so furious, in fact, that a resolution had been adopted to kill it. The animal was lent for the purpose by M. de Baylen, Chef de la division des Haras in the Ministry of Agriculture and Commerce, and as many as 300 members of the Jockey and other clubs assembled to see what Mr. Rarey could do with him. In company with this horse, which arrived with a cavess on, and muzzled, and led by two men, Mr. Rarey fastened himself up in a stall, and in an hour after he came out, mounted on its back. Although the horse had always previously bitten the legs of every one who mounted him, he was then perfectly quiet; and, though the very sight of a whip was accustomed to put him in a fury, he received a correction as quietly as the best broken-in horse would have done. The members of the Jockey Club were astonished at what they witnessed, and broke out into loud acclamations of admiration; after which they gathered round Mr. Rarey to compliment him. M. de Baylen, for his part, warmly expressed his surprise and pleasure, and, at his request, Mr. Mackenzie Grieves gave the spectators an account of the character of the horse. Mr. Rarey then requested to be allowed to keep the horse for three days, promising at the conclusion of that time to give him up as quiet as a lady's horse, and his application was granted.

Paris Fashions for March.

From Le Follet.

For ball dresses, very light materials are most in favor, such as *tulle*, and *tarlatane*. Satins, *moire antique*, and velvet are more suitable for concerts, dinners, or walking dress. *Tulle* dresses are now frequently embroidered in gold and silver, and trimmed with a ball fringe of steel, gilt or white silk, which has a very pretty effect on double or triple skirts.

In full dress, sleeves are worn very much. If the dress is of gauze or *tulle*, they are *bouillonnées*, if of velvet or any other thick material, they are made in two parts; as, a *bouillon of tulle*, with a jockey over it, to match the dress. Sometimes the *berthe* is of lace, and falls over the sleeve, entirely covering it. With drapery bodies, no *berthe* is worn.

Notwithstanding the continual changes in fashion, the plaiting *à la veille* is always *en vogue* in some part or other of the *toilette*. If it is no longer worn on the *robe*, we find it on the bonnet; then again we find it on the dress the sleeves, the *fichus*, the *mantelets* of all kinds, and just now we find it everywhere. It is used to trim the skirts.

The *burnous* is still worn, and also long *basquines* of silk, and velvet shawls, trimmed with lace and jet; but the greatest novelty is a large plain velvet mantle, very long behind, and terminating in front in two points, with tassels. The hood is very narrow and long, and ornamented with three graduated tassels. Dresses are made very long behind, almost forming a train; and short enough to show the feet. The bodies of many dresses are made without *basques*, having rounded points both before and behind. Even these are separate from the skirt. Very little trimming is used on the sleeves of walking dresses. They are made very wide—sometimes cut up on the under side—and are frequently lined with white silk.

Bonnets are worn closer at the sides and less sloping behind than they were at the beginning of the season, and there is not much novelty yet in style and material.

For *coiffures de bal*, the wreaths are principally in the form of a diadem, which is found to be more generally becoming than any other style of wreath. *Cache-peignes* are, however, still worn (as some styles of hair will not admit of a wreath); and in this style we have seen one both novel and elegant. It was made with a bow of Malines lace, fastened with three gold stars in a long *barbe* of the same lace, spotted with small gold stars, and ending in a fringe of red and gold. This is fastened to the hair with two pins in the form of stars. Among the most charming wreaths, was one of water lilies; another of geraniums and gold wheat ears; and a third of white grapes mixed with diamond stars. Nor must we forget to mention one formed with bunches of white lilac mixed with rock coral. Feathers are also worn for evening *coiffures*; but flowers, or *résilles* of gold, coral or pearls are more in favor.

News from Australia.

GOLD SHIPMENTS TO ENGLAND — COMMERCIAL FAILURES—PARLIAMENTARY NEWS.

The intelligence from Sydney is to the 13th of January, and from Melbourne to the 16th.

Ships bearing upwards of 120,000 ounces of gold had sailed for England during the latter part of December and the commencement of January.

The total shipments of gold for the year 1857 amounted to 2,757,047 ounces.

The harvest was progressing favorably, and promised to be most abundant.

Large stocks of imports continued to depress the Melbourne market.

Exchange on England was at par.

The Banks had raised their rates of discount on an average 1 per cent.

Wool was dull and tending downward.

Nicholas Riordan had failed for £200,000, with assets of £133,000.

Dennistoun & Co., of Melbourne, would be able to meet all demands.

Tallow had declined £1@£2 per ton.

The Parliament of New South Wales was dissolved on 19th of December, and preparations for a new election were in progress.

An Education bill had been read a second time in the Assembly of Victoria by a vote of 33 to 11. One of its provisions renders the instruction of children compulsory.

News from the Cape of Good Hope.

KAFFIR PLOT FOR THE EXPULSION OF EUROPEANS—TRIAL, CONVICTION AND SENTENCE OF THE LEADERS.

Our advices from Cape Town are to Jan. 16. We take the following from the Grahamstown *Journal* of Jan. 5:

"The documents just published in the *Gazette* with reference to the trial of Macomo and others, show that the Kaffir chiefs had formed a plot for the invasion of the frontier districts and the expulsion of the Europeans therefrom; and that their intention in causing the Kaffirs to destroy their cattle was, that being left without any means of support, the Kaffirs would be driven to such an extensive course of degradation that war would be the inevitable result.

In the judgments passed on the prisoners, Sir George Grey, after stating that they had been found guilty of crimes punishable with death, adds: "But, as the excitement in British Kaffraria has now almost subsided, and there does not appear to be the same necessity for prompt and severe example, as would have been required if the Government could have brought home the crime to its real authors at the time; and as no capital sentence has yet been carried into execution upon any native prisoner in Kaffraria during the whole of the recent disturbances, and it is desirable, if possible, that these should now be suffered to close without even one person having been executed for any part he may have taken in them, and this especially after the calamities that have recently fallen upon the Kaffir nation, which, although brought on by their own acts, have yet been so heavy and terrible, that it is impossible to contemplate them without pity and concern—the High Commissioner directs that this sentence shall, in the case of each of the prisoners, be commuted to imprisonment for twenty years with hard labor, from the 19th day of November, 1857, being the date of their conviction.—G. Grey, High Commissioner."

With regard to Macomo, the part of the sentence which condemns him to hard labor will not be enforced, in consideration of his age and unfitness for such employment.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

London Markets.

Per Arabia.] London, Friday March 5—5 P. M.

The Colonial and Foreign Produce Markets are steady, but without much activity. Owing to a continuance of easterly winds, arrivals are very small. Money is abundant at 2¾@3 ₱ cent. Consols close at 96⅝@96¾ for money, 96⅝@96¾ for account. Bar Silver 5s. 1¾d. Mexican Dollars 5s. 0¾d., nominal. Doubloons—South American 74s. 9d.; Spanish 76s. 3d. American Eagles 76s. 3½d.

Corn—The market is quiet, without change in prices. Last week's average quotation for English Wheat was 45s. on 92,431 qrs. returned. We quote White American Wheat 45s @48s., and Red 42s.@45. ₱ qr. American Flour 20s.@24s. ₱ bbl. Cocoa—Good qualities in demand.

Copper—The price of manufactured has this day been reduced 1d. ₱ ℔. We quote Tough Cake and Tile £117. Best Selected £120. Yellow Metal Sheathing 13d. ₱ ℔.

Cotton—Sales for the week 5,000 bales, at full prices. At Liverpool the sales amount to 35,700 bales only, owing to the short supply; Middling Orleans quoted 7⅞d. ₱ ℔.

Cochineal—118 bags Honduras chiefly taken in at firm prices: Ordinary pasty to good bold Silvers 3s. 1d @4s. 1d., Ordinary and Middling small blacks 3s. 10d.@4s. 1d. and good 4s. 8s.@5s. 1d. ₱ ℔.

Coffee—Good qualities in demand, at 1s. advance; inferior sorts dull; 470 casks, 82 barrels and 498 bags Plantation Ceylon, at auction, sold at 60s 6d.@64s. 6d. for fine ordinary small to low middling, 66s.@72s. 6d. for middling to good middling, 40s.@58s. for triage, 66s.@74s. for peaberry; 105 bags Native Ceylon were bought in at 56s. for good clean quality, and 1,000 bags unclean at 40s; 158 cases Naicoobatum were also bought in at 85s.6d.@92s. for good middling to fine grey; 1,230 packages Mocha were nearly all bought in, the portion sold showing a decline of 3s. on previous prices, viz., 76s.@78s. for middling brown to good yellow, and 80s for yellow clean garbled; long berry withdrawn, at 110s.

Drugs, &c.—750 bags Turmeric partly sold; ordinary Bengal, 16s. 6d.@17s.; Madras, 15s. Gum Arabic—179 chests sold at very full prices. Gum Anima—56 chests sold; middling bold amber, £9 10s.@£9 12s 6d. Shellac—69 chests sold, middling livery garnet, 56s.; block, 48s.@49s. 6d. Safflower—12 bags ordinary Bombay sold at 65s.@67s. 6d. ₱ cwt. Castor Oil—Good fine and pale, 6½d.@7d.; fine, 5½d.; and yellow, 4½d.@5d. ₱ ℔.

Hemp—Russian steady; 150 tons St. Petersburg clean sold at £30. Manila 30s.@40s. lower for common sorts; 2,525 bales partly sold, middling to fine white, £39 12s. 6d.@£52; middling to fair current, £22 15s.@£24; good middling and good, £26 10s.@£29 ₱ ton.

Jute—1,600 bales in public sale were disposed of, prices irregular, but generally 10s.@15s. ₱ ton lower for middling and good kinds, which went from £14@£16 15s; fine and superior, £18@£19 5s.; common to good common, £12 17s 6d.@£13 10s.

Spelter—Quiet, at £27@£27 5s.

Iron—Welsh is firm at £6 5s.@£6 10s. for rails and bars, free on board in Wales. Scotch Pig firm, at 59s. 6p. for mixed numbers on the Clyde.

Lead—Firm, at £23 10s. for common Pig.

Linseed—Arrivals, 1,600 qrs. from the Indies. The market is firm, and about 1s. higher: Bombay commands 54s; Calcutta of good quality, 52s.; fine Odessa 52s.; and Taganrog sold at 49s.@49s. 6d., landed out of condition.

Linseed Cakes—In steady demand. Best New-York, in bags, £10 2s. 6d.@£10 5s; and in barrels, £10 10s.

Oils—Sperm quiet, at £80; Pale Seal, £39; Southern, £38 10s@£39; Cod, £31. Olive—Gallipoli is held at £50; for Malaga and Seville £47 has been paid, and £43 for Mogadore. Linseed firm at 29s. on the spot. Rape is steady at 44s. for Foreign Refined, and 40s. for Brown. Cocoa-Nut, 42s.@42s. 6d. for Cochin, and 40s.@40s. 6d. for Ceylon.

Molasses—A large business has been done, principally in good sorts; upwards of 2,100 casks sold at 17s. for Porto Rico, 15s. for fair to 16s. for fine Cuba Muscovado, and 15s. for Clayed; 16s. 6d. for St. Kitts; 17s. for Antigua, and 18s. for Barbadoes.

Rum—Dull; about 150 puncheons Demerara have been taken at 2s 3d. for good.

Rice—In more demand, at 3d @6d. advance. The sales of the week comprise 12,000 bags Bengal, at 8s @ 9s. for low middling to good middling White, and 9s 6d. for good bold White; 7,500 bags Ballam and Moonghy, at 7s. 4½d.@7s. 9d; 3,000 bags Madras, at 7s. 6d. for low pinky; and 8s. 4½d for Coringa; of 6,064 bags Rangoon the bulk was withdrawn, and a small portion peeled realised 8s. 9d. There is some inquiry for floating cargoes.

Saltpetre has improved 2s.@3s., but closes quiet. The sales reach about 3,000 bags Bengal, at 30s. 3d. for 17¾ ₱ cent.; 33s. for 12½ to 11 ₱ cent.; 34s. 6d @ 35s. for 8 to 7¾ ₱ cent.; 36s. for 7½ to 6¾ ₱ cent.; 37s.@38s. for 5½d.@4½d. ₱ cent., and 38s. 6d @39s. 6d for 3¾ to 2½ ₱ cent. 382 bags Madras sold at 29s. @29s 6d for 29 ₱ cent. refraction.

Sugar continues in steady demand, at fully former prices. Of British West India the sales amount to 1,830 hhds. and 35,000 bags Mauritius and East India at auction during the week nearly all found buyers. Foreign—437 hhds. 35 tcs. Cuba Muscovado sold at 36s @ 40s for low brown to low mid. gray, and 39s.@43s. for low mid. to pale gray. 7,489 bags China, of date description, all sold at 29s.@31s. 6d. for brown and gray. 274 bags Siam and 2,811 bags unclayed Manilla withdrawn above the value. 816 boxes clayed Cuba sold at 40s. 6d.@42s. for mid. to good brown, and 42s 6d.@45s. 6d. for low yellow to good mid. gray. Privately, the transactions comprise 173 cases 320 bags white Maroim at 47s; 1,200 boxes Havana No. 7½ to 9 at 37s.@40s. 6d.; and No. 10½ at 43s.; 2,000 bags low date China at 29s.; 1,200 bags low brown Muscovado Siam at 31s. 6d.; also, two floating cargoes Havana both insured f. p. a. and for ports in the Mediterranean—1,500 boxes No. 12½ at 31s 6d., and 2,000 boxes, No. 12½ at 31s. 6d.; a cargo of 8,000 bags Mauritius, (No. 10½,) fully insured, at 28s. for Bristol; and 4,000 bags Pernams at 25s. 6d., f. p. a., for Trieste. At the Dutch Trading Company's sale held yesterday, of 53,000 baskets Java the whole sold at fl. 1 to 1½ above the valuations.

Tallow—Has advanced to 54s. for St. Petersburg Y. C., on spot, 53s. for June, and 51s. 9d.@52s. for last 3 months.

The Tea market continues extremely dull. We quote common Congou 1s. ½d. ₱ ℔.

Turpentine—Rough—500 bbls, to arrive, have been sold at 10s. 6d. Spirits dull, and 2s @3s. lower.

Tin—English is quiet without change in prices. Foreign dull; Straits 120s.; Banca 122s.

American Securities—Remain in limited demand, at about former prices. Illinois Central Railroad Shares lower, and difficult of sale.

BARING BROTHERS & CO.

Liverpool Markets.

Liverpool, Saturday, March 6.

Cotton—The *Brokers' Circular* reports a moderate inquiry throughout the week, the want of imports causing a further advance of ⅛d. ₱ ℔. in the middling and useful qualities of American, which are very scarce. Sales of the week 35,750 bales, of which speculators took about 4,300 and exporters 1,800 bales. On Friday there was more disposition to sell, and prices were barely supported. The business was 5,000 bales, including 500 on speculation and for export. The quotations are:

Fair Orleans	8⅛d.	Mid. Mobiles	7¾d.
Middling Orleans	7⅞d.	Fair Uplands	7 15-16d.
Fair Mobiles	8d.	Mid. Uplands	7 11-16d.

Stocks on hand 181,220 bales, including 84,250 American, being less than for a period of 20 years.

At Manchester, manufacturers were firm in their demands and business was constantly restricted. A further advance in yarns is reported.

Breadstuffs—Messrs. Richardson, Spence & Co. report a continued lifeless market. Flour of the medium grades unsalable and nominal. Choice St. Louis *via* New-Orleans sold at 28s.; Western, 20s. 6d. @22s.; Philadelphia and Baltimore, 22s. 6d @23s.; Ohio *via* the North, 24s @25s. Wheat—Reds rather firmer, 6s.@6s. 3d.; White neglected, 7s.@7s. 6d. Corn in better request, and 6d @1s. dearer. Mixed and Yellow, 34s @34s. 6d.; White, 35s.

Provisions—Messrs. Bigland, Athya & Co. and others report a dull market for Beef, Pork and Bacon, but without any essential change in prices. Lard in improved demand, but rates unchanged. Sales 250 tons, at 46s.@50s. Tallow firm and slightly dearer.

Produce—Ashes firm and dearer. Sales of both Pots and Pearls at 33s.@35s. Sugar on the spot firm at full rates, but to arrive prices are rather lower. Coffee quiet but steady. Rice a decided improvement in the demand, and lower descriptions rather higher. Tea continues very dull. Resin firm. Sales of common 4s. 5d.@4s. 6d., and fine at 14s.@18s. Baltimore Bark selling at 8s. 9d. Philadelphia, 10s. 6d. Oils quiet and steady. Spirits of Turpentine, 42s.@43s.

Havre Markets.

For the week ending March 3, inclusive.

Cotton active and rather higher. Sales of the week 20,000 bales. New-Orleans *très ordinaire* 104f. Stock 81,000 bales. Breadstuffs—nothing doing. Ashes slightly advanced. Coffee quiet and lower. Provisions dull and nominal. Rice, a good demand for East Indian at former rates. Sugars opened brisk, but closed quiet. Tallow and Lard—More doing at previous rates.

American Securities.

Messrs. D. Bell, Son & Co. report as follows:

"The market for American Securities during the past week has been very quiet, and quotations are without change:

United States 6s, 1867-68	101	@103
United States Bonds, 1868	101	@103
Alabama 5s Bonds	78	@ —
Kentucky 6s Bonds, 1868-72	91	@ 93
Maryland 5s, St. Bonds	88	@ 90
Massachusetts 5s Bonds	101	@103
Ohio 6 ₱ cent. Stock, 1886	95½	@ 96½
Pennsylvania 5s, St.	78	
Pennsylvania 5s Bonds, 1877	82	@ 83
Tennessee 6s Bonds	82	@ 84
Virginia 6s Bonds, 1886	83	@ 85
Virginia 5s, 1888	81	@ 83
Boston 4½s St. Bonds	88	@ 90
Illinois Central 7s, 1875	86	@ 87
Illinois Central 6s	85	@ 87
Illinois Central 7s, (Freeland) 1860	81	@ 82
Illinois Central shares	8@6 discount	
Michigan Central 8s, 1869	86	@ 88
Michigan Central shares	60	@ 65
New-York Central 6s, not Convert'e, '83	83	@ 86
New-York Central 7s, Convertible, '64	93	@ 95
New-York Central shares	80	@ 82
N. Y. & Erie 7s, 3d mortgage, '83	77	@ 79
N. Y. & Erie 7s, Convertible, '62	60	@ —
N. Y. & Erie Sinking Fund, '75	60	@ 65
N. Y. & Erie 7s, shares	27	@ 29
Panama 7s, 1st mort., not Conv.'59	93	@ 95
Panama 7s, 1st mort., not mort. '65	90	@ 92
Pennsylvania Central 6s, 1st mort., '80	88	@ 90

Latest Financial News.

BY TELEGRAPH FROM LONDON TO LIVERPOOL.

From the London Times, March 6.

This has been settling day with the Consol Market. The fluctuations have not been important. The general tendency is still towards dullness, owing to the total absence of any symptom of revival on the Paris Bourse. There was a decided increase in the applications for discount at the Bank, although the supply was apparently in the open market, and the rate in the Stock Exchange was only 2 ₱ cent. In the foreign exchanges this afternoon the rates upon Hamburg and Paris were slightly higher. Amsterdam was about the same as last post.

From the London Post, March 6.

The funds to-day exhibited renewed and uninterrupted steadiness, finally closing at a fall of about ⅛ ₱ cent. An uneasy feeling is kept alive by a continued pressure of speculative operations for lower prices, especially in options. Added to this, the Paris Bourse, which is now very anxiously watched, has again given way. In the discount market, to-day, there was a fair demand for Money, but 2½ ₱ cent. is the highest rate current for first-class bills. At the Bank applications continue few. At the Bank of England, to-day, the bullion operations were again altogether unimportant.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

COURT CALENDAR—Thursday, Nov. 5.

Supreme Court—*Circuit.*—Nos. 2833, 1469, 15, 77, 219, 48, 16, 372, 344, 308, 351, 862, 385, 387, 388, 381, 389, 390, 392, 393, 39, 139, 306, 26.

Supreme Court—*Special Term.*—Same as Friday.

U. S. District Court.—Nos. 37, 40, 44, 51, 88, 90, 96, 112, 150, 75.

Superior Court.—Nos. 272, 238, 239, 354, 355, 400, 417, 144, 315, 539, 627, 630, 648, 653, 635, 82, 651, 661, 663, 665, 667, 668, 669, 672, 675, 677, 680, 681, 682, 623, 519, 662, 502, 181.

THE UNION BANK FRAUDS.

Motion to Discharge Mr. Mott from Custody—Arguments of Mr. Ga Nun and Judge Foote—Decision Reserved.

On Saturday, at 1½ P. M., pursuant to adjournment, Recorder Barnard sat in his office to hear counsel on the motion to discharge Mr. Mott from custody.

Mr. Ga Nun inquired of Judge Foote under what statute he proposed to argue the propriety of holding Mr. Mott for trial.

Judge Foote referred the counsel to the II. Revised Statutes, page 861, sec. 53; do., page 862, secs. 59 and 61; do., page 874, sec. 8.

The Recorder intimated his belief that the only section under which it could be claimed that Mr. Mott should be held, was that referring to conspiracy to embezzle.

Mr. Ga Nun proceed to argue his motion for Mr. Mott's discharge. Section 59, page 862, he said, defined embezzlement and there could be no pretence that Mr. Mott was directly or indirectly committed by that definition, inasmuch as he was neither agent, servant, or clerk of the Union Bank. The 61st section provided that a person who knowingly receives embezzled money is equally guilty with him who embezzles. But there was no evidence that Brotherson had embezzled any money of the Bank, or that Mr. Mott knowingly received it as embezzled.

The eighth section defined conspiracy, but there was no evidence before the Court to show that anything like conspiracy had existed between Mr. Mott and Mr. Brotherson. This section made conspiracy a misdemeanor, but here the offence was committed, and being committed it ceased to be conspiracy. There was no evidence to show that, under any of these statutes, any *person* had been defrauded. Assuming that the proof comes up to everything required by these statutes, yet there was no proof that this Union Bank came within the statutory meaning of the word "person." Neither was there any testimony that Mr. Mott made any representation or statement, verbally or in writing, to the officers of this Bank, regarding his accounts therewith, save the simple fact of his presenting checks, nor was there any evidence that the pretended overdrafts were made on the pretended fraudulent entries on the books of the Bank. Nor was there any evidence that any of the clerks ever had recourse to the ledger in paying Mr. Mott's checks, consequently the inference was that those payments were made on his general credit. And that, the counsel contended, was a complete answer to this case in point of law. The statute required that the committing Judge should have good reason to believe that an offence was perpetrated, before exercising his power of committal. That "good reason" should, as the term showed on its face, be an act of ratiocination, predicated on actual evidence, and not a mere surmise. But there was no such evidence here, consequently no ground to justify a committal. The counsel dwelt elaborately on the importance of securing an honest administration of the laws, and expressed his belief that the failure to administer justice according to law, is one of the most frequent causes of popular revolutions.

In arguing his last point the counsel contended that the summary character of these proceedings does not dispense with legal evidence as to each separate fact; it only requires a less amount of legal proof to commit than to convict. The proofs adduced against the defendant could not be received in a court of justice to support a claim for the recovery of money in a civil action. Much less can such proofs be accepted here as evidence of crime. These proofs are "hearsay" statements, and the statements of two of the Bank clerks of the result of a pretended examination by them of the figures in portions of the Bank books. In other words, the books of these two clerks, instead of being produced, are made to speak through the clerks, who have no recollection of facts except as they appear recorded in such books. The books of Brotherson—that is, the ledgers—are as good evidence here as the books of the deposit clerk and paying-teller, and these books show that no defalcation has taken place. There is really no proof. Eventually the counsel addressed himself to the evidences in the case, and argued from the testimony of the witnesses Arthur, Smith and Kissam, that their sworn statements showed them incapable of distinguishing in their own minds between matters of fact and matters of opinion, and, therefore, were utterly worthless as evidence against the accused. In conclusion, he urged the importance of Mr. Mott's previous good character in determining the action of the Magistrate on the motion to discharge.

Judge Foote replied briefly. He argued that collusion must have existed between Brotherson and Mott in the making of the overdrafts, and that Mott must have known that he was making overdrafts, for it was impossible to suppose that any man could overdraw such an immense sum as $44,000 within the short period elapsing between January and March, without knowing it. It was clear that Mott could be held under the 53d section of the statute, which provided for the punishment of false pretences, for every time Mr. Mott presented a check after his deposits were exhausted, he made a false pretence, inasmuch as he pretended to have the amount of the check in bank.

The Recorder said he was of opinion that under the 35th section of the statute on forgery, the accused could be held for a conspiracy to forge, because every false entry made by Brotherson was a forgery, according to that section, which is as follows:

"Every person who, with intent to defraud, shall make any false entry, or shall falsely alter any entry made in any book of accounts kept by any moneyed corporation within this State, or in any book of accounts kept by any such corporation or its officers, and delivered or intended to be delivered to any person dealing with such corporation, by which any pecuniary obligation, claim or credit, shall be or shall purport to be discharged, diminished, increased, created, or in any manner affected, shall, upon conviction, be adjudged guilty of forgery in the third degree."

Mr. Ga Nun replied that Mr. Mott could not be held under that section, because it was not pretended that the papers altered by Brotherson were so altered with the intent to furnish any evidence on which to found any legal claim against any person whatever.

The Recorder took the papers and stated his intention of rendering a decision on Tuesday, (to-morrow,) at 2 P. M.

The proceedings were adjourned accordingly.

SUPERIOR COURT—General Term—March 20.

Before Hon. Justices Hoffman, Slosson, Woodruff and Pierrepont.

DECISIONS.

EXAMINATION OF FERNANDO WOOD.

Henry Green vs. Fernando Wood.—This is the application to have Mr. Fernando Wood examined prior to the trial. The facts were fully reported in the Times of the 15th inst. On Saturday the General Term decided that Mr. Wood must be examined, not on the ground that the act was imperative, the justice being *obliged* to grant the order; but holding that the defendant must show some better reason for opposing the examination, than that he *preferred* to be examined on the trial, and that he stipulated to be present at the time for that purpose. The order appealed from was therefore reversed.

In re Ely Hastrouck vs. E. E. Childs.—Cause to be placed on calendar and argued.

Jacob D. Woodruff vs. James C. Wicker.—Judgment reversed, new trial ordered. Costs to abide the event.

Rufus Claggett vs. Lyman Cook et al.—Dismissal of complaint affirmed as to Cook; new trial as to Seely. Costs to abide event.

Silas Lord et al. vs. George E. Vanderburg.—Order modified. The judgment, execution and levy must be set aside, and the plaintiffs required to accept the answer and pay costs of the motion at Special Term. $10 costs. The costs of the appeal may abide event of the suit.

John Kamona vs. John J. Warren.—Demurrer sustained. Order of Special Term overruled, with costs.

COURT OF SPECIAL SESSIONS.

Before Justices Connolly and Brownell.

There were 43 prison cases, 6 suspended cases, and 15 bail cases,—64 altogether—on the calendar. The majority of these resulted in the conviction and sentence of the defendants. The most interesting case brought to trial was that of a conductor on the Sixth-avenue Railroad, against whom a charge of assault and battery was brought by a colored man whom he had ejected from a car. The case is given below. At each session of this Court, cases are brought before it in which the prisoners have stolen pieces of sheet lead. There is a class of thieves who make it a business to steal this particular kind of material and take it to receivers of stolen goods, by whom it is immediately melted up, so that it cannot be identified, and afterwards sold. Several cases of this kind were disposed of at this session.

Patrick Lynch, Hugh Toole, Joseph Sniffen and James Powell, all boys, were caught in John Hewitt, Jr's., house (March 18,) cutting up the lead lining of a bath-tub, and with pieces of lead pipe in their possession, worth altogether $20. *Agent S. P. D. Society*—They look as if they'd been sadly neglected, Judge.—The Judges held a consultation. *Judge Connolly*—Lynch and Toole, you've both been here before. You're young in years, but old in crime. The other two we have no recollection of having seen here before, but we conclude to send them all to the House of Refuge. (To the prisoners.)—There you'll learn some useful trade.

John Doyle was arraigned on a charge of assault and battery, preferred against him by Officer Michael

McLaughlin, of the First Precinct Police. It was proved. *Judge Connolly*—We'll teach you, Sir, that you must not resist an officer in the discharge of his duty. *Prisoner*—No, Sir. *Judge Connolly*—We find you guilty, and sentence you to the Penitentiary for 2 months.—He did not seem to relish the sentence, but the officers took him into prison.

The next case was that in which three very small boys, Andrew Mare, James Mare and Bartholomew Fontaine, were arraigned, on the complaint of Saml. W. Webbs, an officer of the Park Bank, who said they had been jointly engaged in robbing the bank of $100 in bills. They were in the habit of coming into the banking-room and begging, and on this occasion one of them slipped his hand inside the wire-railing around the desk and took the money. The railing was not properly secured. The other boys were waiting outside, and one of them afterwards changed the money for gold. Officer Wm. L. Michaels, of the Second Precinct Police, who arrested them, found $39 27 on one of them; he asked him where he got it, and the boy said his parents had sent him to change it. *Judge Brownell*—How old is that littlest one? *Agent S. P. D. Soc.*—Half past nine, he says. *Counsel*—Their parents don't know anything about it. *Judge Connolly*—Certainly they do.—They were all found guilty, and sent to the House of Refuge.

James Ryan had stolen some shirts and underclothes, worth $7, from Catharine McNulty. *Judge Connolly*—What excuse have you why you should steal those things? *Counsel*—Your Honor, he says he's nothing to say. *Judge Connolly*—Penitentiary 3 months.

John Gallagher was charged with beating Catharine Tracy. *Witness*—If you please, Sir, he threatened to take me life a month ago. *Judge Connolly*—What came between you? *Witness*—He knocked me down and kicked me, and—— *Prisoner*—Have you got any witnesses to that? *Witness*—He's summonsed my witness. *Judge Connolly*—Find you guilty; Penitentiary two months.

Michael Foley, it was alleged, went to John Keating's house, No. 15 Munroe-street, at night, March 16, abused him, and threatened to strike him with a bayonet. *Judge Connolly*—Well, did he strike you with the bayonet? *Witness*—Well, no— *Judge Connolly*—Did he attempt to do it? *Witness*—Well, he held out his bayonet to strike, and I held out my pistol and I suppose he got frightened at that and went away. I had sent my wife for a policeman and he ran after her and— *Judge Connolly*, (to prisoner.)—You've done very wrong going to this man's house with a bayonet. I'm disposed to punish men who go about with dangerous weapons. We find you guilty of the assault and suspend judgment this time, but if you're ever brought up here again we'll sentence you upon this conviction.

John Vestry and William Dayton were charged in the complaint of Augustus Barras with assaulting and beating him, and attempting to rob him in the street. When they found that he had nothing worth taking, the complainant said, they let him go. *Judge Connolly*—Young men you've been guilty of an offense last night, which if this man had had any money in his pockets would have sent you to State Prison for ten years. We find you guilty and sentence you to the Penitentiary for two months. We do this in the hope that it will reform you, and at the request of your (Dayton's) father. *Prisoner's Father*—Thank you, Sir.

Michael Collins was sent to the Penitentiary for 1 month for beating his wife Catherine at No. 25 Rose-street March 4.

Patrick McCauley and Henry French were accused by Johanna Stegmann, of No. 178 Avenue B, of stealing her money drawer containing $3 50 in bank bills and coin. The brother of McCauley testified in his behalf. *Judge Connolly*—Do you know the nature of an oath? *Boy*—Yes, I've taken an oath before. *Judge Connolly*—What's the penalty of telling a lie? *Boy*—I wouldn't go to Heaven.—The witness said his brother had nothing to do with the larceny. *Judge Connolly*—What do you do for a living? *Prisoner*—Peddle tape, shoe strings, gaiter laces *Judge Connolly*—There seems to be some doubt in the case; one swears one thing and the other another. We acquit you this time, but if you're ever brought up again —— "Yes, Sir," said the prisoners, and they were gone in an instant.

John Grady had assaulted and beaten Officer Thomas Williams. "Any family, Grady?" asked Judge CONNOLLY. "No, only myself," replied the prisoner. "We must protect the officers in the discharge of their duty," said Judge CONNOLLY. "Penitentiary 1 month."

John Bradley (colored) was charged by Mary Ann Brown, (colored,) of No. 88 Franklin-street, with stealing some wearing apparel worth $25. *Judge Connolly*—Well, John, what have you got to say? *Prisoner*—I got to say, Sir, I ain't guilty. *Judge Connolly*—You're not, eh? *Prisoner*—They were taken a week before. *Judge Connolly*—Well, we find you guilty and send you up for six months to reflect on it.

Adelia Beely was sentenced to the Penitentiary for one month for an assault and battery on Ellen Leak, of No. 217 Centre-street.

Thomas Gale had beaten his wife Mary. She forgave him, and so did the Court.

William Linsey had stolen $20 worth of cotton from Michael Berry, of the steamship *Columbia*, lying at Pier No. 4 North River. *Judge Connolly*—(to the prisoner)—Your Captain says you're a very good man at sea, but rather bad when you come ashore. He wants to let you off so that he can take you to sea. Go and sin no more.

Patrick Maloney had beaten his wife Mary. *Judge Connolly*—Maloney, you've been here within the last few months no less than six or eight times for beating your wife. You had strong and influential friends to interfere with her, and she has let you off each time, but the better she treats you the worse you are. In consequence of my having so much knowledge of this case, I've left it to Judge BROWNELL, and I fully concur with him in giving you four months in the Penitentiary.

THE RIGHTS OF COLORED PEOPLE IN CITY CARS.

James Riley, a conductor on the Sixth-avenue Railroad, was arraigned on the complaint of Pleasant Smith, (colored,) who charged him with an assault and battery committed upon him on Sunday morning last. Smith said he entered the car of which the defendant was conductor, and paid his fare. Presently the conductor went up to him and told him he must go out upon the front platform, as it was a regulation of the Company that colored persons could not ride inside, except in six cars specially appropriated for their use. Smith refused to leave, and the conductor ejected him, and, it was alleged, struck him. *Counsel*—Did you strike him? *Witness*—No; if I'd have tried to I could have; I'm as much a man as he is. *Counsel*—Do you belong to the Legal Rights Association? *Witness*—I belong to an association that can't be defeated.—Several witnesses were examined on both sides. Mr. Seeley, for the prosecution, contended that the colored man had a perfect right to ride in the car; there was no reservation in the act of incorporation of the Railroad Company by which he could be excluded; there was no written or printed notice given to the complainant of the rules of the Company, and Smith had paid his fare and was entitled to ride inside. The prisoner, however, was discharged.

Mary Sullivan for stealing a shawl worth $2 from Timothy Murphy, was sentenced to the Penitentiary for four months.

The case of James Bailey, charged by Patrick Devoy with stealing a pair of boots worth $2, (March 2) from the Astor House, was adjourned to Tuesday. Bailey's daguerreotype was taken with a pair of boots hanging over his shoulders soon after he was arrested.

Margaret Roberts, whose arrest was mentioned a few days since in the TIMES, charged with stealing 259 yards of printed brilliante with $6, from No. 425 Broadway, was next arraigned. George Mahon was the complainant. Officer W. G. Elder, of the Deputy Superintendent's office, arrested her. The case was adjourned to Tuesday.

So was the Court at 11½ o'clock.

SURROGATE'S COURT—MARCH 17.

PARISH WILL CASE.

This was the last day for filing appeals from the decision of the Surrogate in this case. Mrs. Parish, the widow of the testator, filed an appeal. No appeal was filed by the brothers Daniel and James Parish. The appeal will be argued before the General Term of the Supreme Court in May next.

PUBLISHING THE NAMES OF JUDGMENT DEBTORS.

Wm. W. Warden, Esq., publisher of the New-York *Daily Law Gazette*, applied to the County Clerk and Register for permission to publish the names of all parties against whom judgments had been docketed the previous day. This was refused, on the ground that it would tend to injure the credit of the persons so published. Mr. Warden claims that such a publication would be a benefit to business men, and has, therefore, applied for a mandamus to compel the Clerk to allow it. On Friday, we understand, the mandamus was asked, but refused. A motion to show cause why it should not be granted will be asked for in a day or two.

We learn that Judge BOSWORTH's health still remains so poor that he has taken a journey South, in the hopes that absence from the foul atmosphere of a miserable court-room may enable him to regain his accustomed strength.

THE SUPERIOR COURT CALENDAR.—There is a great deal of fault found in regard to the management of the Superior Court Calendar. For instance: A case, after being on the day calender for fourteen days, during all which time both counsel are ready to proceed, finally comes up to the first case. One of the counsel, on the day it is called, is actually engaged, and the case is reserved until the next day, with the distinct statement that it shall retain its place on the calendar. On the next morning, to their astonishment, the counsel find it the sixth or seventh from the head; cases generally reserved, and noticed for that day, being placed before it, or sometimes cases behind it on the calendar, being reserved for that day, having priority given them. These instances are not isolated and rare, but of such general occurrence that there has been considerable feeling manifested by the bar.

The Supreme Court of Louisiana has finally disposed of the points in controversy about the partition of the McDonogh estate. The division of the property between the two cities of Baltimore and New-Orleans is confirmed, subject to some equitable charges, to carry into effect a part of the intentions of the testator. All litigation which obstructs the alienation of the property by the authorities of the two cities is at an end, and they enter into full possession, with power to administer it to the best advantage, at their own discretion. The last tribunal of law has thus confirmed the overthrow of the McDonogh will.

MARKET REPORTS.

Markets......*Carefully Reported for the N. Y. Times.*

NEW-YORK, Saturday, March 20, 1858—6 P. M.

ASHES—Are in better demand, at our quotations: Pots, $6 25@$6 31¼; Pearls, $6 25 ⅌ 100 ℔s. Stock in the Inspection Warehouse to-day, 1,924 bbls., including 1 090 bbls. Pots and 834 bbls. Pearls

COAL—Foreign is scarce, and held above the views of most buyers. The demand limited. Domestic is plenty, and as purchasers evince less eagerness to secure supplies, some holders are disposed to make concessions to induce their customers to buy. We quote: Liverpool Cannel, $11@$11 50; do. Orrel, $8, ⅌ chaldron; and Anthracite $4 25@$5 50, in large quantities; and $5@$6, in lots from yard, ⅌ ton. In Philadelphia, during the week, no important movements transpired, and cargo rates were unsettled. In Baltimore the sales were light at former prices.

COFFEE—All kinds are quiet, but are stiffly held to-day. Sales: 175 bags Rio at 10¼c.@11¼c., and 200 bags Laguayra at 12c.@13¼c. ⅌ ℔. In Baltimore, during the week, there were received 2,526 bags Rio, and sold 9,000 bags Rio at 10¼c.@11¼c. ⅌ ℔. Stock in first hands there last evening, 11,000 bags Rio. In New-Orleans, during the week ending March 13, the movement in Rio Coffee were as follows: No receipts; sales 7,004 bags at 10c.@12¼c., mainly at 10¾c.@11¼c. ⅌ ℔. Stock on hand, March 13, 5,025 bags.

COTTON—Is somewhat unsettled. The demand is moderate and many holders manifest a disposition to meet it at easier prices. We have heard of sales to-day of about 1,250 bales, including Middling at 11⅝c.@11¾c. for Upland, and 11⅞c.@12⅛c. for Gulf, ⅌ ℔. Some factors refuse to sell at these quotations.

EARTHENWARE—The demand is more vigorous and prices display more firmness.

FIRE CRACKERS—Canton, 40 packs, are quoted at $1 65@$1 75 for No. 1, ⅌ box, with sales since Tuesday last of 5,000 boxes at $1 70, 4 months.

FLOUR AND MEAL—The demand has improved since our last, and prices of State and Western brands close with more firmness and buoyancy. Sales 11,500 bbls.

Superfine State	$4 25@$4 30
Extra State	4 45@ 4 60
Superfine Indiana and Michigan	4 25@ 4 40
Superfine Ohio	4 40@ 4 50
Fancy Ohio	4 55@ 4 65
Extra Indiana and Michigan	4 35@ 6 00
Extra Ohio	4 55@ 6 25
Fancy Genesee	4 35@ 4 45
Extra Genesee	5 35@ 7 00
Low to very choice Extra Missouri	5 20@ 7 00

Canadian Flour is in demand at former prices. Sales 630 bbls. superfine to good Extra at $4 25@$5 50 ⅌ bbl. Southern is in request, and is firm. The transactions since our last comprise 1,250 bbls., at $4 70@$6 25 for low Mixed to choice Extra ⅌ bbl. Rye Flour is quiet, yet steady at $3@$3 75 for fine to superfine, ⅌ bbl. Corn Meal is in demand at former quotations—$3 for Jersey, and $3 45@$3 50 for Brandywine, ⅌ bbl.

FRUIT—Raisins are in good demand, including Layer at $3 20@$3 30, and Bunch at $2 50@$2 60 ⅌ whole box. A cargo of 4,050 boxes Oranges, and 1,000 boxes Lemons, from Messina, here, and 5,000 boxes Oranges and Lemons, in Philadelphia, found buyers on terms not disclosed. Baracoa Cocoa Nuts, $25 ⅌ M., and Baracoa Bananas at $1 50@$2 25 ⅌ bunch.

GRAIN—Wheat is in fair request at about former rates Sales 9,250 bushels, including ordinary White Western at $1 25; ordinary to prime Red Western at $1@$1 20; White Genesee at $1 30; prime White Southern at $1 45, and good Red do. at $1 20 ⅌ bushel. Corn exhibits no important alteration, sales having been made of 36,000 bushels, chiefly to shippers, at 65c.@66½c. for White, and 66c.@68c. for Yellow Southern, ⅌ bushel. A lot of Jersey Rye brought 70c. ⅌ bushel. Nothing new in Barley or Barley Malt. Oats are dull and heavy at 44c.@46c. for Western; 42½c.@45c. for State; 34c.@38c. for Pennsylvania; 33c.@37c. for Jersey, and 25c.@35c. for Southern, ⅌ bushel.

Stock of Breadstuffs in store in Toronto, March 18.

Flour, bbls....31,773 | Wheat, bushels...122 942

HAY—Sales 800 bales North River at 60c.@70c., cash, ⅌ 100 ℔s. In Philadelphia, during the week, Hay was scarce and in demand, including Timothy at 55c.@65c., and Clover at 45c.@50c. ⅌ 100 ℔s. 600 loads were sold. Straw commands 60c.@62½c. ⅌ 100 ℔s. In Baltimore Hay was very dull, including Bale at $12@$14, and Loose at $8@$12 ⅌ ton. Straw—$13@$14 for Rye, and $8@$10 for Wheat, ⅌ ton. In New-Orleans, during the week ending March 13, the sales were confined to small lots of Eastern at $19@$21, and Western at $22@$23, ⅌ ton.

HEMP—Sales have been reported here of a small lot of clean Russia at $220 ⅌ ton; 2,200 bales Manila, to arrive, part at 8c. ⅌ ℔.; 100 tons Jute at $90 ⅌ ton; and in Philadelphia, of 100 tons Jute at $90 ⅌ ton, 6 months' credit; 170 bales Missouri sold in St. Louis, March 17, at $75@$80 ⅌ ton.

HOPS—60 bales last year's crop were sold at 4½c.@8c ⅌ ℔.

IRON—Scotch Pig is in demand at $25@$27, according to quality, ⅌ ton, usual credit. English bars were inactive, at $50 for common and $57@$58 for refined, ⅌ ton. Some old Welch rails were sold at $30, six months' time. In Philadelphia during the week 800 tons Anthracite Pig found buyers at $22@$24 for No. 1; $20@$23 for No. 2, cash and time, and $19 for No. 3, cash, ⅌ ton. A sale of 120 tons second quality Boiler Plate, cut to pattern, was made at 4c. ⅌ ℔., on time. Other kinds were quiet, but stiffly held.

LEAD—Is attracting more attention, including Spanish Pig at $5 75@$6; Refined German at $5 87@$6, and American Pig at $6@$6 12½ ⅌ 100 ℔s. 360 pigs Missouri sold in St. Louis, March 17, at $5 25 ⅌ 100 ℔s.

MOLASSES—A lively inquiry prevails, especially for New-Orleans, of which full sales have been made within our range. New-Orleans, 31c.@33c.; Porto Rico, 29c.@33½c.; Cuba Muscovado at 23c.@28c.; Clayed Cuba, 22c.@23c. ⅌ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Resin is in brisk request, particularly common, at $1 52½@$1 55 ⅌ 310 ℔s., delivered. Other articles are quiet, but stiffly held.

WILMINGTON, March 17.—Turpentine—Sales yesterday afternoon of 620 bbls. at $2 85 for Virgin and Yellow Dip, and $1 65 for hard; this morning 296 bbls. sold at above prices, and 211 do. at $3 for Virgin and Yellow Dip, and $1 50 for hard ⅌ 280 ℔s., which is about the same as yesterday's rates. Spirits Turpentine—Sales after yesterday's report of 500 bbls. at 47c. ⅌ gallon; nothing done this morning. Resin—350 bbls. No. 1 sold yesterday at $2 50, and 102 do. pale at $4 ⅌ bbl. Timber—Two rafts sold yesterday afternoon at $6 ⅌ M.

PROVISIONS—Pork is in better request, chiefly for future delivery, at firmer rates. The sales reach nearly 2,000 bbls., including Mess, here, at $16 65@$16 75; Prime, here, at $13 50, and, deliverable, at the option of the seller, within 30 days, with five days' notice to buyer, also at $13 50 ⅌ bbl. Cut Meats are in fair request, and are worth 9c.@9½c. for Hams, and 6¼c.@6¾c. for Shoulders, ⅌ ℔. Bacon is in demand, and is steady at 8c.@9¼c. ⅌ ℔. Lard is moderately inquired for at former prices. The transactions since our last embrace 250 bbls. fair to prime, chiefly at 9¾c.@10c. ⅌ ℔. Beef is in demand and is firm; the transactions since our last consist of 180 bbls., in lots at $12@$13 50 for repacked Western Mess; $14@$14 50 for extra do.; $10@$11 for Country Mess; and $7@$8 for do. Prime, ⅌ bbl. Prime Mess Beef, $20@$24 ⅌ tc. Beef Hams, $17@$19 for interior to choice, ⅌ bbl. Butter is in fair demand at full rates—14c.@20c. for Ohio; 17c.@24c. for common to very good State, and 25c.@27c. for prime to choice do., ⅌ ℔. Cheese is in request and is worth 8½c.@10½c. ⅌ ℔.

RICE—Sales have been reported of 120 tcs. ordinary to prime at $3 25@$4, cash, ⅌ 100 ℔s.

SEEDS—Are very quiet, including Clover, at 7c.@8¼c. ⅌ ℔.; and Timothy at $2@$2 50 ⅌ bushel. Rough Flax is scarce and nominal. Sales were reported in Philadelphia, during the week, of 3,300 bushels Cloverseed, at $4 25@$5 ⅌ bushel. Other kinds were inactive at former quotations; 1,800 bushels Cloverseed changed hands, in Baltimore, at $4 62½@$4 87½ ⅌ bushel.

SPICES—Sales have been made here during the week of 18,000 mats Cassia, to arrive and from store, with 17,000 bags Pepper on terms not disclosed. Small lots of the latter bring 9½c.@10c. ⅌ ℔., usual credit.

SUGARS—Are again quite brisk and buoyant. Sales have been reported of 2,300 hhds., including New-Orleans, at 5¼c.@7¼c.; Cuba, at 6c.@7¼c.; and Porto Rico, at 6¾c.@7¼c. ⅌ ℔.; 300 boxes Havana brought 6¾c.@8c. ⅌ ℔.

TALLOW—8,000 ℔s. Prime found buyers at 10½c. ⅌ ℔.

TEAS—A good inquiry prevails for desirable lots at fair prices.

TOBACCO—In Baltimore, during the week, 754 hhds. of all kinds were inspected. The principal sales were 350 hhds. Ohio at previous quotations: $6@$7 50 for common to good Red; $8@$10 for extra fine do.; $6@10 for Spangled; and $10@$15 for Yellow. In New-Orleans, during the week ending March 13, there were received 1,320 hhds.; sold, 2,000 hhds.; exported, 2,673 hhds. Stock in warehouses, and shipboard, not cleared, March 13, 8,940 hhds. The closing quotations, on the 12th inst., were 5c.@6½c. for planters' Lugs, and 6¾c.@11c. for inferior to choice Leaf, all new crop, ⅌ ℔. Old was inactive, parties disagreeing about prices.

WHISKY—Sales 350 bbls., in lots, at 23c.@23½c., cash, ⅌ gallon.

WOOL—We have no really new features to notice. The demand is limited. Prices lean in favor of buyers, who purchased during the week 40,000 ℔s. California, including black, sheared at 15c., do. pulled at 16c., and white at 21½c. ⅌ ℔., 6 months' credit. A small lot of washed African changed hands on private terms. In Philadelphia, during the week, a better inquiry prevailed, in part for lots, to be sent Eastward, and sales transpired of about 200,000 ℔s. domestic, including mainly common to ½ blood at 27c., ⅜@¾ blood at 30c., and full blood at 33c., all cash, ⅌ ℔. In Baltimore, no important movements transpired.

FREIGHTS—Were rather quiet at our quotations. For Liverpool, Cotton 3 16d.@7-32d. ⅌ ℔.; Flour 1s. 6d.@1s. 9d. ⅌ bbl.; Grain, 4½d.@5½d. ⅌ bushel; Resin, 1s. 9d.@2s. ⅌ bbl.; Beef 3s. 6d. ⅌ tc., and Heavy Goods 15s.@20s. ⅌ ton. For London, Flour, 2s.; Pork, 3s.@3s. 3d ⅌ bbl.; Pork and Beef, 4s. 3d.@4s. 6d. ⅌ tc.; Naval Stores, 2s. 3d.@2s. 6d. ⅌ 280 ℔s.; Oil-Cake, 20s.; Heavy Goods, 25s. ⅌ ton. For other ports proportionate rates. The latest charters have been: A ship from New-Orleans to Liverpool, Cotton, at 9-16d.; a bark hence to Cronstadt ¾c.; one from St. Mary's to Havana or Matanzas, Lumber, $8; one hence to Cardenas, empty hhds., 78c.; one, 280 to Cienfugos and back, Sugar, 56c., and Molasses $2 50; brig, 200 tons, from Jamaica to New-York, $875; one from Mobile to south side Cuba, Lumber, $9; one to north side Cuba and back, Molasses, $3 under deck; two barks and a brig to Aspinwall, Coal, $5; a schr., 150 tons, to a Windward Island and back, $1,225.

AMUSEMENTS

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM.
THE MOST SUCCESSFUL DRAMA EVER PRODUCED HERE.
BRIDE OF AN EVENING.
THE THIRD WEEK.
OVERFLOWING HOUSES.
OVERFLOWING HOUSES.
OVERFLOWING HOUSES.
OVERFLOWING HOUSES
B R I D E O F A N E V E N I N G.
B R I D E O F A N E V E N I N G.
B R I D E O F A N E V E N I N G.
B R I D E O F A N E V E N I N G.

Written by Mrs. SOUTHWORTH for the ever popular NEW-YORK LEDGER, and read by its millions of admirers dramatized by M. H. WATKINS.

THE CONSTELLATED BEAUTY
of this wholly original American production, brought out, as it has been in a
STYLE OF LAVISH MAGNIFICENCE,
and received on every occasion with
RAPTUROUS APPLAUSE,
is beyond all conception, and must be seen to be appreciated.

B R I D E O F A N E V E N I N G
EVERY AFTERNOON AT 3.
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EVERY AFTERNOON AT 3.
EVERY AFTERNOON AT 3.
AND EVERY EVENING AT 7½ O'CLOCK.
AND EVERY EVENING AT 7½ O'CLOCK.
AND EVERY EVENING AT 7½ O'CLOCK.
12 TIMES THIS WEEK.
12 TIMES THIS WEEK.
12 TIMES THIS WEEK.
12 TIMES THIS WEEK.

Godfrey Farquier Delanie a young student, (every evening and Wednesday and Saturday afternoons)....Mr. H. Watkins
The other afternoons....Mr. F. Aiken
(His first appearance at this establishment.)
Miss Honora Paule, a young Heiress....Mrs. C. Howard
Ernest Haine....Mr. D. Ryan
Col. Shannon....J. Bridgeman
Jessamine....Miss Partington
Dr. Henry Hawe....H. Rner
Mad. Auberly....Mrs. Fitzgerald

The numerous other characters by members of the dramatic company.

In consequence of the IMMENSE THRONGS which have hitherto been unable to obtain even STANDING ROOM on Wednesday and Saturday afternoons, the managers have resolved to produce that great play, THE BRIDE OF AN EVENING, on MONDAY AFTERNOON, TUESDAY AFTERNOON, THURSDAY AFTERNOON, and FRIDAY AFTERNOON as well as on Wednesday and Saturday afternoons and EVERY EVENING.

By means of this NEW ARRANGEMENT, the performances and attractions will be PRECISELY THE SAME on each and every day and evening. Ladies, families and children who would avoid CROWDS are advised to select some afternoon except Wednesday or Saturday. An hour or two previous to the commencement of the performance may be profitably spent in examining the MYRIAD OF CURIOSITIES in the Museum including the MAMMOTH LADY, weighing 700 pounds; the LIVING SKELETON, weighing only 60 pounds; the original Happy Family; the Panopticon Studio, with its illuminated pictures, &c. They are all to be seen now, as well as the inimitable Aquaria, or Ocean and River Gardens, the greatest curiosity now in America.

POSITIVELY NO FREE LIST.

Admittance 25 cents; children under ten, 13 cents.

LAURA KEENE'S NEW THEATRE.
No. 624 BROADWAY.
MONDAY EVENING, March 22, 1858.
Fitzball's thrilling two-act domestic Drama of
JONATHAN BRADFORD,
OR THE MURDER OF THE ROADSIDE INN.

Jonathan Bradford....Mr. H. F. Daly
Dan Macraisy....Mr. H. A. Perry
Caleb Scrummidge....Mr. Jefferson
Jack Rackbottle....Mr. Peters
Farmer Nelson....Mr. Sareett
Ann Bradford....Miss V. T. Howard
Dozey....Mr. Martin | Sally....Miss Manners

After which the immensely funny farce of
THE VILLAGE LAWYER.
Scout....Mr. Jefferson | Sheepface....Mr. Peters
Snarl....Mr. Burnett | Mrs. Scout....Miss Wells
To conclude with the favorite one-act comedietta entitled,
TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.
Mons. Tourbillon....Mr. Wheatleigh
Waddilove....Mr. Peters | Virginie....Miss Manners
Bob Nettles..Miss Marshall | Mary Swish..Mrs. Stoddart
Doors open at 6¾; to commence at 7¼.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
OPENING NIGHT, TUESDAY, March 23.
RETURN OF THE INCOMPARABLE RAVELS,
GABRIEL, ANTOINE and JEROME,
assisted by their
GREAT DOUBLE CORPS OF ARTISTS,
And positively their last
PERFORMANCE IN AMERICA,
previous to their final retirement from the stage.
MARIETTA ZANFRETTA ON THE TIGHT ROPE.
KIM-KA.
GABRIEL RAVEL in the comic part of Vantilatav.
ANTOINE as Kim-Ka. JEROME as Keying.
BIANCO
Bianco....ANTOINE | Brocolo....JEROME
Doors open at 6¾ o'clock. To commence at 7½ o'clock.
Tickets 50 cents. Upper boxes 25 cents. Children 25 cents

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
THE GREATEST SUCCESSION OF CROWDED HOUSES EVER KNOWN HERE.
Mr. DION BOURCICAULT'S great Drama of
JESSIE BROWN.
The character of Jessie Brown by
MISS AGNES ROBERTSON,
Mr. DION BOURCICAULT, Mr. BLAKE, Mr. LESTER,
Mrs. HOEY, Mr. SLOAN, Mrs. ALLEN,
Mr. JOHNSTON, Mr. DAVENPORT,
&c., &c.
ADDITIONAL and THRILLING EFFECTS
Have been arranged for the ensuing performances of this, the most attractive piece that has been produced for many years.

BROADWAY THEATRE.
Mr. E. A. Marshall....Sole Lessee.
VAN AMBURGH'S
Grand Equestrian and Zoological Company
THIS EVENING, March 22
THE NENA SAHIB; OR THE DEMON OF CAWNPORE.
Nena Sahib, Rajah of Bittoor....Mr. J. Canoll
Captain Montgomery....Mr. J. J. Prior
Mrs. Montgomery....Mrs. J. J. Prior
The performances will commence with grand Acts in the Arena by all the Equestrians.

PURDY'S NATIONAL THEATRE,
Chatham-st., near Roosevelt.
The entertainment will commence THIS EVENING, with the new drama of
JESSIE BROWN, OR, HAVELOCK'S LAST VICTORY.
Jessie Brown....Miss Fanny Herring
To be followed by the Drama of
THE FALL OF ALGIERS.
To conclude with the Ethiopian comedietta of
JUMBO JUM.

BOWERY THEATRE.
MONDAY EVENING, March 22, 1858.
To commence with
HOFER; THE SWISS PATRIOT.
After which, the new drama entitled
THE EMPEROR OF FRANCE AND THE ITALIAN CONSPIRATORS.
To conclude with the drama in two acts, of
MOMENT OF PERIL.
Doors open at 6½; curtain rises at 7¼.

JESSIE BROWN.—THE EXCITEMENT CONTINUES to increase; crowds rush to PURDY'S NATIONAL THEATRE to witness it. The ladies admire it; the gentlemen are delighted with it. It will be repeated TO-NIGHT, and all this week, with an additional tableau.

FANCY DRESS SOIREE, CRYSTAL PALACE.—Some of the most magnificent fancy dresses worn at the opera and at the balls of the Winter season, will be worn at the Crystal Palace Soirée, April 8. Double tickets, $2; ladies' extra tickets, $1. For sale at Thompson Brothers' banking office, No. 2 Wall st., at the principal hotels, music, book and drug stores, and at No. 566 Broadway; also, at the principal stores in Brooklyn. Tickets are selling rapidly.

JESSIE BROWN.—SO GREAT IS THE RUSH to witness this pleasing drama, at PURDY'S NATIONAL THEATRE, that the manager contemplates enlarging the house. TO-NIGHT, and all this week, it will be repeated, with an additional new tableau.

FORTY-THIRD CONCERT.—THEO. EISFELD'S CLASSICAL SOIREES.—The fourth of the eighth season on TUESDAY, March 23, at Dodworth's Academy. Miss MARIA S. BRAINERD and Mr. GUSTAV SATTER will assist Mr. EISFELD'S Quartette Party. To commence at 8 o'clock. Tickets at the door—$1 each.

JESSIE BROWN—TO-NIGHT AND ALL THIS week, at PURDY'S NATIONAL THEATRE. A new tableau has been added, and the excitement to witness the piece increases. The ladies admire it. Go TO-NIGHT and see it.

CRYSTAL PALACE SOIREE—8TH OF APRIL.—Purchasers of tickets for the great Charity Fete at Crystal Palace will please see that they are signed by S. LEE PERKINS, and bear the date of APRIL 8. Double tickets, $2. Single for Ladies $1. Offices No. 566 Broadway and No. 2 Wall st. Also, at the principal stores in Fulton st., Brooklyn.

JESSIE BROWN—AT PURDY'S NATIONAL THEATRE is creating a great excitement. Hundreds are turned away nightly. It will be repeated to-night and all this week, with an additional tableaux.

ODD FELLOWS REUNION—CRYSTAL PALACE, APRIL 8.—Tickets of admission to this great gathering of Odd Fellows, now ready. Price $2, admitting a lady and gentleman. Ladies' single tickets, $1. Office No. 566 Broadway.

JESSIE BROWN—WITH AN ADDITIONAL NEW Tableau, TO-NIGHT at PURDY'S NATIONAL THEATRE. Hundreds were turned away during the past week, unable to gain admission. Go see it.

CRYSTAL PALACE TICKET DEPOT.—Messrs. THOMPSON BROTHERS have kindly consented to supply all who may apply to them for tickets to the Crystal Palace Fête, at their banking office No. 2 Wall st

JESSIE BROWN STILL TRIUMPHANT at PURDY'S NATIONAL THEATRE. TO-NIGHT and all this week it will be repeated with an attractive tableau. Secure your places early. Go see it.

CRYSTAL PALACE FETE.—SOCIETIES INtending to loan their banners for decorating the Palace April 8, will please notify the Committee, at their office, No. 566 Broadway, as soon as convenient.

JESSIE BROWN, WITH THE NEW ADDITIONAL tableau, at PURDY'S NATIONAL THEATRE TO-NIGHT and all this week. Don't fail going to-night.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
CLOSE OF THE SEASON.
Sole Lessee and Director....B. Ullman.
THIS (Monday) EVENING March 22, at 7½ o'clock.
Positively last night but two of
THE HUGUENOTS
Mme. DE LA GRANGE
will resume this evening her rôle of Valentine.
NOTICE

The public are respectfully informed that the season will most positively close next week, so that there can only be given
TWO HUGUENOT NIGHTS
and two nights of
LEONORA.
Madame DE LA GRANGE and CARL FORMES
will after that date leave New York.
MONDAY, March 22, at 7½—THE HUGUENOTS.
ADMISSION—ONE DOLLAR TO ALL PARTS.
Reserved Seats, $2 and $1 50, according to location; Family Circle 50 cents; Amphitheatre 25 cents

The sale of seats commences this morning at the Academy of Music, East 14th st.; C. BREUSING'S, No. 701 Broadway, and SIBELL'S, No. 20 Wall-st., corner of Nassau.

Most positively last night (but two) of
THE HUGUENOTS.
The principal rôles by
LA GRANGE, D'ANGRI, SIEDENBURG,
TIBERINI, GASSIER, TAFFANELLI, ROVERO,
PIKASER, BEUTLER, OEHRLEIN, DUBREUIL
and CARL FORMES.
The Huguenots will be succeeded by Fry's opera of
LEONORA
before the close of the season, which will most positively take place on March 26, as the Academy of Music will have to be prepared for
MUSARD'S CONCERTS
The public are respectfully informed that the farewell appearances of
CARL FORMES
are unavoidably limited to
THREE NIGHTS
On Wednesday—Last night but one of the Huguenots.
CARD—ARRIVAL OF MUSARD
Mr. ULLMAN has much pleasure in announcing that
MONSIEUR MUSARD
the celebrated composer and proprietor of the renowned
CONCERTS MUSARD IN PARIS,
and conductor of the famed
BALS MASQUES
which are annually given at the
IMPERIAL GRAND OPERA,
has arrived in the *Arabia* and will make his
FIRST APPEARANCE IN AMERICA,
IN A SERIES OF MONSTER CONCERTS AND BALLS,
ON OR ABOUT THE SIXTH OF APRIL.

Several eminent solo players, from the Grand Opera in Paris, the Musard Concerts on the Boulevards the Garde Impériale and the famous Musique des Guides will appear at these Concerts, in addition to an imposing force of
ONE HUNDRED PERFORMERS.

THIS EVENING—THE HUGUENOTS—MUSARD.
Madame LAGRANGE will appear as Valentine. Last appearance (but two) in New-York of CARL FORMES. The season must positively close next week, when MUSARD'S MONSTER CONCERTS and BALS MASQUE on an unprecedented scale of splendor, will be given. MUSARD has arrived in the *Arabia*.

JESSIE BROWN—WITH THE ADDITIONAL new Tableau, TO-NIGHT and all this week, at PURDY'S NATIONAL THEATRE. Go early or you can't get in.

JESSIE BROWN.—WHO WOULD FAIL WITnessing this beautiful drama, at PURDY'S NATIONAL THEATRE? It will be performed TO-NIGHT, and all this week, with an additional tableau.

GRAND SOIREE DANSANTE.—TICKETS of admission to Crystal Palace April 8, now ready, price $2, admitting a lady and gentleman. Single tickets, $1. Office No. 566 Broadway.

JESSIE BROWN, WITH THE NEW TABLEAU added, TO-NIGHT, and all this week at PURDY'S NATIONAL THEATRE. Don't fail seeing it.

FINE ARTS.

SIMPSON'S GREAT HISTORICAL PAINTING
of the restoration of the
ARCTIC SHIP RESOLUTE
by the people of the United States to Her Majesty the Queen of England, (painted by command of Her Majesty) is now on exhibition at the gallery of W. SCHAUS, No. 629 Broadway.
Admission 25 cents. Open from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M.

NYE'S GALLERY OF
OLD MASTERS AND ENGRAVINGS,
ON EXHIBITION AT THE
ART-UNION ROOMS, NO. 497 BROADWAY,
From 9 A. M. to 6 P. M., and 7 to 10 P. M.
Admittance 25 cents. Season tickets 50.

STRANGERS SHOULD NOT FAIL TO SEE The great Dusseldorf Gallery of Paintings Powers Greek Slave, the adoration, the Fairies, are each worth the price of admission. Open day and evening—No. 548 Broadway.

POWERS' GREEK SLAVE, MARTYRDOM OF HUSS,
Diana and her Nymphs, are a few among the hundred wonderful works of art on exhibition at the Dusseldorf Gallery—day and evening—No. 548 Broadway

PUBLIC LECTURES.

NEW-YORK HISTORICAL SOCIETY.—The Tenth Lecture of the series will be delivered by Rev. Dr. STORRS at the Lecture Room in the Library, 2d-av., corner of 11th-st., on MONDAY EVENING March 22, at 7½ o'clock. Subject—*Influence of Climate Upon Civilization.* Tickets, 50 cents, may be obtained at E. J. BROWN & CO.'S, No. 145 Broadway; T. J. CROWEN'S No. 699 Broadway; and at the Library. The number of tickets to be sold is limited to 500.

EDWIN J. BROWN, Chairman of Lec. Com.

THE DEACON OF GLENWOOD'S LECTURE on *Fun, Seriously Considered.* By special request Mr. DE CORDOVA will repeat at Clinton Hall, Astor-place, on TUESDAY EVENING, 23d inst., his lecture on *Fun, Seriously Considered.* The lecture will commence at 8 o'clock. Tickets 50 cents each, to be had at Messrs. Wm. Hall & Son's, No. 239 Broadway; Messrs. Firth, Pond & Co., No. 547 Broadway; Messrs. Stanford & Delisser's, No. 637 Broadway, and at the door on the night of the lecture.

A LECTURE ON KANSAS, ITS POSITION, prospects, Climate, Society and advantages for investment and business, will be delivered at Hope Chapel, No. 720 Broadway, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, March 24, at 7½ o'clock, by R. H. SHANNON, Esq. Gov. WALKER is expected to be present. Tickets 50 cents, to be had at the principal book and music stores, and at the door.

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

MASONIC ANCIENT CHAPTER, NO 1 R. A. M.—The companions of Ancient Chapter are requested to attend the funeral of the late Gran. Organist. R. M. Condon P. M., at his late residence, No. 91 East 13th st., between 3d and 4th avs., this day, (Monday,) at 2 o'clock P. M.

THOMAS FORSYTH, M. E. H. P.

J. SUSSE, Secretary.

NEW-YORK YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION, No. 32 Waverley-place. Monthly meeting on MONDAY EVENING, March 22, at 7½ o'clock. An essay will be read by Mr. FRANK W. SHEPHERD. Subject—*The Mission of the Truly Great.* Young men are cordially invited to attend

EUGENE THOMSON, Recording Secretary.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

CHRIST ON THE CROSS.—THIS EVENING the Rev. Dr. ARMITAGE will begin a course of lectures, (of half an hour each,) in the Norfolk-st. Baptist Church, on *The Seven Sentences which the Saviour Uttered upon the Cross.* Services to commence each evening during the week at 7½ o'clock.

THERE WILL BE A DAILY UNION PRAYER MEETING in the Lecture room of the Mercer-st. Church, at 4 o'clock P. M. The Lecture room is on Greene-st., near 8th st., directly in the rear of the Church. All interested are invited to attend.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—STEAMER WORCESTER NOW RUNning on the Norwich line for Boston, in good order and condition; has first-class state-rooms and berths for 300 passengers, and large freight capacity; very light on coal; light draft of water. For further information, inquire of E S MARTIN, agent, Pier No. 18 North River, foot Courtlandt-st

LUMBER YARD FOR SALE.—THE STOCK and all the necessary fixtures of an old-established yard. Location very desirable Stock light. Will be sold without the stock if desired. Apply on the premises, corner Broome and Tompkins sts. to

THOMAS C. ALDEN.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—THE STOCK AND fixtures of a genteel boarding house, doing a good business, the owner wishing to travel in Europe. None but such as have a pecuniary responsibility, and can come well recommended, need apply. Apply at No. 67 West 38th-st.

IRON FOUNDRY TO LET—NO. 99 GRAND-st., Williamsburg. Cupola, steam engine, sand, and everything complete for moulding. The floor is 40 by 100 feet. For further particulars inquire of O. NEWCOMB, No. 21 East Broadway, from 2 to 4 P. M.

COAL-YARD FOR SALE.—THE LEASE fixtures and good will of an old-established coal-yard, in a central location, and now doing a good business. For terms, apply at the coal office No. 149 Waverley-place, near 6th av.

COAL YARD FOR SALE—ONE OF THE OLDest and best established yards in the City; horses, carts, &c; location not to be excelled for a first-class well-paying local business. Apply, immediately to WM. H. LUSH, No. 296 4th-av.

WANTED TO PURCHASE—A RESPECTABLE Cash Business, that pays large profits. Those having such to dispose of, can address, giving full particulars, (none others noticed,) H. P. L., Box 2,786, Post-office.

WANTED—A PARTNER IN THE LUMBER BUSIness, with cash capital of $6,000 or $7,000; or would sell on reasonable terms, if desired. An old stand—location good Address M. B., *Times* Office.

$2,000.—WANTED—A PARTNER WITH THE above amount, in an established and profitable manufacturing business. For particulars, apply to W. A. WHITE, No. 163 Elm st., near Grand.

FOR SALE—A BUTCHER'S SHOP, WITH FIXtures, and a good run of customers. Inquire corner of 24th st and 9th av.

DENTISTRY.

NEW INVENTION FOR ARTIFICIAL Teeth, without metal plates, clasps, or extracting the roots by Dr. S. B. SIGESMOND, No 61 Bleecker-st., (formerly No 651 Broadway) At his office may be seen the certificates of the first citizens, attesting the superiority of his invention, after a year's trial.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

FRESH AND STANDARD BOOKS
AT AUCTION.
THE ENTIRE RETAIL STOCK OF
G. P. PUTNAM
Will be sold at the Store
No. 321 Broadway,
ON WEDNESDAY, March 24,
and following days,
Commencing at 3½ o'clock P. M.
each day.
G. A. LEAVITT & CO., Auctioneers.

⁂ Catalogues are now ready.

The collection embraces a large variety of choice and desirable books, many of which are in FINE BINDINGS.

THE GREAT AMERICAN NOVEL.
WASHINGTON IRVING'S REAL LETTER.
SARTAROE: A TALE OF NORWAY.
By J. A. MAITLAND,
Author of "The Watchman," "The Wanderer," "The Diary of an Old Doctor," "The Lawyer's Story," &c.

Complete in one volume, neatly bound in cloth, for One Dollar and Twenty-five Cents, or in two volumes, paper cover, for One Dollar.

Here is a copy of the "Simon Pure" letter from WASHINGTON IRVING to the author of the work:

SUNNYSIDE, Dec. 12, 1857.

DEAR SIR: I have repeatedly, though the press, given a general apology for a want of promptness in replying to my almost innumerable correspondents.

The literary task on which I am engaged engrosses all the time and mind I can devote to the pen at my advanced period of life, so that I find it impossible to cope with the correspondence which overwhelms me.

I read your work with interest and satisfaction. It is written in a good style, is graphic in its details, and gives animated and entertaining pictures of scenery, manners and characters in Norway. Different members of my family have derived both pleasure and information from the perusal of it. I think, therefore, that it will prove a successful publication, and that you will be encouraged to proceed in your literary enterprises.

Wishing you a prosperous career,
I remain yours respectfully,
WASHINGTON IRVING.

JAMES A. MAITLAND, Esq.

Published this day, and for sale at wholesale or retail, at
T. B. PETERSON & BROTHERS',
No. 306 Chestnut st., Philadelphia.
Or at
E. D. LONG'S,
Agents for Publishers, No. 126 Nassau-st., N. Y. and by all Booksellers and News Agents all over the United States.

WINNER'S PIANO-FORTE PRIMER—The simplest and best book for the piano-forte ever published. It contains the words and music of all of the new songs of the day, such as "Gentle Annie," "Willie, we have missed you," &c. Price 50 cents. Sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of the marked price.

FIRTH, POND & CO., No. 547 Broadway, New-York.

MILLINERY.

NO. 1 OPENING.
JAMES G. AITKEN,
(Successor to Molyneux Bell.)
Is pleased to announce that he will have his first
OPENING DISPLAY OF
SPRING AND SUMMER MANTILLAS
and
PARIS MILLINERY
On Thursday next, March 25, 1858,

at which time he will be happy to see all his friends and patrons, feeling confident that the previous standing and character of the Mantillas produced by the late house of Molyneux Bell will be well sustained this season; and his splendid stock of
BONNETS, DRESS-CAPS AND HEAD-DRESSES,
will very much add to the interest of the occasion.

JAMES G. AITKEN,
(Successor to Molyneux Bell,)
No. 303 Canal-st.

N. B.—A beautiful assortment of Bonnets, Dress Caps and Head Dresses, just arrived by the *Arabia*, and will be ready to show on the above-mentioned day. J. G. A.

GRAND EXPOSITION PUBLIQUE
OF PARIS AND YORK MILLINERY,
BY WILLIAM BUCHANAN MACKENZIE,
Nos 294 and 296 CANAL ST.
(Brandreth's Building.)
On THURSDAY, March 25th,
FIRST PUBLIC OPENING OF AN UNRIVALED
AND TRULY BEAUTIFUL SELECTION
OF LADIES' AND MISSES'
BONNETS,

comprising the most distinguished Parisian novelties, also a superb collection of New-York manufacture, designed and executed by the most celebrated artists in the country, equal to any that can possibly be produced, and at prices to suit the times

Ladies are assured that the assortment here presented will challenge comparison with any in the city, and they will not be required to pay the hitherto "fancy prices" exacted by first class milliners.

N B.—This house claims especial attention from strangers and visitors, as only one price is asked, from which there is no deviation and all articles shown may be relied upon as being what they are represented.

Opening day, Thursday, March 25.

WILLIAM BUCHANAN MACKENZIE.

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S BONNETS.
EXCLUSIVE SPRING STYLES.
Imported and manufactured solely for
GENIN'S BAZAAR,
No. 513 Broadway,
St. Nicholas Hotel.

MRS. E. M. & A. HUBBARD,
NO. 7 BOND-STREET.

Our first opening of SPRING MILLINERY, will take place on THURSDAY, March 25, 1858. Particular attention paid to mourning hats.

1858.—WM. SIMMONS WILL OPEN A rich and varied assortment of Paris Spring Millinery on Thursday, March 25, at No 564 Broadway.

WM. SIMMONS.

MRS. D. P. BURDGE AND MISS M. MONROE will open, on Thursday, March 25, an ENTIRE NEW STOCK OF CHOICE SPRING MILLINERY, at No. 856 Broadway, near 14th-st.

MRS. S. G. WOOD, NO. 569 BROADWAY, corner of Prince-st., will open Spring Paris Millinery on Thursday, March 25.

MISS A. ERICKSON WILL OPEN A LARGE assortment of Spring Millinery on Thursday, March 25, at her rooms, No. 473 Broadway, up stairs.

INSTRUCTION.

ALONZO FLACK, A. M., PRINCIPAL OF the Hudson River Institute, Claverack, Columbia Co., N. Y., three miles from Hudson City, offers the best educational facilities for $40 per term, including board, washing and furnished room. For further particulars, call and see Prof. FLACK, any hour in the evening at his rooms, International Hotel, No. 357 Broadway, or drop him a line and he will call and see you.

BOYS FROM BOARDING SCHOOL MAY spend the April vacation at Dolbear's Commercial Academy No. 609 Broadway and learn more of writing, arithmetic or book-keeping in one month than in a quarter at school. Terms $10. Mr. D. gives private lessons in business writing, and removes stiffness or trembling for every hand. For seats, apply immediately.

BENNINGTON SEMINARY, VERMONT.—A BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS.—GEORGE W. YATES, A. M., Principal; $140 per year. Particulars and circulars of SETH B. HUNT, Esq., No. 145 Broadway; or of the Principal.

LANDSCAPE SKETCHING AND PAINTING from Nature, taught in one month, by S. WOOD, No. 231 6th-av. A few pupils received during this month, to finish by the 1st of May. This system is truthful, pleasant and expeditious.

MOUNT WASHINGTON COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE—No. 218 4th-st., corner of Macdougal-st., opened its fifteenth school-year on Monday, Sept. 14. GEO. W. CLARKE, JAMES FANNING, Principals.

MRS. BENEDICT'S BOARDING AND Day School for Young Ladies and Children. Also, a class for little boys. No. 4 West 37th-st.

TEACHERS.

WANTED—A RESIDENT ASSISTANT.—WANTED, early in April, in a limited school near Philadelphia, an unmarried man experienced in teaching and skilful in maintaining discipline. His whole time will be required, as he will have to take charge of the pupils in their hours of amusement and to accompany them on Sunday to an Episcopal Church. A knowledge of classics is not necessary, but an extensive and accurate acquaintance with Mathematics, and with the English branches usually taught in Classical Schools, is indispensable. He must write well, and a higher salary will be given to one who can teach Drawing. Unexceptionable references required. Address B. C. M., West Haverford, Penn.

VISITING OR RESIDENT GOVERNESS.—A young lady, who is experienced in teaching music, French Italian and the usual English branches, and who has taught in some of the best families in New-York, wishes an engagement in the City. Address G. S., No. 256 Degraw st., Brooklyn.

A YOUNG PARISIAN LADY IS DESIROUS of engaging with a private family, where instruction in French and music would be received for board She is also willing to give lessons at a boarding-school or at private residences. Apply at No. 124 Lexington-av., from 3 to 5 P. M.

INSTRUCTION—A LADY, WHO IS AN EXPERIenced teacher, fully competent to instruct in English, French and Music, desires an engagement as resident governess. Would be willing to accompany a family to Europe. Unexceptionable City reference will be given. Address A. B., Madison-square Post-Office.

A LADY, EXPERIENCED IN TEACHING the English branches, with French and Music, wishes to obtain a situation as governess, in a school or family. Best references given. Address A. C., Union-square Post-Office, for three days.

TEACHER.—AN ENGAGEMENT WANTED TO teach the English branches, with rudiments of French and music embroidering &c., either in a school or family. Address LYDDIA, Union-square Post-Office.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—THREE CERTIFICATES OF STOCK OF THE Cary Improvement Company, (issued at agency in New-York,) numbered 329, 330, 331, each for one hundred shares, in name of the undersigned, dated May 30, 1855. All persons are cautioned not to receive or negotiate said certificates.

DREXEL & CO.

PHILADELPHIA, March 19, 1858.

DOG LOST—FIVE DOLLARS REWARD.—LOST, on Saturday afternoon, in Broadway, opposite the Museum, a small sized black-and-tan slut. Had on a red patent leather collar, with black edge. Whoever will return the same to No. 94 Chambers st., up stairs, will receive the above reward.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE NEW-YORK CONDENSED MILK COMPANY,

A Corporation under the laws of this State, having purchased the patent right for this City and vicinity, will, on April 1, be prepared to deliver, to the residents of New-York and Brooklyn, at their dwellings,

BORDEN'S
C O N D E N S E D M I L K.

It is simply pure milk, from which the water has been evaporated in *vacuo*, when perfectly new and fresh.

There is no use to which ordinary milk is applied for which this is not equally valuable, and for many purposes it is much superior; used in coffee about one teaspoonful undiluted to the cup, equals best cream.

During the last season it was subjected to the most careful scientific tests, by a Committee of the Academy of Medicine who visited the works at Burrville, Conn., and witnessed the whole process Their report (copies of which may be had at the Company's Dépôt) is in strong commendation.

Recommended, in many instances, by physicians of high standing for young and feeble children, its uniformly beneficial effect upon them, is, perhaps, the best test of its purity and value

Owing chiefly to its density, it is affected much less than common milk by the action of the atmosphere. It has repeatedly been used on the voyage to Europe and back, and on its return to this port found perfectly sweet. When mingled with sugar, (like all other preparations for preserving milk,) or when hermetically sealed, it will remain good for many months

Mr. Borden, the patentee is a large stockholder, and the establishment at Burrville, Conn., remains under his superintendence.

It was in regular use the last season by about two hundred families, whose names and residences may be seen at the Dépôt.

The price has been reduced to 25 cents per quart.

1½ quarts water to 1 quart condensed milk makes 2½ quarts equal to cream

4 quarts to 1 makes 5 quarts rich milk.

5 quarts to 1 makes 6 quarts good milk.

6 quarts to 1 makes 7 quarts, as good as the ordinary milk

When diluted 5 or 6 to 1, a very little salt corrects the freshness of the Croton and improves the taste.

Three times a week being as often as consumers need receive it, no deliveries will be made on Sunday.

It is now on sale at the Dépôt, No. 173 Canal-st., second block west of the Bowery.

UP THE MEDITERRANEAN,
PLEASURE VOYAGE,
BY STEAMER ERICSSON,
A. B. LOWBER, Commander.

The ERICSSON will leave New-York on Saturday, May 1, at 2 o'clock P. M. on the above voyage, stopping a given number of days at Gibraltar, Malta, Alexandria, Jaffa, (for Jerusalem,) Constantinople, Athens and Naples.

Full steamer fare for the voyage, $750.

No berth secured till paid for.

For further particulars, apply to
DUNHAM & CO., No. 13 William-st., New-York.

COLT'S PISTOL DEPOT.
COLT'S NEW RIFLES,
all sizes, always on hand and for sale by
A. W. SPIES & CO.,
No 91 Maiden-lane, New-York.
A liberal discount made to the trade.
ALSO DOUBLE AND SINGLE
GUNS, RIFLES,
PISTOLS,
AND
REVOLVERS OF ALL KINDS.
BOWIE KNIVES, POCKET CUTLERY, PERCUSSION CAPS WADDING, &c.
Together with every article in the Sporting line.
FOR CASH OR APPROVED CREDIT.

MASONS!—PARTICULARLY YOU BROTHER Companions of the R. Arch, I would respectfully urge you to use your influence in my behalf. I am a young married man, and am in want of a situation where my business faculties would justify my employer in giving a liberal salary Am conversant with the duties of an accountant, and have filled the positions of salesman, cashier and book-keeper in my present situation during the past 8 years, and change only on account of the times. Should you be aware of any vacancy, be kind enough to address, with particulars, DELTA, Williamsburg Long Island.

LACE CURTAINS, EMBROIDERIES, laces, &c., cleaned and refinished in a superior manner, at the Long Island Lace Finishing Works. JAMES RENNIE & CO., having long experience and unlimited facilities, combining clear air, pure water, and grass bleaching, feel confident of continuing to please. Repairing done with care and orders attended to with dispatch from all parts of the United States. Works, Unionville, L. I. Dépôt, No. 634 Broadway, Enameled Furniture store, 3 doors below Bleecker-st.

UNION BANK, NEW-YORK, March 16, 1858.

$1,000 REWARD.—ONE THOUSAND DOLlars reward will be paid by this Bank for the apprehension and safe custody, in this City, of BENJAMIN K. BROTHERSON, late third book-keeper in this Bank, a defaulter to a large amount, and gone to parts unknown Said Brotherson is of slight form, about five feet eight inches in height sandy hair and whiskers, has a peculiar habit of carrying his arms extended from his body, and is about 38 or 40 years of age

E. H. ARTHUR, Cashier.

WATCHMAKERS AND JEWELERS' IRON FIRE-PROOF AND BURGLAR PROOF SAFE—A large size safe, with combination lock, furnished with drawers complete; cost $600; price $400. Inquire of F. KISSAM, No 91 Maiden-lane

BOARDING.

BOARD WANTED—FOR A GENTLEMAN, WIFE, child (1 year old) and servant; a suite of furnished rooms, front, with all modern improvements, not more than two stories above dining-room, with good, plain table, dinner not earlier than 6 P. M., between Bleecker and 14th sts., 3d and 5th avs., from 1st April to 15th June. Private family preferred. References given and required. Address H. T. H., Box No. 377 Post Office, stating price, and not to exceed $20 per week.

PRIVATE BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—A suite of desirable rooms, unexpectedly vacated, suitable for a gentleman and wife, or two single gentlemen. The location is one of the most eligible in Brooklyn. References required. Apply to No. 100 Henry st., between Pierpont and Clark sts

BOARD WANTED—FOR SELF, WIFE AND two children, 4 and 9 years of age; front room and bed-room, with all the conveniences attached, gas, &c.; location between 15th and 29th sts. and 3d and 6th avs. References exchanged, stating terms, which must be moderate. Address W. H., this office.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS.—A SMALL private family, in the neighborhood of Union-square and Clarendon Hotel, wish to let a parlor and bedroom, with or without breakfast, to a single gentleman. Persons only who have respect for the Sabbath need apply. Address BERTRAND, No 300 Union-square Post Office.

BOARDING.—A GENTLEMAN WISHES A pleasant parlor and bedroom, with board for himself, wife and child, with a strictly private family where there are no other boarders; dinner on Saturday only for the gentleman. Address C. I. B., Box No. 3,551, Post-Office.

BOARDING.—A ROOM IN A PRIVATE HOUSE where no boarders are taken, suitable for a married couple or two single gentlemen, with board, if desired. The comforts and freedom of home to be enjoyed. Terms moderate. No. 210 West 19th-st.

BOARDING.—BOARD FOR A GENTLEMAN AND wife with a strictly private family; the house has all the modern improvements; the apartments consist of one splendid parlor, furnished with rosewood sets and one or two bedrooms, situated No. 109 2d-av.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—GENTLEMEN WITH their wives, or single gentlemen, can be accommodated with very pleasant and comfortable rooms and good board. Apply at No. 79 Sands-st., corner of Jay, Brooklyn. References required.

BOARDING IN A PRIVATE FAMILY, with large and handsomely furnished apartments, for a gentleman and his wife, in the immediate neighborhood of Madison-square. Address Box No. 1,312 New-York Post-Office.

PRIVATE BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—Suites of rooms may be obtained for gentlemen and their wives, or single gentlemen, at No. 38 Clark-st., convenient to Wall st. or Fulton ferry, and within a few steps of the cars.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—FOR A gentleman and his wife, two children and nurse, in a private family, in the vicinity of Yonkers, from the 15th of June to the 15th of September. Address, stating terms, Box No. 674 Post-Office.

BOARD WANTED—IN A PRIVATE FAMILY, within five minutes' walk of the Packer Institute, for two young ladies A large room on the 2d or 3d floor required. Address, with terms, location, &c., Box No 176 Brooklyn Post-Office

APARTMENTS—WITH OR WITHOUT FULL OR partial board, for a gentleman and wife, or a single gentleman, in a small private family; location unexceptionable. Apply between 12 M and 4 P. M. at No. 256 West 19th-st. References exchanged.

OFFICE WANTED—BY A PHYSICIAN, WITH board in a respectable private family. Situation preferred between 26th and 35th sts., Lexington and 6th avs. Terms must be moderate. Address P. M., Bellevue Hospital.

NOS. 55 AND 57 WEST TWENTY-THIRD-ST.—Handsomely furnished rooms to let, with board, at moderate prices. House first-class with all the modern improvements. Dinner at 6.

TO LET—A SUITE OF HANDSOMELY-FURnished rooms on 2d floor, singly or together, to gentlemen, or gentlemen and their wives; family private; references exchanged. Apply at No. 141 West 34th st.

ROOMS TO LET—TO GENTLEMEN AT NO. 85 East 28th-st. near Lexington-av., in a private family, one large room on second floor, furnished or unfurnished, a back parlor on the first floor; also, one front room on the third floor with gas.

BOARDING—AT NOS. 45, 47 AND 49 EAST Broadway for gentlemen and their wives and for single gentlemen.

E. BOUTON.

LAND WARRANTS.

TO HOLDERS OF LAND WARRANTS.—
COLE, SUMNER & CO.,
BANKERS, LA CROSSE, WIS.

Will locate Land Warrants on selected lands in Wisconsin, at the opening of the Land Offices, the 5th day of April. Address early and secure good locations. Refer to KETCHUM, HOWE & CO., Traders' and Importers' Bank, New York.

UNITED STATES PASSPORTS—INDISPENsable to travelers, issued through J. B. NONES, Notary Public and Commissioner for all the States, No. 13 Warren st., corner of Broadway. Naturalized citizens must produce their naturalization papers. Also, Bounty Lands Pension Extra Pay &c., procured.

DANCING.

A. DODWORTH'S DANCING ACADEMIES
No. 806 Broadway, New-York,
No. 137 Montague-place, Brooklyn.
Classes will be continued until June 1. Pupils received at any time.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, MONDAY, MARCH 22, 1858.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

THE DAILY TIMES is published every morning:—price Two Cents; served at 12½ cents a week; mailed, Six Dollars a year.

The SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES—Three Dollars a year; two copies, to one address, for Five Dollars.

The WEEKLY TIMES—Two Dollars a year; ten copies, to one address, for Twelve Dollars; twenty copies, to one address, for Twenty Dollars. *Any person sending us a Club of twenty or more, will be entitled to an extra copy.*

Terms—Cash invariably in advance.

All letters to be addressed to the "New-York Times, New-York City."

Amusements This Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC, Fourteenth-street—Italian Opera—The Huguenots.

WALLACK'S THEATRE, Broadway and Broome—Jessie Brown—Married Bachelor.

BURTON'S THEATRE, Broadway, opposite Bond-st.—The Mormons—Wanted, a Happy Family.

BROADWAY THEATRE, Broadway—Nena Sahib—Grand Acts in the Arena.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE—Jonathan Bradford—The Village Lawyer—To Parents and Guardians.

PURDY'S NATIONAL THEATRE, Chatham-street—Jessie Brown—Fall of Algiers—Jumbo Jum.

BOWERY THEATRE, Bowery—Emperor of France—Hofer—Moment of Peril.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM—Afternoon and Evening—Bride of an Evening.

NYE'S GALLERY OF PAINTINGS, Art Union Rooms, No. 497 Broadway.

Mails Close at Post-Office.

North—Albany, Buffalo and Canadas..........3½ P. M.
North and West Way Mail..........5½ A. M.
Western Mail via Erie Railroad.....5½ A. M. and 3½ P. M.
South Mail through Western Ohio....7 A. M. and 4½ P. M.
East for Boston, &c..........5½ A. M. and 2 P. M.

Ocean Steamers.

The Canada leaves Boston for Liverpool, March 24.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

By the arrival of the Cunard steamship *Arabia* at this port on Saturday, we have received London and Liverpool advices to the 6th inst.—three days later. The political news is not of a very interesting character. Most of the members of the Derby Cabinet had been reëlected, but otherwise there was a complete lull in politics. An important conference of delegates from the Italian States had been held in London. Its principal object was to revive the agitation for a confederation of the Italian States subject to a controlling power. We give elsewhere a synopsis of the proceedings of this conference. The Refugee question is still attracting attention in England. M. Barnard, accused of being an accomplice of Orsini in the late attempt on the life of the Emperor, had been reëxamined, and some curious information respecting the manufacture of the fulminating bombs, and Allsop's complicity in the plot, had been elicited. The appeal of the French conspirators to the Court de Cassation would be heard on the 9th, but it was not likely that a new trial would be granted. We further receive, by the *Arabia*, later intelligence from Australia and the Cape of Good Hope. Details will be found on another page of this morning's paper.

Gen. Calhoun has at last unbosomed himself with reference to the result of the Kansas election. He has, as he says, received reliable evidence that the vote returned from Delaware Crossing should be thrown out, and therefore will issue the certificates of election to the persons having the highest number of votes in Leavenworth County, irrespective of that precinct. So the Free-State character of the Government of Kansas is now placed beyond a peradventure. Gen. Calhoun, in his letter published elsewhere, gives the names of those persons to whom he intends to issue the certificates.

In the U. S. Senate on Saturday a report on our relations with China was presented by Mr. Bayard, of Delaware. Mr. Foote, of Vermont, spoke on the Kansas bill, in which he discussed the question with ability. He was followed by Mr. Simmons, of Rhode Island. Mr. Bright, of Indiana, spoke on the Lecompton side of the question. When he had concluded, the Senate took a recess. At 7 P. M. it met again. Only 5 Senators were present. Mr. Toombs facetiously adverted to the empty seats. Mr. Brown, of Mississippi, complained that Mr. Wilson had unjustly imputed disunion sentiments to him. Mr. Wilson explained. Mr. Broderick, of California, thought the Senate should adjourn as a number of Senators wished to speak, who would not wish to address less than a dozen auditors. Motion to adjourn to Monday was lost. Mr. Wilson spoke replying at length and minutely to Mr. Hammond's statistics. Mr. Stuart, of Michigan, obtained the floor for Monday, and the Senate adjourned.

In the House of Representatives, Mr. Farnsworth, of Illinois, spoke against the Lecompton bill. He concluded by declaring that he would never vote for the admission of another Slave State. Mr. Maynard, of Tennessee, spoke in favor of Lecompton, saying that the true issue had been stated by Mr. Farnsworth—"No more Slave States." Mr. Waldron, of Michigan, opposed the Kansas bill, declaring that his State would oppose the admission of any more Slave States. Mr. Giddings, of Ohio, then took the floor, when a conversation ensued on the question, whether the Republican Party would oppose, under all circumstances the admission of Slave States in future. Mr. Colfax, of Indiana, spoke at length on the Kansas question, pronouncing strongly against more Slave States. Mr. Adrain, of New Jersey, said if he should vote for Lecompton, with its gross frauds, he would not dare to face his Democratic constituency. Mr. Searing, of New-York, advocated Lecompton. Mr. Wright, of Tennessee, would vote for Lecompton, to give peace to Kansas. Mr. Morse, of New-York, spoke against the extension of Slavery. Mr. Smith, of Illinois, opposed Lecompton, but not on Anti-Slavery grounds. He would not vote for the admission of Kansas under a Constitution which her people do not approve. The House adjourned.

Messrs. Morrill, Wade, Bennett, Walbridge and Buffinton, the Republican members of the Kansas Investigating Committee, have published their minority report, a synopsis of which will be found in this morning's Times. It presents the case strongly and conclusively.

In answer to a resolution of the State Senate, Comptroller Church has sent in his opinion as to the propriety of changing the assessment laws, with a view to equalize the taxation of real and personal property. He regards the distinction recognized by the laws now in force as without foundation in principle, and unjust to the citizens of the State, and suggests such legislation as in his opinion would tend to lessen the evils complained of.

The veteran General Twiggs, for alleged contempt of the War Department, is to be tried by Court Martial at Newport Barracks, Newport, Ky., on the 10th of April next. The circumstances are understood to be briefly as follows: Gen. Twiggs found fault with the result of a Court of Inquiry, held on an officer of his division. The War Department disapproved then of Twiggs' course, censured him for it, and ordered him to publish the censure in a general order. This he did, but adding critical comments which are considered disrespectful and insubordinate.

The steamship *Black Warrior*, from New-Orleans and Havana, with advices from the latter place to the 16th inst., has arrived. The prices of Sugars were tending upward, the stock on hand being 88,000 boxes. Great preparations were being made for the celebration of the birth of the Prince of Asturias, to commence at the close of Lent. Scarcely anything else was talked of or thought of.

We have received a copy of the of *British Packet* of Buenos Ayres of Jan. 23d, by the arrival of the brig *Mary Wilkins*. It says that "the local events of the week have been of secondary importance, and we are still in the dark as to the state and prospects of the Oriental question." Exchange on the United States was at par.

On Saturday, at his office in Chamber-street, Recorder Barnard heard the arguments of counsel on the motion to discharge from custody Mr. Jacob H. Mott, accused as an accomplice in the recent frauds on the Union Bank by Brotherson, the book keeper. The Recorder intimated the opinion that Mott could be held for conspiring to forge under the 35th section of the statute on forgery, but reserved his decision till Tuesday.

From the report of the City Inspector we learn that there were 161 deaths in the City last week—51 less than during the week preceding. 12 of these were occasioned by small-pox and 10 by violent causes.

Patrick McLoughlin, better known as "Paudeen," and especially notorious from his connection with the Stanwix Hall tragedy, in which Bill Poole lost his life, was shot between 2 and 3 o'clock Saturday morning, in No. 23 Howard-street, by a desperado named Daniel, *alias* "Dad," Cunningham. Paudeen said something derogatory to the pugilistic powers of John Morrissey, which Cunningham pronounced a lie. Paudeen seized Cunningham, and demanded a retraction. Cunningham told him to let go three times without avail, and then drew a revolver, and shot Paudeen, who instantly fell to the floor, without uttering a word. The bullet lodged in the breast. The wounded man was taken to the New-York Hospital, and Cunningham was arrested. At the Hospital an effort was made to find the bullet, but without success. It is supposed to be lodged either in the left lung or in the muscles of the breast. The physicians pronounced the wound fatal, but Paudeen was alive at a late hour Sunday night.

The General Markets on Saturday closed more vigorously for Flour and Wheat. Corn was heavy and languid. Cotton was unsettled, sales having been reported of 1,250 bales at easier prices, though some holders refused to make any concession. Provisions were brisker, and closed with increased firmness. Sugars and Molasses were freely dealt in at buoyant rates. Common Resin was in active demand at full quotations. Freights were quiet, with 650 vessels of all classes in port. There were 208 vessels in the port of New-Orleans on the 12th inst.

Orsini and the Italian Revolutionists.

Napoleon III. is exerting himself to the uttermost to recover the ground which has been lost for him by his lieutenants. He has made the *amende* to England for the violent and inconsiderate language of De Morny and Walewski; he has put a stop to the minatory effusions of his legionaries; he has endeavored to explain away the formidable appointment of General Espinasse to the Ministry of his domestic policy; and he has set off against those new laws of repression, which carried such reasonable alarm into the heart of France, a most unusual magnanimity and candor in dealing with conspirators on their trial for an unparalleled attempt upon his life. The gossips of Paris assert that two reports of the case of Orsini were laid before the Government—the one weeded of all dangerous brilliancies and liberties of expression; the other literal and accurate, embodying the boldest statements of Orsini in avowal of his designs upon Europe through the Emperor, and the most exciting appeals of Orsini's eloquent counsel, M. Jules Favre, in vindication of his client's patriotism, and in condemnation of all despotic attempts to stifle Conspiracy by strangling Freedom. The Emperor, we are told, selected the latter of these accounts for publication, and signified his imperial will that everything should be put before the world precisely as it came before the Court. And it is even rumored in Paris—no doubt upon the strength of this conduct, which must have taken the public somewhat by surprise—that Napoleon intends to spare the life of the young Roman *carbonaro*. However this may be, the Emperor has certainly compromised his relations with Austria by the publicity which he has given to the strong and even denunciatory language of a letter addressed to himself by the prisoner. Orsini, after frankly declaring that he sought to kill the Emperor as the one great obstacle in the way of Italian freedom, goes on to say that he looks now to the Emperor alone for the safety of his country. He implores Napoleon to put an end to the troubles of Europe by arresting with his all-powerful hand any attempt at intervention between Austria in the approaching hour of her death-struggle with Italy and the Italian States. He asks him to cease to be the stumbling-block and to become the savior of twenty-four millions of Italians resolved to wrest their liberties and the right to control their own affairs from the "barbarians of the North," and he reminds him that the great Napoleon, his predecessor, made himself master of Europe by making Italy independent of her foreign oppressors.

Contemporaneously with the publication of this letter in Paris, meetings are held of delegates to an Italian Conference made up of the Italian friends of Constitutional Government, who disown all the sects of the conspirators and the Mazzinisti, and deprecate every attempt at a mere "seditious outbreak" as fatal to the reasonable hopes of their nation.

Their object is stated by themselves to be "the formation of a confederation among the various States for mutual support, and the urging upon the Sovereigns of Italy of immediate concessions to their several people in the form of a free constitution founded upon the principles of that now enjoyed by the people of Sardinia." The Conference intend to publish an address to all the Governments of Europe; and it cannot be doubted that some serious movement of a more grave and united character than has hitherto been made by the Liberal Party of Italy is now under contemplation. The letter of Orsini to the Emperor may be taken as a formal confession by the man who has earned the sad right to be regarded as the first of Italian conspirators, that conspiracy and assassination can never save his country or sanctify her cause; and, if the position of Napoleon III. at home has not already become complicated beyond the possibility of redemption—as many of the closest observers of his course believe—the French Emperor may electrify the world afresh by taking up a position in regard to the Austro-Italian question as unexpected and as overwhelming as his action in the matter of the Revolution of 1849, and in the great Russian war.

Calhoun has Spoken.—The letter of John Calhoun, in respect to the election of members of the Kansas Legislature under the Lecompton Constitution, is published in this morning's Times. Mr. Calhoun rejects the returns from the Delaware Crossing, and expresses his intention to "issue the certificates of election to the persons having the highest number of votes in Leavenworth County, irrespective of the Delaware Crossing Precinct." This decision will give the Free-State Party a control of the Legislature, a result which Mr. C. very feelingly says he "regrets."

The only remarkable thing about this announcement is that it was not made before. For weeks it has been withheld, evidently to favor the passage of the Lecompton Constitution through Congress, Mr. Calhoun being all the time in Washington, watching the progress of Lecompton, and advising with its supporters. The publication of his decision cannot fail to have a depressing effect upon the Administration Party—as it renders victory, if victory they achieve, practically no better than defeat; for the admission of Kansas will immediately introduce two more Republican members into the Senate. It may, therefore, be assumed that Calhoun's decision could no longer be deferred, and that the hopes of Lecomptonites are anything but brilliant.

More Civilization.

Another of those agreeable incidents which throw so pleasing a light upon the mysteries of a certain kind of life in New York, occurred on Saturday last. "A pugilistic encounter" took place at a low dance-house in Howard-street between two of those "noted characters," whose well-established celebrity for violence and villainy of various kinds seems rather to commend them to the admiration of a select circle of sympathizing friends, and to secure for them no inconsiderable influence upon the political destinies of this free and enlightened people, than to fasten upon them the unfavorable attention of the Police. One of these individuals, "Paudeen" by name, and by birth an Irish-American, of Cohoes in this State, was a conspicuous agent in the Stanwix Hall murder of Mr. William Poole, and having been mortally wounded by his antagonist, Daniel, *alias* "Daddy" Cunningham, is now, we presume, awaiting a like apotheosis at the hands of his numerous friends, with that which was bestowed upon the "victim" of Mr. Lewis Baker. The records of "Paudeen's" career in New-York are familiar, it appears, as household words to the Police, among whom he has been known, and, of course, duly respected, as a terrible "striker," "who, upon the slightest provocation, would not hesitate to do anything bad, no matter how mischievous or malicious it might be." He had been engaged in a vast number of savage assaults and election riots before he drew upon himself the deadly fire of "Daddy" Cunningham, by what seems to have been a most unprovoked and absolutely Congressional battery of foul words on Saturday night. The place in which this vile affair was brewed is a notorious resort of men like Paudeen and his foe, who congregate there, in company with the lowest of the other sex, and the fatal assault was made at about 3½ o'clock on Saturday morning. If the Police of London or Paris should see a "dance-house" of such a character, open and flaring with lights at such an hour, it is more than probable that some of their number might be found strolling about in the immediate vicinity; for it is the principle of an efficient police commander, as of an efficient general, to watch the points at which his enemies are likely to rendezvous. But the conflict between "Paudeen," and "Daddy" Cunningham began, was continued and ended, without the interference of anything resembling a policeman—and when the fatal shot had been discharged, the victorious Cunningham was absolutely obliged to arrest himself, which he did, by walking quietly off to a police-station in the Fifth Precinct, where he surrendered himself to a sergeant whom he fortunately found on the spot. The news of the affair spread rapidly through the neighborhood of the scene of action, and in a short time afterwards several policemen reached the place, one of whom is charged by the physician in attendance upon the wounded man with using the worst language, and with compelling him to carry his patient, not to the Hospital, but to the Station-house, at great additional risk to his life.

From first to last, this affair is sadly illustrative of the fearful dangers in the midst of which our busy community pursues its busy way. It reveals to us afresh the solidity and extent of organization attained by our criminal population, the world of recklessness, ferocity and license which fulfills its evil mission in the heart of this metropolis. It paints anew the moral so often urged upon our attention and always in vain—of that indifference to the common interest which has grown apace upon the respectable and responsible citizens of New-York within the last few years, and which unnerves the arm by relaxing the discipline of all municipal authority. But what right have we to expect that this catastrophe like so many others will not "overcome us like a Summer's cloud," and awaken neither special wonder nor specific action?

> The New-York Times is hardly correct in stating that the grounds of the address of the two branches of the Massachusetts Legislature to Gov. Banks to remove Mr. E. G. Loring from his office of Judge of Probate is "a decision of Judge Loring some years since enforcing the Fugitive Slave law." The decision to which the New-York Times refers was not made by Mr. Loring in his character of Judge of Probate, but in the character of a United States slave-catching Commissioner. The Legislature of Massachusetts, unwilling that any officer of the State should be mixed up with the execution of that harsh if not unconstitutional statute, forthwith passed an act by which the acceptance or retention of the function of slave-catching Commissioner by any judicial officer of the State was declared good ground for removal by address. Judge Loring has lived for several years past in open and ostentatious violation of that law. It was on this state of facts that the address for his removal was based; nor, unless Governor Banks was of opinion that, in competition with the Fugitive Slave law, the laws and the wishes of the State of Massachusetts were of no consequence, do we see how he could have hesitated in removing Judge Loring as he has done.—*New-York Tribune.*

Admitting all that the New-York *Tribune* says, the Times is nevertheless substantially correct in its statement of the motive which caused the removal of Judge Loring. We are perfectly aware that his holding office in violation of the act to which our contemporary refers, was made the pretext for turning him out. It was nothing more than a pretext. The real ground was his decision, as United States Commissioner, in the Anthony Burns case; and the feeling of those who demanded his removal is correctly described by the Springfield *Republican* as one of "vengeance."

In 1855 the Legislature of Massachusetts passed an act, aimed at Judge Loring, which declares "that a judicial officer of this Commonwealth shall not hold at the same time the office of United States Commissioner." Judge Loring takes the ground that this law is unconstitutional, and refuses to obey it. The Legislature and Governor regard it as valid, and remove him. Governor Banks, in his Message, takes pains to say, more ingeniously than ingenuously, that Judge L.'s Anthony Burns decision has nothing to do with the removal. This assertion of his Excellency was unnecessary and useless, only betraying the existence of the fact which it denies.

To oust a judicial officer for a decision conceded to be in accordance with law is, at all times, a highly objectionable proceeding. It strikes a blow at the independence of Courts, and tends to make the judiciary subservient to political excitements. At present the act of the Massachusetts' authorities is specially unfortunate. Indeed, the tone of Gov. Banks' Message indicates clearly that the deed he felt himself compelled to perform was agreeable neither to his feelings nor his judgment.

Condition of Mexico.—If there is a lower deep in national degradation, the unfortunate Republic beyond the Rio Grande is sinking into it as rapidly as possible. The *Extraordinaire*, an intelligent journal published in the city of Mexico, says, in its issue of the 4th inst.:

> "No matter which side gains, there is little chance for a final adjustment of difficulties. We fear that peace is lost to the country for a long time. With the success of the Government, we certainly shall have a marauding opposition—an opposition strong enough to defeat any measures the Government may wish to adopt to preserve security in the land. With the success of the coalition, we shall have dissensions amongst its chieftains, and in the event of these dissensions being compromised, we shall have their political opponents doing what they were for the time Comonfort was in power."

The Government is likely to slip out of the hands of Zuloaga, who is the mere tool of the priesthood. He maintains himself as yet in the Capital, but is hard pushed elsewhere by the liberal coalition. Santa Anna is expected daily. When he arrives, it is understood he will place himself at the head of the Church Party, and set about his old work of robbing the people, in conjunction with the priests, who have as great a liking for plunder as the cock-fighting Ex-President himself.

In another column of to-day's Times we publish a curious letter from Zuloaga to His Holiness the Pope, which throws considerable light on the *animus* of the "actual President of the Republic of Mexico."

Another Kansas Report.—The Republican members of Mr. Harris' Investigating Committee have published their minority report—a full abstract of which is contained in the Times of this morning. It will be recollected that the majority report by Mr. Stephens was published some days ago. Mr. Harris has still another minority report, that of the Anti-Lecompton Democrats, in type. Of these three reports, not one has yet been presented to the House. That of the Republican members is searching and able, setting forth the Kansas frauds in chronological order, and exposing the conduct of the majority in refusing to make the investigation for which the Committee was appointed.

But no report or further exposure can greatly influence the action of Congress. The Lecompton Bill is made a strict party test, and will be urged with all the force the Administration can bring to bear. In such a condition of the question, argument can have little effect.

The controversy is now brought within narrow limits, both as to its merits, and as to time. In the Senate, the vote, if not taken to-day, cannot be long delayed, while in the House the debate has already expended most of its force.

Calhoun's decision, too, must have an effect upon the Southern members, as it reduces the contest on their part to a struggle for an abstraction of no present application, and it may well be supposed their zeal will suffer abatement when they see that success brings in two Republican Senators from Kansas.

Bennett and Buchanan.—Mr. James Gordon Bennett does not give up hopes of Mr. James Buchanan or of the Austrian mission.

The New-York *Herald* proposes Buchanan for reëlection in 1860. In "pluck, courage firmness and conservative consistency" it likens him to General Jackson. Now, if this does not bring about Mr. Bennett's appointment, and quickly too, we shall begin to have a poor opinion of Presidential gratitude.

Amusements.

Academy of Music.—This is the last week of the "Huguenots," and the last week but one of the Academy season. Three more performances of Meyerbeer's masterpice are all that may be looked for. It is stated officially that Madame La Grange has entirely recovered from her indisposition, and will resume her *rôle* of *Valentine* to-night. This, with the really splendid distribution, will insure the excellence of the performance.

On Monday Mr. W. H. Fry's opera of "Leonora" will be produced.

M. Musard, the famous conductor, arrived in the *Arabia* on Saturday. His solo players follow in the *Fulton*. Active preparations are already commenced for the series of promenade concerts and *bals masqué* which M. Musard conducts.

Wallack's Theatre.—Mr. Boucicault's benefit on Saturday night (the twenty-fourth representation of "Jessie Brown") attracted an overflowing house. The *Nena Sahib* was of course called out, and unhesitatingly made a speech. He referred to the pecuniary prosperity of the theatre, and stated as a fact that the three dramas, "The Invisible Husband," "The Poor of New-York" and "Jessie Brown," had already drawn $30,000 to the treasury, and that the latter drama in particular had drawn the greatest houses ever known since Wallack's Theatre was erected. Mr. Boucicault then continued:

> "You are aware that we have inaugurated a new style of piece here, which the press have called "The Contemporaneous Drama"—that is, a drama reflecting passing events and historical characters of the present time. Exception has been taken by some writers to this new drama, on the score that we exceed the true limits of the stage where we deal with actualities. If it is contended that, in the rules of my art, I exceed the bounds laid down by greater dramatists than myself, I refer back to Aristophanes, the father of comedy, whose works were all satires on the personages of his day; indeed, in one of his comedies he dealt one blow so strong to the existing Government that he upset it. Now, I do not want to upset any theory or anybody; on the contrary, I want to establish amongst you a new, fresh, full-blooded and vigorous drama. Allow me to remind you that no sooner was "Jessie Brown" produced here and its success assured, than the manager of one of the first Theatres in New-York, and one of the best regulated and most artistically-conducted Theatres anywhere—I mean the New-York Stadt Theatre—applied to me for leave to translate the piece into German. I was proud to accord the permission. Then the courteous manager of the National, the ever popular and gallant Captain Purdy, leaped upon the track with another piece on the same subject, and asked me for leave to use my title, as he wanted to have a "Jessie Brown." I replied, "The more the merrier." Then out came the Broadway and put Jessie Brown on horseback. [Laughter.] All this proved to me, that when so many able and wise men, good judges of what pleases you, follow in my wake, I cannot be on the wrong road to your approbation. [Applause.] A month ago we announced a new drama, to be produced on the 5th of April next, the title, "Brigham Young; or, the Revolt of the Harem," was advertised on our bills. This piece has been in preparation since the first week in last December. On seeing this announcement, that excellent and long sighted manager, Mr. Burton, smelt out what was going to be the next great popular hit. [Laughter and cheers.] So he ran out a drama on the same subject. Some of the critics suggested that he had forestalled us; I do not see it. I accept his adoption of our subject as a great compliment and a valuable advertisement. The fact is that our table is overflowing, and we can well spare a few crumbs that fall from it. [Great laughter.] Nay, if a big tom cat jumps upon it and steals a bone, we can afford it. [Cheers and laughter.] We had a new piece in rehearsal last week, it was called "The Calico Ball." [Laughter.] We thought it might be required to reinforce "Jessie Brown," but "Jessie Brown" wanted no relief. So we have thrown aside the Calico Ball. Now, here is a tit bit actually going to waste. [Laughter.] If there are any managers smelling round our kitchen window [laughter] we can send out any quantity of broken victuals of the same sort. [The audience were convulsed with laughter for some time.] Let me speak sincerely—if the piece which Mr. Burton has produced, and I hear it is a very good piece, can do him any service, he is heartily welcome to the idea, no matter from whence he obtained it."

The spirit in which the last sentiment was frankly uttered drew a hearty round of applause from the house, and after an apology for the indisposition under which Mrs. Boucicault was suffering, which might tend to mar her efforts in the following piece, the *Nena Sahib* retired amidst very hearty tokens of approbation.

Laura Keene's Theatre.—A varied and well-contrasted bill is provided for to-night, containing Fitzball's drama of "Jonathan Bradford;" the "Village Lawyer," and "To Parents and Guardians."

Broadway Theatre.—The new spectacle of "Nena Sahib" has proved a decided success, and will be repeated every night this week. It is one of the best show pieces ever produced at this theatre.

National Theatre—"Jessie Brown," at this house, rivals in popularity the "Jessie Brown" of the Broadway. It is played to-night, with the drama of the "Siege of Tripoli" and the Ethiopian comedietta of "Jumbo Jum."

Bowery Theatre.—The contemporaneous drama makes its *début* at this house to-night in a piece called "Napoleon the Third," which is said to embrace the principal events in the late attempt of the Italian assassins. Two other pieces, "Hofer" and the "Moment of Peril," are also on the bill.

Barnum's Museum.—This excellently conducted establishment enjoys the highest popularity. The latest novelty, "The Bride of an Evening," has achieved a success equal to that of the "Pioneer Patriot." The houses are constantly crowded, and the manager announces that the drama will be played afternoon and evening until further notice.

Niblo's Garden—The ever welcome Ravels return to their old quarters to-morrow night. "Kim-Ka" and "Bianco" are the principal attractions.

Eisfeld's Soirée.—Mr. Theodore Eisfeld gives one of his classical soirées (the fourth,) at Dodworth's Rooms to-morrow evening. The programme contains Schumann's Quartet, op. 41; Schubert's Trio, No. 2, (piano by Mr. Gustave Satter,) and Mozart's Quartet No. 1, in G. Miss Maria S. Brainard is the vocalist.

The Great Awakening.

THE REV. HENRY WARD BEECHER AT BURTON'S.

The noon prayer-meeting at Burton's Theatre, on Saturday, was conducted by the Rev. Henry Ward Beecher. An immense audience assembled; many more pressing at the doors for admission than the house could possibly accommodate. All the pit, the galleries, the proscenium boxes, even the skylight in the peak of the theatre, showed a densely packed mass of heads, all turned intently towards the stage, where for some time Mr. Beecher sat alone. Within fifteen minutes from the stroke of 12, however, those who had given up in despair the task of effecting an entrance at the front of the building, essayed a demonstration in the rear. At the stage door, on Reade-street, a party of some fifty ladies and gentlemen hammered and shouted for admission, and when no prospect remained for the speedy opening of a fast-locked door, some of the young gentlemen hunted up a locksmith, who came with a big bundle of keys, and after several attempts turned the bolt and gave entrance to a throng of people, who rushed in a body up the dark staircase, tumbled over the dusty "properties" behind the scenes, and finally made their appearance before the curtain, where they filled the stage, from wing to wing, forming a decorous line of attentive observers in the rear of Mr. Beecher's chair. The view of the house from this standpoint was very extraordinary. Hardly a square inch of the theatre was unoccupied. In the palmiest days of Mr. Burton, there was never a crowd to compare to this. The deepest interest was manifested. Among the three thousand persons collected, there was not the least confusion or disorder. Moreover, a very decided disposition to stay all day became manifest as the hour for closing the ceremonies approached. Mr. Beecher was invited to continue, but declined, on the plea that a business men's meeting should be punctual.

On opening the exercises of the day, Mr. Beecher read a long list of petitions from fathers, mothers, husbands, wives and brothers, requesting that prayers might be offered for unreclaimed relatives and friends. Among these petitions was one from a mother, requesting an interest in the prayers of the congregation for her son, who had cursed her on the previous night. Mr. Beecher, as he read these requests, kept up a running comment upon them, presenting the salient points of each, and pointing a moral with great effect. In the course of his remarks, delivered in the intervals of the exercises, he dwelt upon the value of instantaneous convictions of sin. Hesitancy in religious matters he looked upon as a sin—not to say a meanness.

Several affecting narratives were given. One elderly gentleman, declaring he was "a happy father," told the story of the conversion of his son, a young gentleman of nineteen years. Three days ago, this son was converted. On the following day, the father, going to his counting-room at a late hour in the afternoon, found the son in tears, bending over his Bible. He had just returned from the John-street prayer-meeting, where he narrated his religious experience.

The next speaker was a young man of about 23 years of age, who attributed his ability to raise his voice before a public assembly to the joy and boldness which his experience had given him. He made an earnest appeal to young men to forsake the error of their ways.

At this moment, there came in from the neighborhood of the theatre a volume of musical sound—the singing of a hymn in another meeting. Mr. Beecher rose, and stepped to the foot-lights. Raising his hand, he stood quietly a moment, fixing the attention of the audience before he spoke. "Brethren," said he, "do you hear that? Stop a moment! That's the sound of worship out of the old bar-room of this theatre! Let us spend two minutes in silent prayer and thanksgiving!" He resumed his seat, and for the two succeeding minutes the falling of a pin could have been heard. Then followed prayers for Mr. Burton, the owner of the theatre. One old gentleman in the first gallery prayed that the request of Mr. Burton to be remembered in the petitions offered up in this meeting might be blessed to his benefit; a young man in the highest gallery prayed that "he whom we had often seen before these foot lights, portraying human nature, might be brought to the feet of Jesus." Other incidents added to the peculiar interest of the occasion.

The hour of 1 approaching, Mr. Beecher again came forward and closed the exercises with a few remarks. He was about to give out the final hymn, when a general shout of "Go on," "go on," came from all parts of the house, followed by cries of "Keep it up all day." Mr. Beecher reminded the people that the time designated was expiring, that business men should be punctual in all things, and that the meeting should be closed at the hour, while those who choose might remain. The hymn was accordingly sung, and Mr. Beecher prefixed to the benediction a notice that the Theatre would be opened on the following day (Sunday) at the same hour; that the services on Monday (to day) would be conducted by the Rev. Joseph P. Thompson, and tables were placed at the entrance to receive such contributions in payment for the use of the building as the audience might see fit to give.

The prayer meeting at John-street Methodist Episcopal Church, on Saturday, was attended by a throng of people, who filled the body of the house, and also the vestry, in both of which religious exercises were conducted for over an hour. One gentleman announced that he knew of a commercial house in this City, consisting of twelve persons, all of whom, excepting two, had been converted; and another house of sixteen, including principals and employes, all of whom, excepting three, had professed faith in Christ since the late general awakening.

We understand that the proprietors of Barnum's Museum kindly offered the Young Men's Christian Association the use of their "lecture-room" for noon prayer meetings. The Association, with suitable thanks for the kindness which prompted the offer, declined it, thinking that the influence would hardly be beneficial to have devotional exercises performed from 12 to 1, and "The Bride of an Evening" from 2 to 4, of the same day, in the same place.

At Burton's Chambers-street theatre yesterday, Chauncey Shaffer, Esq., led the meeting, which was very sparsely attended, the church-goers generally being at their own churches, not more than a hundred persons being present at any one time. There was no preaching; but prayers were offered and exhortations delivered by many persons, male and female, among the audience. A proposition to keep the theatre open during the whole of each succeeding Sabbath, met with general encouragement, and the chairman of the Young Men's Christian Association promised that it should be done.

A union prayer-meeting (held last week in Mr. Remington's Church) is this week to be held in the Rev. Mr. Greenleaf's, the Franklin-avenue Church, daily, between 12 and 1 o'clock.

At St. Mary's Protestant Episcopal Church in Classon-avenue, (the Rev. Mr. Johnson's,) Bishop Potter preached yesterday afternoon from the text, "Suffer little children to come unto me," at the conclusion of which he confirmed 35 persons, assisted by the Reverends Guion, Diller, Cornell and Stanford. In the evening Bishop Potter preached at St. Peter's Church, in State-street, where a large number were also confirmed.

The Rev. Mr. Remington, of the Baptist Church in Bedford-avenue, preached a sermon last evening to firemen. Fire Companies Nos. 10 and 12, and Hook and Ladder Co. No. 3, attended in a body. The house was filled with an attentive audience.

A Temperance Revival.

A revival of religion always revives temperance and every other good cause. It is hence no wonder that notices of temperance meetings are thickening up, and that the old pledge, under which such marvelous conquests have been made, is newly circulated and largely signed.

There was a crowded attendance on Sunday afternoon in the Methodist Episcopal Church in Greene-street, on which occasion various societies known as Washingtonians, Sons of Temperance, Rechabites, Good Samaritans, and others, met for the purpose of hearing a discourse from the pastor of that church, the Rev. J. T. Peck, D. D., in reference to the recent removal by death of their late brother, Mr. W. F. Wolfe, one of the original sixteen of the founders of the order of the Sons of Temperance. The Rev. Doctor's discourse was very appropriate to the occasion, and was directed to the enforcement of the doctrine that all efforts to reform the world were gifted with genuine power and efficiency only so far as they were in harmony with or based upon the spirit of Christianity. He earnestly commended all reforms that were grounded upon the truths of the Bible, and in parting with every darling evil or habit, it ought to be our effort to do so upon Christian motives and in alliance with the doctrines and the cross of Christ.

After a collection had been made, and some musical services from the choir, several gentlemen rose in succession, each detailing his own reminiscences in reference to his past history and the results of his introduction into the temperance reform. Many of these addresses were, though brief, yet pithy and significant. Perhaps the characteristic of them all was the manifestation of a closer sympathy with the views of those who regard the temperance doctrines as chiefly valuable considered as introductory to religious motive. One gentleman alluded to the Fulton-street and other similar meetings, and said that God had taken up the temperance cause. Another said, that was no new thing, for it was only because it had been his from its commencement, that it had been so eminently prosperous.

Another remarked that it was true that temperance men were not universally what they should be, but Christian societies might bear the blame for the denial of their coöperation and fraternal sympathy. Their example, their prayers were needed in aid of temperance associations.

Many kind remarks were made by one of the Trustees, in reference to the Christian character of a deceased brother, and after the lapse of three hours the meeting seemed very unwilling to separate.

The American Juvenile Temperance Society, an organization which started up out of the profoundest season of apathy some two years ago, is continuing its valuable services to the community by its frequent meetings and its project of securing from the pastors of churches discourses to the young upon this subject. The Rev. Dr. Cheever delivered the first of a series of discourses in the Society's behalf last evening, in the Church of the Puritans, Union-square. The second of a series in the Dutch Reformed Church, corner of Broome and Greene streets, was preached by the Rev. Peter Stryker, at the same hour.

The Canal-street Temperance Benevolent Society also held a Washingtonian Experience Meeting last evening, at Bleecker Building.

City Items.

F. G. Q. Umsted, a lawyer, of No. 14 Wall-street, was arrested on Saturday and held on a charge of attempting to kill Wm. H. L. Barnes, a member of the bar, whose office is at No. 61 Wall-street. Barnes swears that about 10 o'clock on Saturday morning he called at the office of a friend at No. 14 Wall-street, and left him a few minutes afterwards. While proceeding down stairs, "he heard the report of firearms, and felt a concussion of the air, and felt a whizzing close to his right ear." On turning round he saw Umsted standing at his right hand, surrounded with smoke, and in the act of putting a pistol in his pocket. He (Barnes) had no acquaintance with Umstad, but on learning his name recognized it as that of a person who had married a lady with whose name private malice and public rumor had connected him (Barnes) when he was a college student.

Sergeant Lefferts, and a squad of detectives, made a descent, on Saturday night, upon a notorious gambling crib, kept by John Miller and Thomas Edgar, No. 372 Canal-street, and took into custody thirteen persons whom they found gambling there. Edgar, who managed to make his escape at the time, was arrested yesterday in Broadway. On his person was found $2,480, a gold watch and a pack of cards. He, with the other prisoners, will be examined today.

The gamblers arrested on Friday night at No 56 Lispenard-street were brought before the Mayor on Saturday. Reed, the proprietor, was required to find bail in the sum of $2,000, and the others in $1,000 each. Failing in this, they were all locked up.

Joseph Johnson and Maurice Poesner were caught Saturday morning stealing laces from a store in Warren-street, and locked up to answer.

For the future, by order of the General Superintendent, a policeman is to be stationed on Sundays in front of each church to prevent newsboys from calling out the names of their papers, and thus disturbing those within.

About 4½ o'clock yesterday afternoon an alarm of fire was raised in the vicinity of St. Paul's Church, during which members and runners of engine companies Nos. 14 and 20 came in collision and a general fight ensued. It assumed a very threatening aspect, but was finally put down by the Police of the Second and Third Precincts. One of the combatants was stabbed in the neck and others were more or less bruised, but none were seriously injured.

On Saturday, Recorder Barnard delivered his opinion in the case of George Middleton, charged by Marcus Cicero Stanley with conspiring with John McCarthy to take his life. The Recorder said that he had reviewed the evidence at length, and found that there were not sufficient grounds on which to hold Middleton, who was accordingly released. Thus ends this paltry charge.

Saturday was the last day of the March Term in the Court of General Sessions. John H. Watson, convicted of assault and battery, was fined $50 and sentenced to the City Prison for three months. Joseph W. Watson, convicted of grand larceny, in stealing silk from A. T. Stewart, his employer, was sentenced to the Penitentiary for one year. Timothy Flynn, convicted of assault with a dangerous weapon, was sentenced to the State Prison for two years. Gerald Clifford, for grand larceny, was sentenced to the Penitentiary for two years. Several minor sentences were passed, and in some cases judgment was suspended. Altogether, the proceedings in the March Term of this Court have scarcely been worthy of notice.

The Grand Turk returns to town to-morrow. The funds of the Reception Committee are exhausted, it is to be hoped, so that he may confidently anticipate a season of rest, and opportunity to see the better side of New-York life.

An inquest was held on Saturday on the body of Thomas Fitch, the young man who was run over and killed on Thursday morning by a train of cars on the Hudson River Railroad, near Forty-sixth-street. The evidence showed that the affair was purely accidental, and a verdict to that effect was rendered.

The Painting of the Arctic Ship Resolute.

New-York, Saturday, March 20, 1858.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

In an article on Simpson's historical painting of the Arctic, ship *Resolute*, in to-day's issue, it is stated that the picture is on exhibition at No. 597 Broadway. Will you have the kindness to mention in your influential journal that said painting is exhibited at No. 629 Broadway, and much oblige,

Your most obedient servant,
W. SCHAUS.

Brooklyn City News.

About 12 o'clock Saturday night last, Officer RUSSELL, of the First Precinct, discovered smoke issuing from tenement house No. 112 Jay-street. He forced open the basement door and entered the apartments occupied by JOHN McKEOWN and family. Here he found Mr. and Mrs. McKEOWN in a beastly state of intoxication in a bed, and by them were two of their children in a sound sleep. The bed was on fire and but for the timely presence of assistance all must have perished. Officer RUSSELL, assisted by several members of Hose Company No. 2, extinguished the fire and then conveyed the family to the Station-house, where they were cared for. The husband and father was slightly burned.

The Democratic Primary Meetings were held in the different Wards on Friday night last. As usual, there was much wrangling and fighting, and the "roughs" had it pretty much their own way, respectable people generally keeping away from the polls. The new law which required but one Alderman to a Ward is not considered Democratic, as it lessens the chances for office; and in several wards two candidates instead of one were selected. The nominations for the principal offices were as follows:

First Ward.—Alderman, Daniel O. Whitney; Supervisor, William Cagger; Assessor, Thomas McDonald.

Second Ward.—Alderman, John McNamee; Supervisor, Francis McKay.

Third Ward.—(A Committee was authorized to make nominations for this Ward, as a matter of form, provided they can find a Democrat in the Ward.)

Fourth Ward.—Alderman, Lewis F. Newman; Supervisor, Warren Sneeder; Assessor, J. H. Booth.

Fifth Ward.—Aldermen, Robert Furey, John Doherty; Supervisors, Elisha Theall, Edward McKitrick; Assessors, Thomas Burns, Charles Kerrigan.

Sixth Ward.—Alderman, Charles Frank; Supervisor, F. W. Salem; Assessor, Charles O'Neil.

Seventh Ward.—Alderman, E. Rowe; Supervisor, G. W. Bleecker; Assessor, D. Rodgers.

Eighth Ward.—Alderman, James Sharkey; Supervisor, Pat Gallagher.

Ninth Ward.—Aldermen, William H. Campbell, Thomas F. Green; Supervisors, C. Sweetman, John S. Bogart; Assessors, Thomas Hamilton, Bernard O'Neil.

Tenth Ward.—Alderman, A. B. Shaw; Supervisor, W. M. Bayard; Assessor, Thomas McCarty.

Eleventh Ward.—Alderman, George Olney; Supervisor, F. Campbell; Assessor, John Ross.

Twelfth Ward.—Aldermen, C. Barnum, P. Hogan; Supervisors, J. F. McCanin, C. M. Felt; Assessor, M. McNamarra.

Thirteenth Ward.—Alderman, A. G. Buel; Supervisor, J. B. Colt; Assessor, Wm. Runcie.

Fourteenth Ward.—Aldermen, J. H. Colahan, J. Smith; Supervisors, F. Flaherty, H. Comstock; Assessors, P. Brady, Patrick McCoy.

Fifteenth Ward.—Alderman, A. Cunningham; Supervisor, T. Cummings; Assessor, Michael O Brien.

Sixteenth Ward.—Alderman, J. M. Gillett; Supervisor, A. Hamilton; Assessor, Charles Kiehl.

Seventeenth Ward.—Alderman, Wm. Meserole; Supervisor, T. S. Dick; Assessor, A. J. Kimball.

Eighteenth Ward.—Alderman, M. Kalbfleish; Supervisor, H. D. Wentworth; Assessor, Thomas Malony.

Nineteenth Ward.—Alderman, J. V. Cockroft; Supervisor, J. Berry; Assessor, Dennis Flannery.

There was an alarm of fire in the Eastern District on Friday night, and, of course, a fight, during which staves, clubs, brickbats and other weapons commonly used by rowdies were used freely. Officer BELL, it is feared, has lost the use of an eye by being foolish enough to be present at the fight, attempting to preserve the peace. The fight was hottest between Engine Companies Nos. 4 and 7.

A two-story frame house on the Flatbush road was destroyed by fire late Friday night. It was owned by Mr. KELLY, whose loss is $6,000; insured for $500 in the Phenix Insurance Co. EDWARD NEVILLE was run over by an engine while going to the fire, and was so severely injured that he was taken to the City Hospital.

The remains of a body, which had been dissected by the students in Dr. BALLER's establishment on Court-street, were found at the foot of Twentieth-street, on Saturday morning, and caused some commotion among the resident youths in the vicinity, who eagerly started a story of a shocking murder and mutilation of the remains, and several reporters even believed it. Coroner BENNET took charge of the remains, which were in three bags. Yesterday, Dr. BOWEN stated that the body was obtained from Bellevue, and that he directed the burial of the remains, but, it appears, they were thrown upon the beach instead.

A foolish young woman attempted to drown herself, early Saturday morning, by jumping into the East River from the Peck-slip ferry-boat *Nebraska*.

The Greenwich-street Murder—O'Connell's Sentence Commuted.

The Albany *Evening Journal* of Saturday has the following:

Gov. KING has commuted the punishment of MAURICE O'CONNELL, now under sentence of Death, for the murder of TERESA SPITZLEIN, to Imprisonment for Life. This act of clemency was granted upon a showing which renders it entirely proper. O'CONNELL was the youngest and least guilty of the parties implicated. The commutation was asked for by the twelve Jurors who rendered the verdict of Guilty, and who are evidently intelligent men. O'CONNELL's associates were convicted of manslaughter, and sentenced to the State Prison for a term of years. Such would have been the result in his case, but that, unfortunately for him, his ill-judging friends prevailed upon his counsel to withdraw his plea of manslaughter, hoping to escape a conviction for murder. Here, then, is a boy sixteen years old, by an error of judgment in those who wanted to serve him, doomed to death while his more guilty associates escape with life. The Governor, for this and other just considerations, has humanely interposed, that the scales of justice may be held more evenly.

ANOTHER FIGHT AMONG THE FIREMEN.—The fight between firemen that occurred at 4½ o'clock yesterday afternoon was resumed at 8½ o'clock last evening, at which hour a silent alarm for the Seventh District was given. The members of Engine No. 20 attacked 18 Hose, drove away its members and ran away with the carriage. The assault was resisted and several shots were fired.

One man was shot, but how seriously, the Police could not ascertain, as he was immediately removed by his friends. The Companies engaged in the disturbance were Companies 14 and 20 Engines, and Nos. 18 and 49 Hose.

AN ESCAPE.—The fourteen gamblers who were arrested on Saturday night, and confined in the Fifth Precinct Station house, escaped from confinement by forcing the locks from the cell doors, and only one of them has been rearrested.

☞ **Watson's New Family Sewing Machine** NOW READY.

This improved elastic stitch machine, being designed expressly for family use, is recommended as being more perfect, as well as more ornamental, than any sewing machine now in existence. Call and see. Persons having Watson's old machines, and desirous of exchanging for the improved one, can do so on equitable terms. WATSON'S FAMILY SEWING MACHINE COMPANY, No. 449 Broadway, New York.

☞ **Singer's Sewing Machines.**—Manufactures are rapidly increasing trade is reviving, business is improving, and therefore now is the time to purchase SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES. These are the only machines capable of doing every kind of work, and it is necessary to have them to obtain the work. SINGER'S NEW FAMILY SEWING MACHINE, being the latest and the best, the most beautiful and the easiest to operate, is commanding universal favor. Call and see them, and send for a circular.

I. M. SINGER & CO., No. 458 Broadway.

☞ **"The Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machines are the favorites for families."** —*New-York Times.*

Office No. 343 Broadway, New-York.

☞ **Carpets and Oil-cloths.**
G. S. HUMPHREY & CO.,
No. 524 Broadway, opposite St. Nicholas Hotel,
OFFER AN IMMENSE STOCK
AT LESS THAN COST.

☞ **Canada Straw Hats.**
Just received and for sale
BY THE BALE.
BALLARD, SHUTE & CO.,
No. 46 Broadway.

☞ **Household Furniture.**—HENRY H. LEEDS & CO., store No. 23 Nassau-st., between Pine and Cedar sts., will give their personal attention to the sale of household furniture at the residence of families removing or declining housekeeping during the season. They will also have regular weekly sales at their store for the convenience of those desiring this medium of sale.

☞ **Bartholf's**
PATENT SEWING-MACHINES,
For Tailors, Pant, Vest and Dressmakers, Boot and Shoe Fitters, and general use. Salesroom, No. 489 Broadway, Corner Broome st.

☞ **Defiance Salamander Safes.**—ROBERT M. PATRICK, sole manufacturer of the above-celebrated Safes, and Patent Powder Proof Defiance Locks and Cross-Bars. Also, Fire and Burglar-Proof Sideboard or Parlor Safes, for silver plate, &c. Depôt No. 192 Pearl-st., one door below Maiden lane.

☞ **Radical Cure Truss Office.**—MARSH & CO., No. 2 Vesey st., Astor House. Trusses, Supporters, Shoulder-Braces, Silk Elastic Stockings for varicose veins, and every variety of Bandages skillfully applied. A female attendant in private rooms for ladies.

☞ **Late Fire in Maiden-lane.**
MR. AHRENFELDT'S CERTIFICATE.

MESSRS. S. C. HERRING & CO.—*Gentlemen*: On the night of the 17th inst., my store, No 56 Maiden-lane, with my stock of merchandise, was entirely destroyed by fire. My loss, though heavy, would have been much more so, but that I was fortunate enough to have one of your Patent Champion Safes, which preserved uninjured my most valuable books, papers, and some bank notes, after being eighteen hours exposed to a very severe and scorching flame. My old papers, &c, which I could not find room in the safe for, were intrusted to a vault in the wall—they are a mass of ashes.

Respectfully yours, CHARLES AHRENFELDT.

NEW-YORK, Feb. 18, 1858.

The above Safe can be seen at our dépôt.
S. C. HERRING & CO.,
No. 251 Broadway, corner of Murray-st., opposite the City Hall.

☞ **Rosina's Apology.**

BY JULIA CAREY RHEINHARDT.

I own 'twas wrong, my father,
I own it on my knees;
I'd rather die—much rather—
Than such a sire displease,
For still I've found you gentle
To all my wayward whims,
And with love the most parental
I know your good heart brims!

But hear ere you condemn me,
And judge me not in wrath;
If you—if you contemn me,
Oh, cold will be my path!
You know not my temptation,
How flattered—how pursued—
No girl in all creation
Like me was ever wooed!

'Twas not his handsome features,
His grace and style untried—
(Though Fate still sets rough natures
In forms of choicest mould;)
'Twas not his curled hair, glossy
And black as an eclipse,
Nor the brown moustache, so flossy,
Which fringed his crimson lips.

More than these all together,
Though these their portion bore,
In fair or wintry weather
The clothes of SMITH he wore;
Such suits as young Adonis
Might proudly wear and smile—
The kind of garments known as
SMITH BROTHERS' latest style!

SMITH BROTHERS' One-Price Wholesale and Retail Clothing Warerooms, Nos. 122, 138 and 140 Fulton-st., New-York.

☞ **Chase's $18 Sewing Machine** is now on exhibition at the dépôt of the New-York Wire Railing Co. It is warranted, and is pronounced by all who see it the best cheap machine that has yet been sold. C. T. DUPONT, General Agent for the United States.

MARRIED.

MORTON—PRICE.—By the Rev. Dr. Weston, of St John's Chapel, New-York, WILLIAM D. MORTON, son of George W. Morton, Esq. of Hoboken, to JOSEPHINE, only daughter of the Hon. Judge Price, of Weehawken, all of New-Jersey.

PRATCHATT—WARING.—In Brooklyn, on Thursday, March 18, at St. Ann's Church, by the Rev. B. C. Cutler, D. D., WILLIAM PRATCHATT, of England, to CLARA EUDORA, eldest daughter of the late G. K. Waring, of the former place.

HULL—GILDER.—In the chapel of St. Thomas' Hall, in the village of Flushing, on Wednesday, March 17, by the Rev. J. S. Gilder, HENRY I. HULL, of Williamsburg, to SARAH E. GILDER, daughter of the officiating minister.

DIED.

SWAN.—In this City, on Thursday, March 18, Mr. JAMES SWAN, in the 78th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are requested to attend his funeral, on Monday, March 22. The remains will be removed from his late residence, No. 20 Macdougal-st., at 1 o'clock P. M., to the Presbyterian Church, corner of Grand and Crosby sts., (Rev. Dr. Thomson's,) where the funeral services will commence at 1½ o'clock P. M. The remains will be interred in Trinity Cemetery.

MARTIN.—In this City, on Saturday, March 20, FRANK W. MARTIN, son of Caroline W. and Renyon W. Martin, Jr., aged 14 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, this (Monday) afternoon, at 2 o'clock, from No. 18 West 29th-st.

FORSYTH.—In this City, on Friday, March 19, Mr. DOUGLAS FORSYTH, in the 41st year of his age.

His remains have been sent to Albany for interment.

KEELER.—In this City, on Sunday morning, March 21, of paralysis, CATHARINE, wife of Stephen Keeler, in the 66th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 74 2d av., on Tuesday afternoon, at 2 o'clock. Her remains will be interred in Greenwood.

ROWE.—In this City, on Saturday, March 20, KATE, daughter of William and Hannah E. Rowe, aged 7 years.

The funeral will be attended at 1½ o'clock, this (Monday) afternoon, from the house No. 288 West 18th st. The friends of the family are invited to attend, without further notice.

MASLIN.—In this City, on Saturday morning, March 20, ISABELLA MASLIN, of Overton, England, in the 80th year of her age, relict of William Maslin.

The friends and acquaintances of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from the residence of her son in law, John Gibbs, No. 217 6th-av., this day, (Monday,) at 2 o'clock P. M. Her remains will be interred in New-York Bay Cemetery.

☞ Florida, and Hampshire, Eng. papers please copy.

HUDSON.—In this City, on Saturday morning, March 20, AMELIA, wife of Horace B. Hudson, in the 49th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family, and those of her brothers, Benjamin S. Francis and Lewis Many, are invited to attend the funeral services, at the Church of the Holy Apostles, corner 28th st. and 9th-av., this day, (Monday,) at 3 P. M.

ARCULARIUS.—In this City, on Thursday, March 18, after a short illness, PETER G. ARCULARIUS, aged 68 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are requested to attend the funeral services at St. George's Church, Stuyvesant square, on Monday, March 22, at 4 o'clock P. M.

CONDON.—In this City, on Saturday, March 20, RANDEL M. CONDON, aged 53 years.

The funeral will take place, this (Monday) afternoon, at 2 o'clock, from his late residence, No. 91 East 13th st., between 3d and 4th avs. The friends of the family, and the Masonic fraternity generally are respectfully invited.

BAXTER.—In this City, on Saturday, March 20, PETER BAXTER, in the 61st year of his age.

His friends and those of his nephews, Edwin and Jas. B. Young, are invited to attend his funeral on Tuesday, 23d inst., at 2 P. M., from his late residence, No. 45 Greenwich av.

GARRETT.—In this City, at No. 169 10th av., on Friday, March 19, ANDREW GARRETT, a native of Scotland, aged 62 years.

DEVEAU.—In this City, on Saturday, March 20, CHARLES H., son of Samuel Deveau, in the 21st year of his age.

SWIFT.—In Brooklyn, on Saturday, March 20, after a short illness, WILLIAM SWIFT, aged 76 years.

The funeral will take place this day, (Monday,) at 3 o'clock P. M., from the residence of his sister, Mrs. Sarah Pierson, No. 75 High st. The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend, without further notice.

SMALLEY.—In Williamsburg, on Saturday, March 20, FESSENDEN C. SMALLEY, in the 33d year of his age.

The friends of the family, Newark Lodge, No. 7 of F. and A. M., Corner-stone Lodge, No. 367, and the fraternity in general, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his brother-in-law, William P. Clark, No. 28 South 6th-st., Williamsburg, on Tuesday afternoon, at 1 o'clock.

HENDRICKSON.—At Newtown, L. I., on Friday afternoon, March 19, CATHERINE PETER, daughter of the late John Hendrickson.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from the house of her mother, Newtown, L. I., this day, (Monday,) at 12 o'clock.

GOODSPEED.—At Jersey City, on Saturday, March 20, of inflammatory croup, ELOISE GRAIN, daughter of Arthur and Eloise Goodspeed, and granddaughter of the late Peter Grain, Sr., artist, in the 4th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, this (Monday) afternoon, at 3 o'clock, from the residence of her parents, No. 283 South 6th-st., Jersey City.

☞ Philadelphia and Baltimore papers will please copy.

FRASER.—In Jersey City, on Saturday, March 20, Mrs. HULDAH RUSSELL, daughter of the late John Fraser, aged 35 years, 3 months and 28 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral, from the residence of her mother, No. 135 Mercer-st., Jersey City, on Tuesday afternoon, at 3 o'clock.

LYON.—At Irvington, N. J., on Saturday, March 20, Mrs. ELIZABETH LYON, in the 78th year of her age.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her son, Daniel M. Lyon, Esq., Green-st., Newark, at 2 o'clock P. M., this day, (Monday.)

BROOKS.—At Norwalk, Conn., on Friday, March 19, SARAH ISABEL, daughter of the late Wm. E. and Maria Brooks.

Her friends, and those of her brother, Joseph E., and of her aunts, Misses Bryan, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Wednesday, at 2 o'clock P. M., from the residence of her aunts at Norwalk.

RAYMOND.—At Toledo, Ohio, on Saturday, March 20, Mrs. JOHN RAYMOND.

☞ Putnam County papers please copy.

FIRST CLASS
FISH AND PROVISIONS
AT WHOLESALE.

EARL BARTHOLOMEW & CO., No. 196 Greenwich-st., would ask the attention of buyers to their large stock of the following articles which they offer at the lowest rates for cash:

EXTRA	MACKEREL.
EXTRA	CODFISH.
EXTRA	HERRING.
EXTRA	BLUEFISH.
EXTRA	PORK.
EXTRA	BEEF.
EXTRA	LARD.
EXTRA	CHEESE.

A PLEASANT HOME WOULD BE OFFERED to a lady without children, and only to a lady, of about 50 years of age, to have entire charge of children from 4 to 12 years of age. Address, with particulars of qualifications, age, and compensation, by note only, W., No. 48 Cedar-st., second floor, front.

PLATED SPOONS, FORKS AND PLATE POWDER.—Heavily plated table and teaspoons, tea and dining forks, butter knives, &c. Also Mt. Eagle Tripoli and fine quality Plate Powder, for cleaning and polishing them. For sale by LUCIUS HART, Nos. 4 and 6 Burling slip, New York.

INDIA-RUBBER GLOVES, FOR HOUSE-cleaning, gardening and care of flowers, protect the hands in all kinds of roughening work, and rendering them soft, smooth and snowy white; impervious to water, hot or cold. For sale at all rubber stores, and at No. 36 John-st., up stairs.

RED AND WHITE ASH COAL—BROAD Mountain, Peach Orchard and Lehigh, (unadulterated,) prepared in the best order, and at the lowest market prices. Also, Cumberland, Cannel and Liverpool Orrel. HENRY REEVE,
Corner Canal and Centre and Jane and West sts.

THE WHOLE READING WORLD IS ON
THE *QUI VIVE*
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THE GREAT NEW STORY
OF
FRANCIS S. SMITH,
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READY ON WEDNESDAY MORNING NEXT,
At the counters of all News Agents and Booksellers in the United States and Canada.
It is entitled
MAGGIE,
THE CHILD OF CHARITY;
OR,
WAIFS ON THE SEA OF HUMANITY.
A ROMANCE OF EVERY DAY LIFE.

☞ SMITH'S NEW STORY. ☞ IN THE NEW-YORK WEEKLY. ☞

This is one of the author's best stories and one that will make its mark wherever it is read. Those who have read "*Eveleen Wilson*," "*The Emigrant*," "*Abandoned Wife*," "*The Vestmaker's Apprentice*," etc., will not require any indorsement of this popular and powerful author at our hands to insure their perusal of "*Maggie, the Child of Charity*." Those who have never made Mr. Smith's acquaintance, (if there be any such,) will miss one of the best stories ever written by an American author, if they do not read his last and best story. From present indications, however, there will be very few intelligent people in this community who will let it escape them.

THE NEW-YORK WEEKLY
IS ONE OF THE BEST STORY PAPERS EVER
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And you will then be able to judge what its chances are in the race for public favor.

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Ladies' Earrings, Pins and Bracelets.
Diamond Rings—Seal Rings.
Pure Gold Wedding Rings
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Gold Vest Chains and Guard Chains.
Keys and Seals, Sleeve Buttons and Studs.
Gold Spectacles and Eye-Glasses.
Gold Pencils and Pens.
Gold Thimbles and Lockets.
For sale, wholesale and retail, very low, by
G. C. ALLEN, No. 11 Wall-st., 2d floor.

THE OLD DOMINION COFFEE POT.

The lovers of good coffee would appreciate these new and popular machines after being subjected to the mere ghost of coffee, as so many families are by the use of the ordinary boiler or biggin; the secret is, these are so contrived as to retain all the aroma during the process of boiling.

PRICES.

1 quart, $1 50; 1½ quart, $1 75; 2 quart, $2; 3 quart, $2 50; 4 quart, $3; 6 quart, $3 50; 10 quart, $5. A liberal discount to the trade.

E. P. TORREY, Manufacturers' Agent,
No. 6 Platt-st., New-York.

REMOVAL.
GUNS, PISTOLS, &c.
W. J. SYMS & BRO.
Have removed from No. 177 to
NO. 300 BROADWAY,
Where they offer at reduced prices,
ENGLISH AND GERMAN GUNS, RIFLES, PISTOLS,
AND GUN MATERIAL OF ALL KINDS,
MUSKETS, CANNON, SABRES, REVOLVING AND OTHER PISTOLS.

WINDOW SHADES,
Wholesale or retail
SPRING STYLES, 1858.

New patterns made by our patented process. The only article that will stand a warm climate.

Also, all kinds of window shade materials.

KELTY & FERGUSON,
Window-shade manufacturers, No. 291 Broadway.

PILES! PILES!! PILES!!!—A PERMANENT cure for Piles, use Dr. WITMER'S Pile Suppository. The proprietor will guarantee to cure any case of Piles, either external or internal. Reference will be given to more than two dozen persons in this City, who were confined to their beds, and this article cured them. If you are not satisfied after using one box of the Suppository, your money will be returned by the agent, No. 158 Bowery, New-York. The medicine can be sent to any part of the country.

WATSON'S NEW FAMILY SEWING MACHINES—Latest improvement. Office No. 449 Broadway New-York.

LONGWORTH'S CATAWBA WINES,
SPARKLING AND STILL VINTAGES 1854 AND 1855.

These vintages, now for the first time introduced to the market, are still better than any of the former growths, more delicate in flavor, peculiarly grateful in aroma, and more likely to win upon the taste at first trial than any of preceding years, fully representing Mr. Longfellow's encomiums—

"For richest and best
Is the wine of the West,
That grows by the beautiful river,
Whose sweet perfume
Fills all the room
With a benison on the giver."

Hereafter the sales of these wines will be limited to a single agency as per following card.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 26, 1858.

I have appointed Mr. Frederic S. Cozzens, of No. 73 Warren-st., New York, my sole and exclusive agent to sell my wines in that City. What I furnish him for sale will always be pure, unmixed, and of native production.

(Signed) N. LONGWORTH.

The net cash prices for these wines will be as follows:

Sparkling Catawba, 1854 and 1855, in cases of one dozen quarts	$13 00
Sparkling Catawba, 1854 and 1855, in cases of two dozen pints	14 50
Sparkling Isabella, in cases of one dozen quarts	13 00
Still Catawba, of superior quality, in cases of one dozen quarts	8 00

A discount of 50c. per case to the trade on quantities of five cases and upwards. FREDERIC S. COZZENS, Wine Merchant, No. 73 Warren st., New-York.

THE GREAT REVIVAL!
A BOOK FOR THE TIMES
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It contains Jonathan Edwards's narrative of remarkable conversions and interesting revival incidents, under the ministry of some of the most efficient preachers in the Orthodox Church, including the rise and progress of the present wonderful revival among all classes of Christians.

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AMERICAN WATCHES.

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Messrs. COOPER & FELLOWS, No. 11 Maiden-lane.
Messrs. FELLOWS & CO., No. 17 Maiden-lane.
Messrs. PLATT & BROTHER, No. 20 Maiden-lane.

J. O. BARGER,
COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS.
Desk at this office.

AT A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE VESTRY of St. George's Church, in the City of New-York on Saturday March 20, 1858 the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, It has pleased our Heavenly Father to call to himself our highly-esteemed associate, PETER G. ARCULARIUS, Esq., late a member of this Vestry, who departed this life on Thursday, the 18th instant; therefore

Resolved, That when we recall his usefulness and fidelity in all the relations which he filled in his connection with St. George's Church, for many years past, his unexpected departure is to us, as a Vestry and as individuals, a cause for sincere grief, making an important vacancy in our number, which few can fill with equal usefulness and acceptance.

Resolved, That while we mourn his departure we bear our grateful testimony to the purity and simplicity of his Christian character, as he has gone in and out among us, always proving himself a steadfast and faithful friend, a man of peace and kindness, and an example of conscientious fidelity in duty, and of candor and gentleness in his judgments and feelings towards those who were connected with him—a lover of the truth and the spirit of the Gospel, and a consistent professor of its principles and commands.

Resolved, That this Vestry will attend his funeral on Monday next, and that a copy of these resolutions be published in the papers of that day.

SAMUEL M. CORNELL, Clerk of the Vestry.

NOTICE TO DEALERS IN FANCY GOODS AND TOILET ARTICLES.—Intending to change branch of trade, I will sell, previous to 1st of May next my whole stock of goods, consisting of tooth, nail, hair and cloth brushes, all kinds of combs, porte monnaies, reticules, tobacco boxes, watch guards, beads, bracelets, fine mock jewelry, terra cotta, terra lite and China goods and figures, as well as hundreds of other articles, and, to effect sale of the entire stock, regardless of cost. Cash and first-rate time purchasers are respectfully invited, and will do well to call and examine, at ANDREW A. MOSER'S, No. 93 William st., opposite Platt-st.

THE MEMBERS OF THE GRAND LODGE of the State of New-York and the Masonic fraternity generally, are respectfully invited to attend (not in regalia) the funeral of their late Grand Organist, Brother R. M. CONDON, P. M., from his late residence No. 91 East 13th st., between 3d and 4th avs., at 2 o'clock THIS (Monday) AFTERNOON. VINCENT W. BAGE, Master of St. John's Lodge No. 1.

J. T. BALDWIN, Sec.

CEDAR TRUNKS—FOR PRESERVING FURS and woolens from moth, at JOHN BLACK'S large trunk stores, No. 4 Murray-st., and No. 72 Maiden-lane, prices $4 and $5 each.

DRY GOODS.

GREAT BROADWAY SALE.

Two Hundred Thousand Dollars worth of beautiful new
SHAWLS AND MANTILLAS,
being BULPIN'S entire wholesale Stock, now offered at retail at
NO. 361 BROADWAY,
in consequence of Removal on the 1st of MAY to the Store No. 415 BROADWAY,
(Near Canal-street.)

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

Every article of this new and desirable Stock, prepared expressly in anticipation of an extensive first-class city wholesale trade, will now be offered at from 40 to 50 per cent. below regular wholesale prices, the subscriber having resolved to submit to this sacrifice for CASH in preference to selling his goods on credit, with an uncertainty of getting paid for them.

OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING EXTRAORDINARY INVENTORY:

1,180 very pretty Broché Stella Shawls at	$3 00
Regular wholesale price	5 50
2,640 superior Broché Stella Shawls at	4 00
Regular wholesale price	6 50
1,809 extra superior Broché Stella Shawls at	5 00
Regular wholesale price	8 00
1,690 very rich and entirely new Broché Stella do. at	5 50
Regular wholesale price	9 00

An immense assortment of FINE GOODS at similar reduced rates.

MANTILLAS.

2,270 Black Silk and Lace Mantillas, reduced to	$1 00
2,885 Black Silk and Lace Mantillas, large size	2 00
960 Black Silk and Lace Mantillas, still larger	3 00
1,190 rich do., with deep Lace Ruffles	4 00
1,950 superior Moire antique do., at	5 00
1,125 superior Moire Antique do., extra rich	6 00

All the finer goods at a proportionate rate.

Also,
LINEN AND CLOTH DUSTERS,
(new and pretty in style,)
MOURNING MANTILLAS, WRAPPERS, &c.,
at equally cheap rates.

The store will be closed on Monday, the 22d of March, to allow the remarking and arranging the stock.

The sale will commence on
TUESDAY, MARCH 23,
and continue until 1st of May.
GEO. BULPIN, No. 361 Broadway.

ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO.,
Have now open,
AT RETAIL,
THEIR SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK
OF
RICH DRESS GOODS.
SILKS—Plain, Plaid and Cross-overs—New Designs.
SILK ROBES, Double Jupe.
SILK ROBES, Double Jupe à Quille.
SILK ROBES, Bayadere.
SILK ROBES, Six Quilles.
SILK ROBES, Deux Quille.
SILK ROBES, à Volant.
MUSLINS and ORGANDIES by the yard and in robes.
BAREGES, by the yard and in robes.
MOUSSELINE DE SOIE, by the yard and in robes.
Also,
THE ALGERINE ROBE—an entirely new article.
PRINTED MOUS. DE LAINES, CHALLIS—Articles for Traveling Dresses, in great variety, &c., &c.
NOVELTIES BY EVERY STEAMER.
CANAL, corner of Mercer.

OPENING OF SPRING STYLES
OF EMBROIDERIES, &c.
BEEKMAN & COMPANY
will open on Monday
several cartons new French Embroideries, consisting of
French Embroidered Swiss and Jaconet sets;
French Embroidered Valenciennes, trimmed;
French Embroidered Jaconet and Swiss Collars;
Embroidered Cambric, Marseilles and Linen Traveling sets,
With a full assortment of Point, Point Applique, Honiton, English Thread Lace, and Maltese Sets and Collars.
No. 473 Broadway.

LINEN CAMBRIC HANDKERCHIEFS.

We will offer on Monday, March 22,

5 cases Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs, at $1 dozen.

5 cases Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs, (fine,) at $1 50 dozen.

300 dozen Ladies' Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, at $2 25 and $3 dozen.

200 dozen Gents' White and Colored-border Handkerchiefs, from $3 to $6 dozen.

Also, a full assortment of Children's Handkerchiefs.

BEEKMAN & COMPANY, No. 473 Broadway.

FASHIONABLE DRESS SILKS!
Flounced and A Quille Robes,
IN GREAT VARIETY.
ALSO,
Chene, Bayadere, Brocades, Mairé, and
LOW-PRICED SILKS!
Latest Paris styles.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 255, 257, 259 and 261 Grand-st.,
And Nos. 47 and 49 Catharine-st.

YARD-WIDE AT EIGHT CENTS!

25 cases Superior 4-4 White Cotton Shirtings, at 8 cents worth 10 cents.

ALSO,
Bargains in Domestic Goods of every kind.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 255, 257, 259 and 261 Grand-st.,
And Nos. 47 and 49 Catharine-st.

$5 BAREGE FLOUNCED ROBES!
Choice Spring Styles,
WORTH $7 50!
Also, Plain Barèges and Silk Tissues,
FROM AUCTION.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 255, 257, 259 and 261 Grand st.,
And Nos. 47 and 49 Catharine-st.

HORACE E. KETCHUM & CO.
Offer
STRAW AND LACE BONNETS,
Leghorn Flats and French Flowers,
At wholesale only, for CASH.
No. 318 Broadway,
Corner of Pearl-st.

LACE AND MUSLIN CURTAINS
FROM AUCTION,
IN
NEW AND ELEGANT DESIGNS,
For sale at reduced prices.
ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO.,
CANAL-ST., cor. Mercer.

CARPETINGS, CURTAIN MATERIALS.
Window-Shades, Lace Curtains, Gilt Cornices, &c., &c.,
IN GREAT VARIETY—CHEAP!
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 255, 257, 259 and 261 Grand-st.

NOVELTIES FOR THE OPENING SEASON.
Robe-à-Quille Muslin Dresses, only $2,
From late Auction sales,
Opened this morning by BEEKMAN & COMPANY,
No. 473 Broadway.

SPRING GOODS FROM AUCTION.

Handsome stella shawls $4 50; extra qualities $3 to $4.

1,500 broché and Cashmere shawls reduced $1 to $4 from former prices.

Choice shades of blue, brown and purple moire antique 4s. worth 6s.

Good quality wide width black moire antique 4s. 6d. worth 8s.

10 lots of newest style Spring silks, ranging from 4s. 6d. to 8s. Extra cheap goods.

500 pieces extra quality Spring de laines, 30 different patterns, charged elsewhere 2s., only 1s. 6d.

GREAT BARGAINS in domestics. 1¾ yards wide, fine pillow muslin 1?c.; 9-4 extra stout sheeting 20c., worth 28c.; shirting by the piece at case price.

1,500 pieces English print, guaranteed fast colors, the balance of an importer's stock, all at 6¼c., not half price.

The balance of Fall goods selling off at half price.

H. B. CLAPP & CO.,
Nos. 57 and 59 Catharine st.,
Corner of Monroe-st.

CARPETS.
A. T. STEWART & CO. have now open their
Spring importations of
ROYAL AXMINSTER AND VELVET,
(In one piece with medallion and by the yard.)
ALSO,
AUBUSSON,
MOQUETTES,
ROYAL WILTON,
TAPESTRY VELVET,
TAPESTRY BRUSSELS,
BRUSSELS,
THREE PLY,
AND INGRAIN
CARPETS.
Of the manufacture of John Crossley & Son and others.
COCOA MATTING, OIL-CLOTHS,
DRUGGETS, RUGS,
MATS, &c.
Broadway, Chambers and Reade sts.

DRESS GOODS,
CHEAP FOR CASH AND SHORT CREDIT.
BOOTH & TUTTLE,
Corner of Chambers, Church and Warren sts.

Are making daily additions to their stock of DRESS GOODS of NEW and DESIRABLE STYLES, suitable to the seasons and at prices that will secure the custom of all close buyers who will examine it.

NOW IS THE TIME FOR
CHEAP MANTILLAS.
Summer Mantillas
60 Per Cent.
BELOW COST,
FOR THIS WEEK ONLY,
At No. 355 Broadway.

WINDOW SHADES.

Window Shades can be had at the lowest prices, for cash, at the old established window shade warehouse, No. 126 William-st., between Fulton and John sts. Also, cornices, bands, pins, tassels, cords, &c., wholesale and retail.

N. B.—Store shades put up with neatness and dispatch.

DRY GOODS.

1858. SPRING NOVELTIES. 1858
RIBBONS AND DRESS TRIMMINGS.
WILLIAM W. WRIGHT & CO.,
NO. 252 BROADWAY,
Opposite the City Hall.
Are now receiving and offer at
PANIC PRICES
FOR
CASH,
OR APPROVED CREDIT,
RIBBONS,
DRESS TRIMMINGS,
EMBROIDERIES, LACES
WHITE GOODS,
KID GLOVES,
MITTS,
SHAWLS,
MANTILLAS, &c.
Also, a large stock of
FRENCH FLOWERS.

HEALTH,
GRACE
AND BEAUTY
conferred upon the ladies, by wearing
DOUGLAS & SHERWOOD'S
NEW EXPANSION SKIRT,
with the
ADJUSTABLE BUSTLE,
Patented April, 1857,
which has been decided by the best medical authority to be the most beneficial garment ever introduced for ladies' use, the weight being only 12 ounces.
ALL OF DOUGLAS & SHERWOOD'S
CELEBRATED SKIRTS
Are Stamped with their Trade Mark,
AND NONE GENUINE UNLESS SO STAMPED.
For sale at all the principal stores
in the United States and Canadas.

DE FOREST, ARMSTRONG & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS,
NOS. 80 AND 82 CHAMBERS-STREET,
(Late Carter, Quinan and De Forest,)
Are now opening and offering for sale a fine variety of
MERRIMAC, COCHECO, SPRAGUE, PACIFIC,
AND OTHER PRINTS,
At the lowest market price.
MANCHESTER, PACIFIC AND HAMILTON DE LAINES, SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS,
Lawrence, Cabot, Amoskeag, York Mills, Dwight, Lonsdale, Wamsuttas,
AND OTHER POPULAR BRANDS.
Also, an
EXTENSIVE VARIETY OF DRESS GOODS,
From Auction and Private sale.
Their stock embraces most articles necessary for the supply of a retail store.

CARPETING—SPRING IMPORTATIONS—1858.
At a great reduction of prices.
SMITH & LOUNSBERY,
No. 456 Broadway, near Grand-st.,
Are now offering

English Tapestry Brussels at	87 cents per yard.
English Tapestry Velvet at	$1 25 per yard.
English Brussels at	$1 10 per yard.
English Ingrain at	75 cents per yard.

Also, a choice assortment of Oil-cloths, Window Shades, Lace Curtains, and all other goods pertaining to the trade, at equally low prices.

SHAWLS! SHAWLS! SHAWLS!
ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO. will open
On MONDAY, March 22,
A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT
OF
STELLA SHAWLS, with FRENCH CAMEL BORDERS.
These goods are of our own importation, and
ENTIRELY NEW DESIGNS.
CANAL, corner of Mercer.

STELLA, CASHMERE, BROCHE, SILK,
and every other variety of Fashionable Spring Shawls.
ALSO,
MANTILLAS, LATEST SPRING DESIGNS,
Much Below Regular Prices.
LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 255, 257, 259 and 261 Grand-st.,
And Nos. 47 and 49 Catharine-st.

BEEKMAN & CO., No. 473 BROADWAY,
Have just received another invoice
Of Muslin de Chene,
In Bayadere Stripes, all colors.
A new and beautiful article for
Spring traveling dresses.

CHEAPEST BROWN SHIRTING
IN THE WORLD.
NAUMKEAG, "S." at 6¾ cents.
Apply to RUSHMORE, CONE & CO.,
Nos. 12 and 14 Warren-st.

A. T. STEWART & CO.
Will open, March 22, a rich and varied assortment of SHAWLS, suitable for Spring and Summer Wear, comprising
REAL INDIA CAMEL'S HAIR,
MOSAIC CASHMERE,
BROCHE BORDERED,
PRINTED BROCHE,
CREPE DE PARIS,
HERNANI,
BAREGE,
&c., &c.
Also,
MANTILLA SHAWLS,
Suitable for traveling
Broadway, Chambers and Reade sts.

A. T. STEWART & CO.
Will offer on MONDAY, March 22, a Superb Assortment of
REAL BLACK CHANTILLY POINTS AND POINT APPLIQUE LACES, including all the latest novelties in COLLARS,
COLLARS AND SLEEVES,
FLOUNCES,
SHAWLS,
MANTILLAS,
BASQUES,
DEMI VEILS,
&c., &c.
Their assortment of FINE FRENCH EMBROIDERIES is complete in
STYLES and PRICES.
Broadway, Chambers and Reade sts.

POPULAR TRADE.
A. T. STEWART & CO. will offer on Monday, March 22,
500 PARIS SAMPLE SILK ROBES,
At $25 PER ROBE,
(About one half the cost of production.)
Also,
A LARGE LOT EXTRA WIDE
PARIS DRESS SILKS,
$1 50 PER YARD,
(Value $2 50.)
Broadway, Chambers and Reade sts.

264—BOWERY—264.
LACE CURTAINS.
Just received from Auction,
50 per cent.
Below Regular Prices.
ALSO,
Several cheap lots of Linens, Table Cloths, Shawls, Sheeting and Shirting Muslins.
W. K. PEYTON,
No. 264 Bowery, near Houston-st.

MOURNING GOODS!
LARGE CONSIGNMENT!
2 cases LAVELLA CLOTH, 12½ cents per yard.
5 cases ORIENTAL PLAIDS, 15 cents per yard.
5 cases 4-4 SHEPHERD'S PLAIDS, 25 cents per yard.
The above are very desirable for traveling and house dresses; they are offered at about
HALF COST OF IMPORTATION.
At W. JACKSON'S MOURNING STORE,
No. 551 Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts.

ALL TO BE SOLD THIS WEEK,
At 50 per cent. below cost.
SHAWLS,
BROCHE,
CRAPE,
STELLA,
PLAID,
CHENILLE,
SCARFS, &c.
J. BECK & CO., No. 355 Broadway.

HOSIERY AND FLANNELS
AT HALF PRICE.
Ladies' and gentlemen's under-garments,
Merino,
Thread,
Silk
and Cotton Hose,
FOR ONE WEEK ONLY,
at No. 355 Broadway.

BLACK BAREGE ROBES!
FROM AUCTION!
200 ROBES, at $4 and $4 50 per Robe.
200 ROBES at $5 and $6 per Robe.
The above are very handsome goods, and the greatest bargains ever offered.
CALL AND SEE THEM.
W. JACKSON'S MOURNING STORE,
No. 551 Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts.

BOYS' SPRING CLOTHING.
DRESS SUITS, SCHOOL SUITS,
SPRING SACQUES,
SPRING TALMAS, cut by Isleton.
Elegant styles and perfect fits.
GENIN'S BAZAAR
No. 513 Broadway,
St. Nicholas Hotel.

A. T. STEWART & CO.
Have received by the last steamers,
ELEGANT GRENADINES,
BAREGES,
AND ORGANDIES,
In Robes and by the yard,
Embracing the latest Novelties.
Just received twenty cases of
RICH FRENCH PRINTS.
Broadway, Chambers and Reade sts.

MOURNING GOODS!
SILKS!! SILKS!!!
100 pieces PLAIDS and STRIPES, 65 and 75 cents.
100 pieces BLACK of all grades from 65 cents to $1 25.
N. B.—The above were purchased at auction, much below cost of importation.
Observe, W. JACKSON'S Mourning Store,
No. 551 Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts.

COURVOISIER'S BEST KID GLOVES,
At 75 cents a pair.
No. 355 Broadway.

DRY GOODS.

FASHIONS.
Magnificent Spring display of
ELEGANT MANTILLAS,
NOVELTIES IN SHAWLS, PARIS BONNETS,
FLOWERS, COIFFURES AND RIBBONS.
Also, LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S STRAW BONNETS.

Ladies will find in our extensive store the greatest assortment in each of the above departments ever exhibited in the United States. All our goods being imported by ourselves, and selected to suit the finest taste in the country, they confidently solicit general inspection, and assure purchasers that our prices will be found much lower than inferior styles of goods are offered at second-class stores.

CHAS. STREET & CO.,
No. 475 Broadway.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE OF GENERAL DRY GOODS.
The effects of G. B. WILLIAMS & CO.
Comprising in part
FINE LINEN DAMASK TABLE CLOTHS,
NAPKINS AND DIAPERS.
SUMMER COATINGS AND PANTALOON STUFF,
DRESS GOODS AND PLAIN AND FANCY SILKS
LAWNS, ORGANDIES, BAREGES,
ROBES DE LAINES, &c., &c.
The entire stock must be sold off before the 1st of May next, to close the assignment.

CONTINUATION SALE OF DRY GOODS.
By the Assignees of G. B. WILLIAMS,
At No 415 Broadway, one door south of Canal-st.
The following goods have been subjected to reduction in prices:
PRINTED AND PLAIN FRENCH BAREGES,
BAREGE ROBES,
PRINTED LAWNS AND ORGANDIES,
BAREGE CHALLIES AND DELAINES,
And other dress goods.
The whole must be cleared out by the 15th day of April next.

OPENED MONDAY.
500 Black Silk Embroidered Mantilla Centres at $4 each, worth $15.
CHARLES STREET & CO.,
No. 475 Broadway.

NECK TIES ONLY.
SMITH & BROUWER,
IMPORTERS AND MANUFACTURERS,
NO. 49 VESEY-ST., NEW-YORK,
would call the attention of the Trade to their extensive assortment of
SPRING GOODS,
consisting of
BYRON TIES, ALBERT TIES,
GARROTE TIES, NAPOLEON TIES,
YOUNG-AMERICA TIES, (a new article,)
SELF-ADJUSTING STOCKS.
Also,
a complete assortment of
COTTON TIES.
JACONETS, BRILLIANTES, FRENCH PRINTS,
SCOTCH GINGHAMS, &c. &c.
Our stock comprises many entirely new and exclusive styles, just landed, and never before offered in this market, all of which will be sold
AT THE LOWEST RATES.

A. T. STEWART & CO.
Will open on Monday, March 22,
SEVERAL CASES OF NEW EMBROIDERED
VELVET TALMAS, &c., &c.,
Suitable for Spring.
Also,
EXCLUSIVE NOVELTIES IN
SILK
and LACE
MANTILLAS,
Including the celebrated
Dentelle Imperatrice and D'Espagne.
Broadway, Chambers and Reade sts.

ALL HOUSEKEEPERS THAT WANT TO PURCHASE
AT HALF THE USUAL PRICES,
SHOULD CALL AT
NO. 355 BROADWAY.
LINENS—
Damasks,
Towelings,
Sheetings, &c.
MUSLINS—
Checks and Stripes,
Mulls and Swiss,
Jaconet and Sheetings, &c.
FOR ONE WEEK ONLY.

A. T. STEWART & CO.
OFFER AT RETAIL,
A large and splendid assortment of
FRENCH AND ENGLISH PLAIN AND FANCY
CASSIMERE VESTINGS,
&c., &c.
OF THE NEWEST SPRING STYLES,
FOR MEN'S AND BOYS' WEAR.
Broadway, Chambers and Reade-sts.

GREAT BARGAINS
In 4-4 Irish Linens
Table Damasks,
Huckaback Towels,
Towelings,
and every description of housekeeping goods, &c.
A. T. STEWART & CO.,
Broadway, Chambers and Reade sts.

No. 355 BROADWAY.
LACES!!
EDGINGS, FLOUNCES,
BLACK AND WHITE,
VEILS, SCARFS, ROBES, &c.,
At 40 cents on the dollar.
FOR ONE WEEK ONLY.

NO. 355 BROADWAY.
MUSLIN BANDS,
EDGINGS AND INSERTINGS,
All will be sold this week for less than
HALF COST.

MANTILLAS.
SPRING AND SUMMER MANTILLAS
Will be opened on
TUESDAY, March 23.
MADAME F. PINCHON, No. 66 Bleecker-st.

MILLER & DAY,
WHOLESALE SILK HAT MANUFACTURERS,
Corner Centre and Franklin sts., New-York.

FANCY GOODS.

NOS. 105 AND 107 CHAMBERS-ST.,
AND
NOS. 89 AND 91 READE-ST.
CARY, HOWARD & SANGER,
LATE
WM. H. CARY & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS,

In view of the many unreplenished stocks now in market, offer at their
NEW AND SPACIOUS STORE,
TO CASH AND FIRST-CLASS TIME BUYERS
Throughout the Union,
Their SPRING STOCK, which is
UNPARALLELED IN AMOUNT,
UNRIVALED IN ASSORTMENT,
AND
UNSURPASSED IN BARGAINS.

THIRTY YEARS' experience has enabled them to search out the best and cheapest manufacturers, both
FOREIGN AND AMERICAN,
To which they add the great advantages of
LARGE PURCHASES AND CASH PAYMENTS.

They solicit a thorough examination of their Goods and prices, feeling confident that they will convince each buyer, who will examine their stock, that it is for his interest to deal with them.

They particularly ask the attention of the trade to the articles named below, for which they are SOLE AGENTS, viz.:

PRATT, BROS. & CO.'S IVORY COMBS.
DAVID E. NOYES & CO.'S WHITE HORN COMBS.
G. D. PERCUSSION CAPS, "GENUINE."
WASHINGTON ARMS CO.'S PISTOLS.
BRITISH STANDARD LINEN THREAD.
STEVENS & CO.'S LINEN THREAD.
WAVERLEY MILLS LINEN THREAD.
WALKER & BROS.' SPOOL COTTON.
ENTERPRISE MILLS WRITING PAPERS.
To which they add, in quantities:
WATCHES, FINE GOLD JEWELRY.
GUNS, RIFLES, PISTOLS.
RAZORS, SCISSORS, POCKET CUTLERY.
FANS, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,
PERFUMERY, DRUGGISTS' ARTICLES.
COMBS, BRUSHES, BUTTONS, &c.
Catalogues furnished upon application.

LOST—BETWEEN THE HOURS OF 5 AND 6 P. M. on the 11th inst., in going from the St. Dennis Hotel to Thompson's Saloon, a ladies' French-made GOLD WATCH, with the letters J. R. B., engraved on the back, having a gold chain attached with a locket containing hair. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at BRADY'S Gallery, No. 359 Broadway.

BURDICK'S IMPROVED PRINTING Press, patented June 2, 1857. The cheapest and most economical press of the times, printing 1,000 copies per hour, to be seen at the factory, No. 136 West 37th-st., or at the office No. 146 Canal-st., corner Bowery.

N. P. LABARTIE & CO.

NOTICE.—THE GRAND CHARITY FESTIVAL will take place at Mozart Hall on Wednesday evening, March 24, and will be a most attractive affair. Tickets one dollar: can be procured at all the hotels, book and music-stores.

SAND FOR SALE—SUITABLE FOR BUILDING purposes. Apply to J. B. KING, Times Office.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

AS HOUSEKEEPER OR GOVERNESS.—A young lady, well educated, of a refined and social temperament cheerful disposition and pleasing address, being without means and home, would like to meet with an engagement with some respectable party, where she could find a quiet and permanent home. The most respectable reference will be given of ability and standing. Address with return postage, Miss L. A. B., care of Postmaster, Cincinnati, Ohio.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO GERMAN young women, separately or together, one to cook, wash and iron, or housework; is a good plain cook; makes good bread and biscuit; first-class laundress; the other, chamberwork and waiting, or assist to wash and iron; both are good, willing, competent help, neat, trustworthy and truthful to their employer; best recommendations. Can be seen at No. 203 7th-av., near 24th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY AN ACTIVE UP-right woman; is a good cook and baker, and an excellent washer and ironer; has a good boy 12 years old, who can do waiting and would be generally useful. She would take moderate wages if the lad was taken with her; would go to the country; has good City reference. Call at No. 129 Waverley-place.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS SEAMSTRESS BY a respectable person, by the day, week, or month; understands cutting and fitting boys' and girls' clothing perfectly; is a first-rate tailoress and dressmaker. Can be recommended by some of the first families. Apply at No. 198 Division-st., between Norfolk and Suffolk sts., 2d floor, front.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A HIGHLY RE-spectable well-informed girl as children's nurse, chambermaid and waitress; is a very experienced girl, of a good, kind disposition; has served in the first families. Any lady requiring a neat, respectful, and really first-class servant, with first-class references, can apply at No. 10 Tillary-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A VERY NEAT, tidy, pleasant and agreeable young woman of high respectability, as chambermaid and waiter laundress or plain sewer; has served in first families in the City, from whom she has excellent reference. Apply at No. 3 Myrtle-av., Brooklyn, for two days. Also, a young girl to take care children and do light work.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY AN INDUSTRI-ous faithful Scotch Protestant girl; is a very good plain cook thoroughly understands all kinds of housework, is a first class washer and ironer and baker; will be found a respectable, intelligent girl of good moral character; has the best reference. Apply at No. 10 Tillary-st., near Fulton, Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, to do chamberwork and fine washing and ironing, or chamberwork and waiting; has the best of City reference from her last place. Call at No. 272 East 10th-st., between 1st-av. and Avenue A. Can be seen for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE young girl; is a good plain cook and an excellent washer and ironer, and understands baking; has good City reference. Can be seen at No. 158 East 22d-st., between 1st and 2d avs., third floor and back room No. 9, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, as cook and to assist in the washing and ironing of a private family; is a good cook and excellent washer and ironer. The best of City reference can be given. Call at No. 119 West 12th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, A situation as cook and laundress, or as chambermaid or laundress. Good reference from her last place, where she has lived eight years. No objection to go a short distance in the country. Call at No. 6 Leroy-st., corner of Bleecker, for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WO-man, a situation as cook in a private family. Perfectly understands all kinds of pastry, jelly and soups, and is a very good baker. Can have the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 16 31st-st., between Madison and 5th avs., in the rear.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WO-man, as seamstress in a private family; can cut and make ladies' dresses and all kinds of plain and fancy sewing; can also work with the sewing machine. Best City reference can be given. Can be seen at No. 60 Lafayette-place.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT AND OBLIGING American young woman a situation; is a first-rate cook, understands, in all their branches, meats, poultry, game, soups of all kinds; is also a good baker; would assist in washing. No objection to the country. Call at No. 275 Bowery.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as cook, and to assist in the washing and ironing; no objection to go a short distance in the country. Best of City reference from her last place. Call at No. 77 West 18th-st., front basement, where she can be seen for two days, if not engaged.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT young woman, a situation as waitress in a private family, can give entire satisfaction in the fulfillment of her duties; has good City reference. Can be seen at her present employer's for two days from 10 until 4 o'clock at No. 20 West 31st-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SMART, TIDY Protestant girl, fully competent for her duties, as chambermaid and fine washer and ironer; understands ladies' fine muslins, fluting, &c.; can wait on ladies; has the best of City reference, and will be found willing and obliging. Call at No. 360 6th-av., near 23d-st., two days.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY THREE AMERICAN young women; one as chambermaid and waitress; one as nurse and seamstress; one to do general housework. Also by a professed cook; and a good cook, washer and ironer. Apply at No. 7 11th-st., near Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A THOROUGH, first-class cook; understands her business fully; has good City references; would like to engage with a family that goes into the country for the Summer months. Apply at No. 267 Mulberry-st., in the rear, for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT widow, a situation, as nurse or seamstress, to travel with a family to California or Europe; would take charge of an invalid; good City reference. Can be seen at No. 547 Pearl-st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG WO-man, as first-class cook; has lived in the best of families and understands all kinds of cooking, and can give the best of reference. Call at No. 28 3d-av., corner 11th-st., in the millinery store, for two days.

WANTED—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL wishes a situation as good plain cook, and to assist in the washing and ironing. The best of City reference from her last place. Call at No. 267 Mulberry-st., the first shop in the rear.

WANTED—A SEAMSTRESS' SITUATION BY A young American woman, by the week or month. Can cut and fit ladies' dresses and children's clothes, and do family sewing. Best of reference given. Apply at No. 200½ Greene st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, as nurse; is capable of taking charge of an infant, or would take care of children and do plain sewing if required. Reference if required. Call at No. 167 East 12th-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WO-man, as cook, who thoroughly understands her business; would have no objection to assist with washing; can give the best of City reference. Call at No. 71 West 16th-st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE girl to do the chamberwork and waiting, or assist with the washing and ironing. The best of City reference; can be seen, for two days, at No. 103 22d-st., corner of 6th-av.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED WOMAN, families' or gentleman's washing; has lived out for several years as laundress; will work on moderate terms. Call at No. 121 West 20th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE, STEADY WO-man, a situation in a private family as cook; understands her business in all its branches; would assist with the washing; has excellent City references. Address No. 48 West 15th-st., rear, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY AN AMERICAN woman, as cook, who understands in all its branches pastry, jellies bread and cake; also, milk, butter. No objection to City or country. Call, for two days, at No. 213 6th-st., near Avenue C, in the store.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant woman as nurse; is capable of taking charge of an infant, or would take care of children and do plain sewing, if required. Can give best of City references. Call No. 73 West 20th st.; can be seen for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT girl, a situation as laundress or chambermaid; one who thoroughly understands her business, with the best of City reference. Apply for two days at No. 210 Sullivan-st., room No. 8.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG LADY, A SITUATION as saleswoman in a fancy dry goods, lace or millinery store; is thoroughly acquainted with the business; has been over three years in last place. The best of reference given. Inquire at No. 5 2d-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBERMAID or to do general housework by a respectable woman; is a good washer and ironer. No objections to go in the country. Has good City reference. Apply, for 2 days, at No. 192 Varick-st.

WANTED—BY AN AGED SCOTCH LADY, A situation to do general housework and plain sewing, in a small family; has good reference. Apply at No. 249 West 26th-st., in the front basement for three or four days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS HOUSEKEEPER, either in the City or country, by an American woman. Can furnish the highest testimonials as to character and capability. Address Box No. 387 Post Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE girl to do the chamberwork and waiting, or assist with the washing and ironing; the best of City reference; can be seen at No. 176 Broome-st., Friday and Saturday.

WANTED—BY AN AMERICAN GIRL SIXTEEN years old, a situation to mind children, and make herself generally useful. Apply at her present employer's, No. 23 Johnson-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED.—A HEALTHY YOUNG ENGLISH WO-man desires a situation as wet nurse. Can be seen for two days at No. 53 West 16th-st. Best of references given.

WANTED—A BABY TO NURSE BY A RESPECT-able young girl. Wishes to come to the family's house; would make herself generally useful. Address ELIZABETH, care of J. Baldwin, Craneville, N. J.

WANTED—ALL RESPECTABLE EMPLOYERS to know that they can obtain this day, English, American, Scotch, German and other Protestant Servants; also respectable Roman Catholics, as good cooks, nurses, chambermaids, seamstresses, laundresses, and general servants, at high and low wages. at WESLEY & CO.'S Select Female Institute, No. 350 6th-av., between 22d and 23d sts.

LADIES CAN BE SUITED WITH GOOD, reliable help at Mrs. YORKSTONES office, No. 23 4th-av. None admitted without good reference.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—BY A NEAT, TIDY WOMAN, WHO has excellent City reference, a situation as general servant; makes bread, washes and irons well, is kind to children; will go in the country for the Summer; wages $6. Also, a neat girl of 16, can mind a baby; sews neatly, does chamberwork and light washing; wages $4. Call at No. 216 East 23d-st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A HARD-WORK-ing, faithful German woman as cook and laundress; understands her business thoroughly; has been accustomed to serve in good American families and speaks English well; will give the very best City references for integrity and capability. Apply at No. 10 Tillary st., near Fulton, Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS LADY'S MAID AND seamstress; would assist in housekeeping, or take care of an aged or invalid lady; will take care of grown children, or the linen room in a hotel. No objection to leave the City. The best of references. Can be seen for two days at No. 82 3d-av.

WANTED—SITUATIONS IN THE CITY OR country, as a good cook, and to wash and iron; as chambermaid and waiter; as fine laundress and chambermaid; as nurse and seamstress, and to do general housework, by very competent girls. Call at No. 73 6th-av., in the store.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A COMPETENT woman, as first-class cook; no objection to go a short distance in the country with a genteel family; the best of City references can be given. Call at or address No. 129 Waverley place, for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A SITU-ation in a small private family, to do chamberwork, waiting, or plain sewing. Can give the best of City reference. Call, for 2 days, at No. 212 Fulton-av., Brooklyn.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

WANTED—A WAITER'S SITUATION IN A PRI-vate family by a single young man who understands his business, in the city or country; is not afraid of work nor fond of going out; will be found willing and obliging; is very neat in person and clean in habits; has good City reference from last place for honesty, sobriety and good temper; is very handy in and about a house; is a good driver if required. Apply or address for three days, M. O., No. 124 6th-st., or Union-square Post-Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE man, as coachman or groom; is a careful, good driver, and perfectly understands the care and treatment of horses, having had long experience in England in that capacity; can give the very best of reference as to capability and carefulness. Call, or address COACHMAN, for three days, at Mr. Campbell's saddlery and harness store, No. 50 4th-av., between 8th and 9th sts.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN OF GOOD EX-perience, a situation as coachman, with unexceptionable reference from his late employer, an English Lord, whom he served 5 years and 7 months. Is a good horseman, and can drive well; age 24; height 5 feet 5 inches; weight 10 stone. Address W. W. W., Box No. 760 Post-Office, Fort Covington, New-York.

WANTED.—A MAN AND WIFE, WITHOUT FAM-ily, want a situation; the woman is a professed cook, washer and ironer, &c.; the man as gardener, coachman, porter, &c.; both willing to be generally useful; moderate wages at present, with a nice family will suit. N. B.—Call or address GEORGE CARSON, Esq., Intelligence Office, Poughkeepsie, for John Ward.

WANTED.—A COMPETENT AND ACTIVE PRO-testant Englishman and wife desire a situation. Is a thorough bred farmer, understands it in all its branches; is also a good coachman and gardener. His wife understands the making of butter and dairywork; is also a good cook and caterer. Both are willing and obliging, and highly recommended. Call at No. 275 Bowery.

WANTED—A CUTTER'S SITUATION, BY AN EX-perienced man, either shop or custom; has 12 years' experience; can cut all kinds of garments to measure; the best of reference to nice employers; will meet with a faithful man; no objection to the country. Address A. R., No. 25 New-Bowery, in the tailor's store.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY A PROTESTANT man and wife, the man as coachman and gardener, his wife as competent cook, or chambermaid and laundress, or seamstress; both will be found capable, and have the very best of reference. Apply at No. 360 6th-av., near 22d st, for three days.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG UNMARRIED MAN, A situation as general servant; understands the care of horses, gardening, &c.; no objection to go to the country. Apply, for three days, to F. C. WELLS & CO., No. 115 Franklin-st., New-York.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE MAN, A SITU-tion as coachman and groom; thoroughly understands his business; is a good groom and a careful driver, and has good city reference. Address J. D., sadaler's store, No. 125 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY A Protestant man; has lived in the City for the last 13 years; has the best of City references as to ability, sobriety and honesty. Address C. B., care of Charles S. Coxhead, saddler, No. 704 Broadway, New-York.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN, BY A man of first-rate ability. Has lived almost 4 years in his last place. Can produce the very best of references. Address H. P. S., *Times* office.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A GERMAN AND his wife; he is well qualified as coachman, understands farming and gardening. Address GERMAN, at the office of this paper.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER IN A private family; has four years' City reference from his last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 62 University-place, near 12th st.

ORGANIST.—A SITUATION DESIRED IN BROOK-lyn or New-York by a competent organist of long experience in the Episcopal Church service. Salary not so much an object as a good organ. Address J. B. *Times* Office.

AN EXPERIENCED ALTO—WHO READS music at sight desires a position in a QUARTETTE CHOIR, in New York, Brooklyn or Jersey City. Best references given. Address, for three days, ALTO, No. 246 Court-st., Brooklyn.

ORGANIST.—A SUPERIOR ORGANIST DESIRES a situation in some church in or near the City. Reference. GEO. W. MORGAN, organist at Grace Church. Apply at Gordon's Music store, No. 297 Broadway.

GARDENERS AND FARMERS.

WANTED—FARMER.—A MAN AND HIS WIFE desire places in City or country, separate or together; the man is a good, careful hand, over horses and cattle in general; he understands farming thoroughly; his wife can undertake the housework of a good-sized family, or can take entire charge of a dairy; both are highly recommended; will be found willing and obliging; if required together, distance no object. Apply at No. 307 Bowery, this week.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FARMER AND gardener, by a man of several years' practice in this country, who thoroughly understands his business in all its departments, and is well qualified to take charge of greenhouses, graperies, fruit, vegetables, and their general treatment; also, the laying out and planting of new places. Has good recommendation from his last place. Address D. W. M., No. 9 John-st.

WANTED.—TWO ACTIVE, INDUSTRIOUS YOUNG men want situations; both are good vegetable gardeners; understand all kinds of farm work; are good grooms and steady drivers; would hire by the year or season; are able to work, and will be found capable and anxious to give satisfaction; distance or locality no difference; have good reference; call at No. 129 Waverley-place.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER, BY A steady, reliable man, who understands his business thoroughly in its different branches; does not object to make himself otherwise useful; will be found a man who will study his employer's interest, and has unexceptionable references for character and ability. Apply at No. 10 Tillary-st., near Fulton, Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER OR farmer and gardener, who thoroughly understands his business, the care of green house and grapery. The laying out of gentlemen's places preferred. Can give the best of reference from his last employer. Call at No 64 White st, Mr. SMYTH'S seed store, or address E. S., the above number.

WANTED.—A MARKET GARDENER AND A first-class farmer wants a situation; is well acquainted with the Washington Market; also, can take charge of a private place. Can give the best of City references. None need apply but those whom this suits. Address E. C. D., *Times* office, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A FIRST-RATE practical gardener, who thoroughly understands his business; an Englishman, aged 30. Can produce the best of reference. Call or address, for 3 days, J. TYRRELL, No. 430 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION TO TAKE CHARGE of a small farm, by a married man with small family; can produce good references. Address P. H. VANARSDALE, East Millstone, N. J.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN ENGLISHMAN as gardener; understands plain and ornamental gardening. For particulars, inquire of G. L. BROWN, No. 11 Wall-st., basement.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—DRY GOODS SALESMAN.—A FIRST-class dry-goods salesman to go to Petersburg, Va.; must be a single man, of good address, and have had experience in the business, and be able to give good reference. Apply on Monday, March 22, between 2 and 5 o'clock, to DAVIS, ABRAHAMS & LYON, at Loder & Lockwood's, No. 126 Chambers st.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED SHOE CLERK TO go to Petersburg, Va.; must be a single man, of good address, and be able to give good reference. Apply on Monday, March 22, from 2 till 5 o'clock, to DAVIS, ABRAHAMS & LYON, at Loder & Lockwood's, No. 126 Chambers st.

WANTED—TO GO TO NEWPORT, R. I., TO LIVE the entire year, a Protestant woman as cook; she must be thoroughly acquainted with her business and able to show good City references. Apply at room No. 171 New-York Hotel, before 12 A. M., or after 6 P. M.

WANTED—A COLORED COACHMAN AND groom—a single man. One who understands his business, is a careful driver, and can come well recommended. Apply at Clinton-st., corner of President-st., South Brooklyn.

WANTED—A STRONG, ACTIVE WOMAN AS cook and to wash and iron. She must understand baking, and bring good references for cleanliness, honesty, etc. Apply at No. 12 Lafayette place, after 10 A. M.

WANTED—TWENTY YOUNG MEN WITH A small capital. Call at No. 125 Crosby-st.

OILED-CLOTHING MANUFACTORY.— Nos. 267 and 269 Water-st., between Peck-slip and Dover-st.

TO LET.

TO LET.—THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS THE following first-class dwellings to let:

No. 191 West 14th-st	$1,400
No. 223 West 14th-st	1,250
No. 313 5th-av	1,300
No. 9 East 33d-st	1,000
No. 6 East 34th-st	1,100
No. 59 West 17th-st	1,330
No. 60 West 17th-st	1,150
ALSO,	
No. 89 West 19th-st	600
No. 74 West 19th-st	650
No. 134 5th-st	350
Store No 163 Greenwich-st	2,500
First floor and basement of store No. 27 Park-row	3,000
Lofts of store No. 18 Pearl-st	600

Leases can be procured on favorable terms.
WILLIAM B. ASTOR, No. 85 Prince-st.

TO LEASE IN THE EIGHTH WARD, BROOKLYN—A very desirable private residence, furnished, with three acres of land in the highest state of cultivation, and beautifully laid out with the choicest collection of ornamental and fruit trees shrubbery and flowers; also, an excellent vegetable garden, a large grapery, with a fine selection of vines bearing well; a green-house, cottage for gardener, stables, &c. A more healthy and pleasant situation cannot be found. It commands an extensive view of the bay and city, and the neighborhood is most desirable. For further particulars, with cards of admission, apply to FOX & POLHEMUS, No. 59 Broad st.; PETER V. KING, No. 41 South-st., New York; or to JOHN B. KING, No. 141 Joralemon-st., Brooklyn.

TO LET—FROM FIRST MAY NEXT, THe five-story building corner of Nassau and Beekman sts., now occupied by the *New-York Times*. The premises are well adapted to the newspaper business, having the largest vault in the City, and which extends under both streets. Apply to E. H. BROWN, No. 72 Wall-st., from 1 to 3 P. M.; or to Mr. MORSE, *Observer* office, No. 138 Nassau-st.

N. B.—For sale, a ten-horse engine and two boilers of sufficient capacity to drive the engine and heat the building; also, one four-cylinder press, with all the necessary shafting.

TO LET—FOUR SPLENDID FIVE STORY BUILD-ings, with Bogardus' iron fronts at the southwest corner of Canal and Elm sts. Each building has a front of 25 feet on Canal-st. The corner building is wide in the rear, and occupies the ground of a full lot; rent $5,000. The most westerly building is about 86 feet deep; rent $3,000. The two intermediate buildings are 65 feet deep; rent of each, $2,400. They may be hired for one year only, or for five years, at the rents named. They are strongly built and well lighted. Apply to GEORGE BRUCE, No. 13 Chambers-st.

TO RENT—IMMEDIATE POSSESSION GIVEN— The entire dwelling part over the new Bull's Head Bank, corner 3d av. and 25th-st., consisting of 24 large, airy rooms, on three floors, high ceilings, and finished with all the modern improvements complete, such as gas-fixtures, hot and cold water, bath rooms, ranges, &c., &c.—a very desirable location for a largest family, or a genteel boarding house. Rent $1,000 per annum. Also for sale at half price, one of Herring's large safes, in perfect order. Apply at the Bull's Head Bank.

TO LET VERY LOW—FROM $550 TO $650— Several first-class moderate sized three and four story high stoop and English basement houses with all the modern improvements, corner 38th-st. and 2d av., in a block of 13 houses, one a corner and an excellent position for a physician. Inquire on the premises or of W. SHAW, No. 5 East 31st-st.; mornings from 8 to 10. Also, to rent, a brown-stone front house No. 399 4th-av., between 28th and 29th sts. Rent $600.

TO LET IN BROOKLYN—THREE-STORY brick houses, suitable for genteel families, near the corner of Sands-st. in Hudson av.; each house contains thirteen rooms and under-cellar, and has large yard and grape arbor; all in excellent tenantable order. Rent low to good tenants. Apply to JOHN F. HENNESSY, No. 85 Gold-st., Brooklyn.

TO LET—HOUSE NO. 160 WEST FIFTIETH-ST., $500.
House No. 156 50th-st., $450.
House in 53d-st., between 5th and 6th avs., $250.
Cottage in 81st st., near 3d av., $250.
Also 5 acres of land at Ravenswood, $300.
Apply to H. MERRITT, No. 49 3d-av.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—AT WILLIAMSBURG, L. I., a large mansion with 16 lots, one acre on Grand-st., between Lorimer and Leonard sts. Fine garden, shrubbery, &c.; late the residence of C. W. Houghton, Esq. To a good tenant, that will take special care of the place, it will be let or leased at a low price. Apply to R. W. BOWES, at the Park Bank, New-York.

TO LET—AT LOW RENTS, THE DESIRABLE and convenient three story dwelling-houses replete with the modern improvements Nos. 152 and 154 Waverley-place, near 6th-av. Also, the very desirable store and house No. 100 6th-av., opposite Jefferson Market. Also, the factory on 46th-st., directly east of 3d-av. Apply to L. SUYDAM, No. 158 Waverley-place.

TO LET—AT NOS. 16 AND 18 WILLIAM-STREET, corner of Beaver-st., the offices recently occupied by the Cleveland and Toledo Railroad Company. Also, eligible suites of offices in the same building, on the ground floor and in the second story, suitable for corporations, brokers, &c. Apply to W. HOWARD WAIT, Room No. 10, on the premises.

TO LET IN BROOKLYN—THE DWELLING-house No. 206 Fulton-st., corner of Pineapple, for a first-class boarding-house. It has thirty rooms, all in good order, painted throughout last Spring, and the parlor and dining-room papered. Rent low to a good tenant. Can be seen from 2 to 4 P. M. For terms, inquire of C. HADDEN, No. 24 Remsen-st., Brooklyn.

TO LET—THE THREE-STORY AND ATTIC house No. 205 Henry-st., New-York. This house is three rooms deep, and replete with every convenience, viz: furnace, water-closets range, stationary tubs, gas and gas fixtures throughout the house; also an abundance of closet room. For particulars, inquire at No. 257 Pearl-st., New-York.

ROOMS AND OFFICES TO RENT IN AP-PLETON'S BUILDING.—Seventy-five feet have been added to this building, affording a large number of desirable offices, suited for architects, artists, lawyers, engravers, sculptors, and others. Every room is heated by steam and faces on a side street. Rents reasonable. Apply to D. APPLETON & CO., 346 and 348 Broadway.

TO LET ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS— The three-story brick house No. 8 Willow-st., within two minutes' walk of Fulton Ferry; has gas range, &c.; and is in good repair. Apply in the afternoon to JOHN LYONS, No. 13 Chambers st., up stairs, or to CONNER & SONS, No. 29 Beekman-st.

STORE TO LET—FOR ONE OR MORE YEARS, at a liberal rent; the store No. 100 Front st., a few doors below Wall; the store may be seen at any time. Apply, for terms, to Messrs. WILLETT & STEPHENS, No. 67 Wall st.; or CHARLES E. BUTLER, No. 2 Hanover-st.

TO LET—THE FOUR UPPER LOFTS IN THAT new and splendid store, (110 by 25 feet,) No. 251 Broadway corner of Murray-st., with or without the subcellar. Entrance on Broadway and on Murray-st. with hoistway. Inquire of S. C. HERRING & CO., upon the premises.

TO LET—THE LOWER PART OF THE DWEL-ling house No. 209 West 18th st. Has the gas and Croton water fixtures and is located in a pleasant neighborhood. Inquire of the subscriber, No. 400 Hudson st., at the office of the Greenwich Insurance Company.
JAMES HARRISON.

TO LET—TO A SMALL AMERICAN FAMILY, part of house No. 110 1st-st., near Avenue A, front basement, front and back parlors on first story, two front bedrooms on third story, 7 pantries, large yard, no rear buildings. Can be seen from 1 to 5 o'clock P. M. Inquire at No. 13 Avenue A. Rent, $300.

TO LET OR LEASE—A LARGE HALL IN the new building situated on the northeast corner of Broadway and 30th-st., being 50 feet wide by nearly 100 feet deep and 15 feet ceiling, finished in the best manner; the key can be had on the premises. Apply to JOHN BROWER, No. 5 Coenties slip.

TO LET—A HOUSE AND STORE FOR MILLI-nery, &c., on Atlantic-st., Brooklyn. New and desirable. Rent $350. Apply to JOHN WARNER, No. 413 Atlantic-st. If preferred, would sell on a credit; $1,000 or less down.

TO LET—A PORTION OF HOUSE NO. 62 RIVING-ton-st., consisting of second story, with front basement, gas, water and other conveniences, to a small family only. References given and required. Apply on the premises.

TO LET—THE LOWER HALF OF A FOUR STORY English-basement house, built for the owner's own use. It is fitted up with bells, speaking tubes, &c. The rent is $400. Inquire on the premises No. 256 West 32d-st., 4 doors west of 9th-av.

TO RENT—A FURNISHED THREE-STORY house, for six months from about the 1st of May; pleasantly situated in 19th-st., near 5th-av.; rent to a small family, $125 per month. Inquire of B. F. GOODSPEED, corner of 5th av. and 19th-st.

TO LEASE—THE SIX-STORY, BROWN-STONE front building, with basement and sub-cellar, No. 113 Nassau-st., 25 feet in front and 100 feet deep to Theatre-alley, with centre light, and well calculated for business. Inquire of M. J. GILHOOLY, No. 78 Nassau-st.

LOTS TO LET.—TEN OR TWELVE VACANT lots to let, foot of Baltic st., Brooklyn. Apply at the office of the Hartford Coal Company No. 47 Exchange-place, New-York, or to JAMES BELL, No. 45 Atlantic st., Brooklyn.

TO LET—A VERY SPACIOUS, WELL-LIGHTED loft 50 feet wide and 100 feet deep; it may be extended to twice the present dimensions. Apply to SEABURY BREWSTER, No. 627 Broadway.

TO LET—A TWO-STORY BRICK DWELLING house and a large building suitable for manufacturing purposes; situated in Lexington-av., between 56th and 57th sts. Inquire of THOS. WYATT, No. 188 Mercer-st.

TO LET—FURNISHED—THE FOUR-STORY ENG-lish basement house No. 49 East 30th-st., furnished complete and in excellent order. Apply between 11 and 4 o'clock on the premises.

TO LET—THE THREE-STORY BRICK DWELL-ING house No. 15 Bond-st., supplied with all the modern improvements. Possession given 1st May next. Apply at No. 53 Walker-st.

TO LET—AN ENGLISH-BASEMENT HOUSE IN 18th-st., between 3d-av. and Irving-place. Apply at No. 90 East 19th-st., between 1 and 3 o'clock P. M.

TO LET—THE STORE NO. 120 LIBERTY ST., BE-tween Broadway and Greenwich-st. Apply to RICHARD LAWRENCE, No. 157 Duane-st., up stairs.

TO LET—THE TWO SPACIOUS STORES ON THE corner of Broadway and 28th st. Apply to
JOSEPH DELAFIELD, No. 56 Wall-st.

TO LET—STORE AND LOFTS NO. 89 LIBERTY-st., near Broadway. C. & U. J. SMITH,
No. 103 Liberty-st.

TO LET—STORES AND OFFICES IN THE *Times* Building on Park-row, Spruce and Nassau sts. Inquire of J. M. TRIMBLE, or T. I. HALL, on premises.

TO LET—THE THREE-STORY HOUSE NO. 70 7th-st. Inquire of GEORGE BINNEY, No. 119 2d-av.

TO LET—A STABLE WITH FIVE STALLS, AT No. 48 Leroy-st.

TO LET.

TO LET—THE FOUR-STORY BROWN STONE house (just repainted and put in complete order) No. 318 West 22d-st.; rent $850—possession given immediately. Four-story brown-stone house No. 303 West 21st st.—rent $800. The four-story brown-stone house No. 133 West 22d-st.—rent $750. Four-story English basement house No. 9 West 41st-st.; rent $800. Three-story and attic house, No. 47 Horatio-st.; rent $500. Three-story house No. 225 West 31st st.; rent $500. Four-story English basement house No. 104 West 25th-st.; rent $600. These houses have the modern improvements. Apply at at the office of J. & W. DENHAM, corner 8th av. and 16th-st. Office open from 7½ o'clock A. M. to 9 P. M.

TO LET—THE FOUR-STORY ENGLISH BASE-ment house No. 294 West 20th-st., pleasantly situated, fronting the grounds of the Theological Seminary; has all the modern improvements, and is in complete order. Rent $750. It is furnished throughout. The furniture, which has been but little used, for sale, at a reasonable price. Can be seen at any time, on application to F. E. F. RANDOLPH, No. 129 West, or No. 816 Greenwich-st.

TO LET—THE FIRST-CLASS THREE STORY brick house No. 127 East 18th-st., having all the latest improvements and in perfect order. Good location, &c. Will be rented low to a good tenant. Apply to JOHN FOSTER, No. 149 East 18th-st.

TO LET—FURNISHED HOUSE—THE BROWN stone front, four-story, English basement house No. 220 West 3d-st., will be let to a private family only for one or three years. Apply to F. S. SCHLESINGER & ANDREESEN, No. 63 Pine-st.

TO LET—TO A SMALL FAMILY THE FIRST story and basement of house No. 218 West 30th-st., between 8th and 9th avs., consisting of two parlors and five rooms, with wardrobes, range, bath and gas. Best of references required. Rent $450. Apply on the premises.

TO LET—NOS. 135, 137 and 139 WATER-ST., AND No. 2 Depeyster-st., (known as the Green block.) The whole or any part. Inquire of S. C. HERRING & CO., upon the premises, or at their new store, No. 251 Broadway, corner Murray-st.

TO LET—THE UPPER PART OF A THREE-story brick house, consisting of second floor with bath-room, part of basement, and privilege of under cellar, kitchen with gas fixtures, to a small respectable family, No. 126 Monroe-st. To be seen from 1 to 5 o'clock.

TO LET—AT NO. 430 BROOME ST., ONE BLOCK east of Broadway, to Architects or others following a light business, a large, handsome, well-lighted room on second floor. Inquire on the premises in Dr. WHEELER'S office, between the hours of 9 and 1 o'clock.

TO LET—THE THREE STORY BROWN STONE house, furnished, No. 7 East 39th st. Possession given, if wished April 1. It has all the modern improvements. Address Box No. 3,702 Post Office.

TO LET AT BERGEN POINT, N. J.—A neat house, with about half an acre of land, fronting the water, and commanding a fine view of Staten Island, the River and Bay. Apply to JOHN PARET & SON, No. 88 Chambers st.

TO LET—TWO COTTAGES ON STATEN ISLAND, on south shore; one is known as the Stone cottage, and the other as the Livingston place. For particulars inquire of MILLIKEN & GAMBLE, No. 28 Beaver-st., New-York.

TO LET—TWO COTTAGE-BUILT HOUSES AT South Bergen, New-Jersey, a good line of stages starts from the premises. Rent $225. Inquire at No. 34 King-st., New York.

TO LET—AT YONKERS, VERY NEAR THE DE-pôt, a furnished cottage for the Summer months containing nine rooms, garden, stable and ice-house. Apply to JOHN WHEELER, Yonkers.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—FOUR COTTAGES with gardens, &c., at Astoria. Apply to H. L. RIKER, No. 150 Nassau-st., New-York.

WHARF LOTS—BULKHEAD AND PIER TO lease, between 40th and 43d sts., North River. Also, the lots adjoining on those streets.
CHARLES T. APPLEBY,
Metropolitan Fire Ins. Co., cor. Broadway and Pine-st.

STORE TO LET—THE LARGE FOUR STORY store, with sub-cellar, &c., No. 56 John-st. Apply at No. 192 Broadway, from 11 to 12 o'clock, or at No. 81 East 27th-st., to PETER A. H. JACKSON.

TO LEASE—THIRD, FOURTH, AND FIFTH lofts of No. 122 Fulton-st.; $425, $350, $300; suitable for any manufacturing purposes they being well lighted. Inquire in the store.

OFFICES TO LET.—DESIRABLE OFFICES IN the second third and fourth stories of the new marble building situated on Broadway, between Wall and Pine sts. can be obtained at reasonable rents, on application at the office of WILLIAM B. ASTOR, No. 85 Prince st.

OFFICES TO LET—IN THE BIBLE HOUSE, Astor-place. Inquire in the Treasurer's Office, entrance on 4th-av.

NO. 859 BROADWAY, UNION-SQUARE— FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—For 6 or 12 months. $200 a month; or let on lease.

STEAM POWER WITH ROOMS, WELL lighted, to let. Apply to J. & S. H. WALKER, Nos. 180 and 182 Centre-st., corner Hester.

FARMS FOR SALE.

TO FARMERS, GARDENERS, &c.—FOR SALE—The beautiful and well-known Dairy Farm on Long Island of the late David S. Mills, situated on the Williamsburg and Jamaica Turnpike Road 3 miles from Williamsburg and containing 60 acres. This farm is most beautifully located, surrounded by roads, and the turnpike running through the centre of it giving a very extensive front for improvements. It is in fine condition, having been used as a dairy farm for 20 years. There are extensive improvements on the premises, consisting of a large double mansion house, a stone stable 150 feet long 40 feet wide 2½ stories high, with walls two feet thick, and well suited for factory purposes together with barns, ice-house, blacksmith and wheelwright shops, carriage house, vegetable vault which will hold 2,000 bushels, built of stone and on a side hill, and a cow and hay barn about 200 feet long. The farm is capable of producing as much as any farm of its size on the Island, for which a premium was awarded by the American Institute as the best farm on Long Island. It is surrounded and divided up by double-faced stone walls. There is a great amount of the choicest kinds of fruit on the premises. The farm will be sold either in parcels to suit purchasers, or in one plot at private sale. If not sold by the 10th day of April it will on that day be sold at public auction, at 1 o'clock P. M., at the Brick Tavern, at Middle Village, adjoining the premises. Stages run to and from the property every hour daily from the Grand and Houston st. ferries. Applications can be made to S. A. MILLS at the Chatham Bank, from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., or to C. R. MILLER, No. 14 Pine-st.

FARM FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR good City property, at Oyster Bay, L. I., on the stage road from Oyster Bay Village to the dépôt at Syosset, 2 miles from a fine large beach for bathing on the Sound, 1½ miles from the dépôt 3 miles from Cold Spring and 5 from Glen Cove; 60 acres, 12 of it good wood land, principally hickory, oak and chestnut, stage road runs through the place leaving about half on each side; 2 large ponds, apple and peach orchard, and plenty of other fruit of all kinds; large inclosed hennery of over an acre; large kitchen garden; large barn, hovel with loft over it about 60 feet long; carriage-house 20x42, with loft over it; dwelling-house, about 42x34, 2-stories, with high attic, showing 3 stories, 14 large rooms, with as many pantries and closets, good cellar and milk room, large cistern, with pump in the kitchen, 2 wells of excellent water; work-shop and smoke-house. All the buildings are nearly new, in good order, and convenient to the City. The present occupant does business in the City, and goes and returns daily. Inquire of T. P. BURGER at East Norwich, L. I., or J. W. SOUTHACK, No. 196 Broadway, New York. Price $8,000.

FARMS FOR SALE—IN AND NEAR MADISON, Morris County, New-Jersey, several good farms from 40 to 130 acres each. These farms are worthy of notice to any one who is desirous to purchase farms as they are in a fine healthy section of the country, along the line of the Morris and Essex Railroad, fine locations and well stocked with fruit. The 40 acres is a beautiful farm, good buildings, abounds in fruit of every description, fine garden, ice house filled with ice, large lawn of shade around the house and within 10 minutes' walk of the dépôt. For a gentleman doing business in the City this is a very desirable place. Inquire of S. D. HUNTING, Waverley House, near the dépôt.

HUDSON RIVER PROPERTY AT $250 PER ACRE.—Twenty or thirty acres, situated on the east bank of the Hudson, within one hour's ride from New-York, having a very beautiful view of the river and the surrounding country, lying between the post-road and the river within ten minutes of the dépôt, well wooded and nearly all cultivated. Address R. C., Box No. 932 Post-office.

$4,000.—A FARM OF 320 ACRES, WELL situated, about 70 miles west of this City. Land is good, containing all the necessary buildings. Will exchange for a house in this City. Address C. S., Box No. 1,721 New-York City.

ILLINOIS LANDS FOR INVESTMENT.— 8,000 acres of the best of farming land, mostly in a body that must be sold for cash. Will be sold for one-third of their real value. S. COCKCROFT, No. 13 Merchants' Exchange, Wall-st.

FARMS TO LET.

FARM TO LET OR WORK ON SHARES— At Jamaica South L. I., on the Rockaway Plank Road, about 9 miles from the Brooklyn ferries and 1 from the bay landings; contains 55 acres of good loamy soil and 10 acres of salt meadow. Good house and barn and an excellent opportunity for a market gardener. Apply at No. 78 Chatham st. C. M. CHURCH.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED—BY A VERY SMALL AND VERY DE-sirable family, a second floor with gas and water, and with immediate possession. Address, stating number of rooms, location, together with lowest terms, W., No. 68 Cedar-st., front office, second story.

WANTED TO PURCHASE—A HIGH STOOP, modern built house, located between 23d and 40th sts. and Lexington and 6th avs. Price from $8,000 to $12,000. Address J. P. H., box No. 2,007 New-York Post-Office.

WANTED—TO HIRE FOR A FAMILY OF FOUR grown persons, a neat well-furnished house, with all modern comforts, between Bleecker and 25th sts. and 2d and 7th avs. Address box No. 1,310 New-York Post-Office, stating price and particulars.

WANTED—A THREE-STORY HOUSE WITH ALL the modern improvements, for a private family, between Bleecker and 20th-st., or between 6th-av. and Broadway. Rent and all particulars specified. Address T. M., *Times* Office.

LEAKY ROOFS.—EVERY DESCRIPTION OF roofs made tight, and painted with the patent Cement Roof Paint 1 cent per square foot; warranted for three years. Apply at No. 223 Fulton-st., basement.

$4 50 DOUBLE-SOLE WATERPROOF SEWED BOOTS, NOW READY AT JONES', NO. 10 ANN-ST. ALSO, $3 50 DOUBLE SOLE PEGGED BOOTS.

HOUSES AND LOTS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—FOUR HOUSES— The 3d, 18th, 23d and 30th houses east of 7th av., in a magnificent block of 30; 3 and 4 story brown-stone front houses on north side of 41st-st., or College-place, between 6th and 7th avs. Two of the houses are being richly frescoed. Will be sold very low, viz: $9,000, $9,500, $10,500, and $12,500. This will be one of the finest streets in the City, both sides being built up and it bounds the grounds of Columbia College. Inquire for JOHN BURNS, watchman in charge on the premises, or of Mr. SHAW, No. 5 East 31st st., mornings from 8 to 10 o'clock, or evenings from 6 to 7 o'clock. Also to let a brown-stone front house No. 399 4th-av., between 28th and 29th sts. Rent $600.

CLINTON-AVENUE PROPERTY FOR SALE, IN BROOKLYN, L. I.—A fine house, 40x38, with six lots of ground, situate the third place south of Myrtle-av., the right side fronting on Clinton and Vanderbilt avs., with a stable. The house is well built in every respect, and contains all the modern improvements—furnace, gas, bath-room, water-closets, range, hot and cold water, &c. Fruit and ornamental trees flowers, and grapes in abundance. Immediate possession given. For terms, apply to the owner, No. 31 Spruce st., New-York, or to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 14 Pine st.

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE—FOUR 4-STORY, stone-front, high-stoop dwelling houses on the north side of 34th st., 80 feet east of Lexington av.; price, $14,000; a large part can remain on mortgage; also, one 4 story stone-front first-class house on Lexington-av., between 34th and 35th sts., price $13,500; a large part can remain on the house; the above houses contain all the improvements. Inquire on the premises, of ARNOLD & MOWBRAYS.

FOR SALE—THE HANDSOME NEW FOUR-story (high stoop and balcony) brown-stone house No. 337 West 22d-st.; three rooms deep all the way up, and contains all the modern improvements; beautiful location; will be sold low. Apply on the premises, after 7 o'clock P. M.; and in the morning, before 10 o'clock, or, during business hours, at No. 31 Pearl-st., front offices, up stairs.

NO. 153 WEST FOURTEENTH-STREET FOR SALE.—An elegant four-story first class brown-stone front house, built in the very best manner; the house is 25x68 and the lot 25x120 feet, with a court-yard in front of 5 feet. The house can be seen at any time, and possession can be given in March or April. To be sold as the owner is to remove from the City. Terms easy. Apply at No. 31 Spruce st.

FOR SALE—HOUSE NO. 80 EAST 16TH-ST., OP-posite St. George's Church—has all the modern improvements of Croton water, gas furnaces, &c.; conservatory attached, plate-glass windows, tea-room attached, and commodious yard, with court-yard in front. (Neighborhood unexceptionable.) Inquire of THOS. DUGAN, No. 448 Broadway. House can be seen between the hours of 3 and 5 P. M.

FOR SALE—THAT DESIRABLE THREE STORY basement and cellar brick house, with gas bath, range and marble mantels on north side 58th-st., east of 2d-av.; house 20x40, lot 20x100 feet, in a pleasant neighborhood, convenient to two railroads; in good order, newly painted, &c. Possession immediately, if desired. Price $5,600—terms easy. Apply to E. H. BROWN, No. 72 Wall-st., from 1 to 3 P. M.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—THE THREE STORY English basement house No. 173 10th av., between 21st and 22d sts., pleasantly situated, containing 13 rooms, with Croton and gas, hot and cold bath. Lot about 25 by 100 feet; house 25 by 46. Rent reasonable. Apply to BENJ. T. KISSAM, No. 57 William-st., or to J. & W. DENHAM, No. 124 8th-av., corner of 16th-st.

FOR SALE—THE TWO-STORY, BASEMENT AND under-cellar brick houses corner of South 5th and 8th sts., Williamsburg. Also, house No. 40 South 4th-st., all fitted up with the modern improvements, water, gas ranges, &c., in perfect order and unexceptional neighborhood. Terms easy. Inquire of J. V. MESSEROLE, basement Williamsburg City Bank.

FOR SALE, NO. 140 WEST FIFTEENTH-STREET—A first-class three story high basement house with sub-cellar and all the modern improvements, built by day's work for the present owner; house 24 feet 9 inches by 45 feet; lot 24 feet 9 inches by 86 feet 6 inches. Can be seen at any time of day. Inquire on the premises or at No. 187 Chambers-st.

FOR SALE—A FIRST CLASS THREE STORY brick house in South Brooklyn, in a desirable neighborhood. Terms reasonable, and two thirds of the purchase sum may remain on mortgage for five years. Also, four lots on Court-st., all unincumbered. Apply to GREENWOOD & TUCKER, Attorneys and Counselors at Law, No. 3-5 Fulton-st., Halsey's Building, Brooklyn.

FOR SALE—THE ELEGANT BROWN-STONE house and lot on the northwest corner of 34th st. and Lexington-av., built in the best and most substantial manner, by days' work—replete with every modern improvement throughout, and ready for immediate occupancy. Apply to A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO.,
No. 7 Broad st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—HOUSE NO. 49 Pacific st., Brooklyn, with all the modern conveniences, having been fitted up by late owner for his own use; is in an excellent location, and within a few minutes' walk of South or Wall st. Ferry. Will be let with or without the furniture. For terms, &c., apply to R. W. ROPES & CO., No. 73 Pearl-st.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET—THREE on 31th-st., and 2d av.; rent $500. 3 on 31st-st., near 3d-av.; rent $550. 2 on 30th-st., near 3d-av.; rent $550. 2 cottages on 76th-st. and 1st-av.; rent $100; with a garden of from 3 to 5 lots of ground. Also, lodge-rooms on 29th-st., No. 120, fitted up for the different benevolent orders. Inquire of ROBERT ORR, No. 45 West 36th-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—THE FOUR-STORY brick dwelling No. 2 Lamartine place, on 29th st., between 8th and 9th avs., 24 by 58; has all the modern improvements, and is in perfect repair. Will be sold very low, and a portion of the money may remain on bond and mortgage. Inquire of J. CAMPBELL, Jr., Pacific Bank.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—IN BROOKLYN— The three-story brown-stone house in Hewes st., between Bedford and Lee avs., finished with all the modern improvements. Immediate possession given. Apply at the office of JEREMIAH JOHNSON, in Kent-av., near Hewes-st., or at No. 201 Fulton-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—THE FOUR-STORY STONE FRONT, high stoop house No. 45 West 24th st., near Madison-square, 21x55 feet all the way up; lot 98.9; has all the modern improvements, and is in perfect order. Price $14,000, of which $10,000 can remain. Apply on the premises.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—THE LEASE OF four lots at the foot of 36th-st., North River, with dock fronts. On the premises are a steam engine with mill-cracker, &c. Engine-house building 34 by 34 feet; four stories; shed 40 by 60 feet. Apply at No. 473 10th-av., between 36th and 37th sts.

FOR SALE—THE BROWN-STONE ENGLISH-basement house No. 72 East 29th st., between Lexington and 4th avs. The lot is 19 feet wide by 98¾ feet deep. The house is pleasantly located, and is finished in modern style. Price $10,500. Apply to T. MACFARLAN & SONS, No. 180 10th-st., near 3d-av.

FOR SALE—ON EASY TERMS, THREE HIGH-stoop, brown-stone houses, 16 ft. 8 in. by 50 feet, three stories, basement and counter cellar, just finished, and containing all the modern improvements; location south side West 26th st., between 8th and 9th avs. Apply to J. & A. VAN DOLSEN, No. 194, or No. 205, West 20th-st.

FOR SALE—WITH OR WITHOUT THE FURNI-ture and fixtures the Philadelphia brick-front house No. 43 Oxford-st.; it has the modern improvements near Washington Park, and 200 feet from Fulton-av. cars; in good order, and possession given now. JOHN BRAIN, FED. D. Wall-st. Ferry, Brooklyn.

STORE PROPERTY IN POUGHKEEPSIE FOR SALE OR TO LET.—The valuable house and store No. 348 Main-st., best business part of the City, will be sold cheap. Apply at SHERMAN'S, No. 142 Washington-st., Hoboken, or R. C. ANDRUS, Poughkeepsie, opposite the premises.

FOR SALE—THE NEW FIRST-CLASS FOUR-story brown stone house No. 128 West 44th st.; also, the first-class three-story brown-stone house No. 27 West 35th st., with all the modern improvements. Apply to
RAYNOR & BLACKWELL, No. 1,120 Broadway.

FOR SALE—A BEAUTIFUL FOUR-STORY, FIRST-class, brown-stone house, No. 265 West 34th-st., opposite the Blind Asylum ground, the healthiest and handsomest location on Manhattan Island. Apply on the premises. Will be sold cheap.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—FROM MAY 1, THE fine brown stone house No. 65 2d-place, Brooklyn. House handsomely papered and painted, with the modern improvements, and a court yard 33 feet. Apply to H. STEVENSON, No. 218 Court-st.

FOR SALE, EXCHANGE OR TO LET.—A first class house in Brooklyn for sale—price $12,500—or for exchange for a first class dwelling in New York, up town, or to let with furniture, price $1,300. Party only may apply to BRITTON & ELY, No. 35 William st.

FOR SALE—A NEW FIRST CLASS FOUR STORY brown-stone front house, with all the modern improvements, built in the best manner, situated No. 5 West 39th-st., between 5th-av. and Broadway, size 25x64. Inquire on the premises from 8 A. M. till 5 P. M.

FOR SALE—THE VALUABLE HOUSE AND LOT No. 326 Greenwich st., 75 feet from Duane-st.; lot 25 feet wide by 80 feet deep. Two thirds of the purchase money may remain on mortgage. Apply to WM. B. SMITH, Counsellor at law, No. 111 Nassau-st.

FOR SALE—THE MODERN HOUSE NO. 88 West 27th-st.; price $8,600; also, lot on 28th-st., near 6th-av.; price $3,500; also, 160 acres of land in Marshall County, Ill., would be traded; also, 6 acres of land on Staten Island. SAM'L. EDDY, No. 51 Liberty-st.

FOR SALE—ON FAIRMOUNT-AV., BERGEN, N. J., a two story house, with extension, and about ¼ acre of ground, near Reformed Dutch and Presbyterian Churches. Apply on premises, or of R. C. LOESCH, No. 150 Nassau-st.

FOR SALE—HOUSE NO. 26 BANK-ST., 21 BY 54 feet, with all the modern improvements. Will be sold low. Inquire on the premises, or of D. C. HAYS, No. 65 Wall-st.

FOR SALE.—VALUABLE YONKERS PROPERTY, consisting of five stores in the centre of the village. Apply to JOHN WHEELER, Yonkers, N. Y.

FOR SALE—TWO LOTS, NOS. 20 AND 22 WEST 26th-st., 234 feet west of Broadway, at prices to suit the times. Inquire of W. H. MUNN, No. 24 West 26th st.

NEW REAL ESTATE OFFICE.—THE SUB-scribers, having opened an office at No. 41 Pine-st., are prepared to serve those who wish to buy or sell real estate. PARK BENJAMIN, HORACE WINANS, No. 41 Pine-st.

OILS.

COBURN'S PURE LARD OIL—WARRANT-ed very superior for burning and machinery, at a reduced price. Barrels 30 to 40 gallons. Only agents.
JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., No. 82 William-st.

COAL OIL.—WANTED—AGENTS IN ALL TOWNS in United States for the sale of this article. Address with references, F. A. LAWRENCE, Room No. 13, No. 111 Broadway.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES

COUNTRY SEAT TO LET

FOR TWO YEARS—(during the owner's absence in Europe)—A LARGE AND NEW HOUSE IN THE VILLAGE OF FLUSHING, WITH ALL THE FURNITURE.

It is nearly fifty feet square and three stories high, with a wide piazza on each side and a kitchen in the rear.

A continual supply of spring water is furnished by a ram and windmill, and gas is supplied through the house from the village works.

Having been built with great care for the owner's occupancy, it is replete with every convenience. It is surrounded by a lawn of eleven acres covered with a fine turf and planted with many varieties of ornamental trees—some of them fifty years old. The lawn is so prepared that one horse and a rolling-mower can keep it always like a carpet.

The carriage-house, stable, ice-house, kitchen, garden and parterre are ample for their respective purposes. Apples pears, cherries mulberries quinces and the small fruits are on the grounds in great abundance.

A school-room, furnished with the most modern desks, maps books, &c., is upon the premises. To those who do not wish private tuition the excellent schools in the village can be recommended. The location is healthy, high and airy—commanding a view of Flushing Bay, Long Island Sound and the Palisades.

It is within ten minutes' walk of the Railroad, by which there is access to the City six times a day by fifty minutes transit from Fulton Market.

ALSO, FOR SALE OR TO LET,

Near the above, a house, in the Italian style, containing twelve rooms beside a kitchen above ground.

It is furnished with water fixtures, furnace, and all the conveniences of a first class house. It is surrounded by sufficient land, covered with turf, trees and small fruit.

Apply to S. B. PARSONS, Flushing,
Or at No. 34 Wall st., New York.

SING SING PROPERTY FOR SALE AT PUBLIC AUCTION—TUESDAY, March 23, 1858. The very desirable residence, lately owned and occupied by Gen. Munson I. Lockwood located on the corner of Croton av. and Elizabeth st., in the village of Sing Sing, N. Y. The dwelling is built of brick with tin roof, having a front of 38 feet, and about 42 feet in depth; 2 stories and attic, high basement, plastered and finished throughout; 12 rooms, well arranged with pantries, closets, &c.; ceiling high, spacious halls, marble mantels, &c. The premises comprise several lots of ground (or about 1½ acres of land,) on which are a barn, shed, &c., and well stocked with fruit and shade trees. The front on Croton-av., some 200 feet, is protected by a handsome white cut-marble wall. The dwelling elevated on a rising bluff, commands a most beautiful view of the Hudson River, overlooking the village and Croton Point. The view on the north about 14 miles, and the south about 20 miles, taking in Tappan Bay, &c. Within a few minutes' walk of churches, schools, Post-Office and railroad dépôt, the place is all that could be desired for a country residence.

The above property will be offered at Public Auction on TUESDAY March 23, 1858, at 2 o'clock P. M., on the premises. Possession given April 1. A large portion of the purchase money can remain on the premises.

Persons desirous of viewing the property at any time, will be shown the same upon application to JAMES T. COLLYER, Esq., near the premises. For any information relative to the disposal of the property at private sale, apply to JOHN LLOYD & SON, No. 15 Nassau-st., Commonwealth Bank Building, or to JAMES E. VAN STEENBERGH, Cashier, Fishkill, N. Y.

COUNTRY SEAT AT AUCTION.—GEO. W. SMITH will sell at auction, on TUESDAY, March 23, 1858, at 2½ o'clock P. M., on premises, the splendid country seat of Henry Morris, Esq., situated at Greenwich, Conn., on the Boston Turnpike Road, about 10 minutes' walk from the New York and New-Haven Railroad Company's Depot, at Coscob. A splendid modern-built house, marble mantels, &c., 60x42, out-houses, such as barns, carriage-house, carpenter's shop, with cellar under the same, hen-house, &c., &c., with 14 acres of land attached, under a high state of cultivation, divided in 11 lots. For further particulars, inquire of HENRY MORRIS, Esq., on the premises, or of GEO. W. SMITH, Port Chester, N. Y.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A BEAUTIFUL country-seat near Newark, N. J., in a delightful and healthy region commanding an extensive prospect of land and water—view unsurpassed. The buildings are nearly new; house large and commodious; the grounds contain an acre well stocked with a variety of fruit-trees. The property being located about one mile from either Market or Centre st. dépôts, offers a fine advantage for a gentleman doing business in the City. Price $6,500, or will be let to a good tenant on reasonable terms. Possession 1st April. For further particulars, inquire of W. R. & R. SAYRS, wharf near Centre-st. dépôt, Newark, N. J.

TO LET, LEASE OR FOR SALE—A GOOD, comfortable house, (12 rooms,) with large garden, near a dépôt and pleasantly accessible in one hour from Wall-st.; rent $325; also, several contiguous dwelling-sites 50 to 100 feet by 150 feet, on a wide avenue, eminently worthy of the attention of gentlemen desiring residences in a beautiful and healthy locality, combining the advantages of both city and country and of agreeable society, and where gas and water improvements are attainable. Terms accommodating. For further particulars, inquire at No. 75 Liberty st., office nearest Broadway.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A COUNTRY SEAT at Yonkers, on the Hudson River, ten minute's walk from the railroad and steamboat dépôts, with nearly two acres of ground; has a magnificent view of the river as far down as the bay, and a very fine inland view; there are eleven rooms above the basement and bath room, hot and cold water, gas all through the house, carriage house, stables, sheds, hen-house, and house for the gardener. The place could be rented furnished or unfurnished. For further particulars, inquire of JOHN A. HATT,
No. 215 Pearl-st., New-York.

FOR SALE IN GREENWICH, CONNECTI-CUT—A country seat, comprising a little over eight acres of land, on which is a large stone dwelling-house now about two thirds completed. The land is beautifully wooded, and has on it a fine well with a constant supply of pure water; said plat fronts on the water, and from the house a prospect of many miles around can be had. For terms and further information, apply to RICHARD A. OAKLEY, at the Arctic Fire Insurance Co., No. 29 Wall-st., New-York.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—FOR NEW-York City property, the country residence of Amos F. Hatfield, Esq., White Plains, Westchester County, 1½ miles from dépôt on North-st., on the road to Rye. Farm contains 25½ acres of land, under the highest possible state of cultivation; lawn is tastefully arranged with the choicest trees and shrubbery; garden is well stocked with a great variety of fine fruit; buildings consist of a Gothic dwelling, 16 rooms; carriage-house, barn, sheds and ice-house, all new. Price $14,000. Inquire of J. CAMPBELL, Jr., Pacific Bank.

FOR SALE AT STAMFORD, CONN.—THE beautiful country seat lately the residence of Augustus Wetmore, deceased; it is delightfully situated immediately on the Sound; excellent boating, fishing, sailing, &c.; there are 14 acres; house and out buildings nearly new; 1½ miles from the dépôt, 36 from New-York, by the New York and New-Haven Railroad. Inquire of F. B. O'CONNOR, No. 47 Beekman-st.; or PETER NEEFUS, No. 12 Front-st.

COUNTRY-SEAT TO LET, FURNISHED— —Beautifully situated on the Passaic River, near North Belleville, N. J. Communication with Wall-st. within an hour by railroad. There is a cottage, containing 13 rooms, with barn and stable, icehouse, &c., on a lawn of 10 acres on which are all varieties of forest and fruit trees. Good bathing, boating and fishing. Rent, $600. Apply at No. 235 5th-av.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—AT CHAT-ham, New Jersey, pleasantly situated near the dépôt of the Morris and Essex Railroad, and well calculated for a gentleman doing business in the City. Rent $300.

Also for sale or to let, a small cottage house with barn and other out-buildings and 15 acres of land; three-fourths of a mile from same dépôt. Price $3,000; rent $175. Apply to G. W. CAMPBELL, No. 153 Maiden-lane.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—AT KING'S Bridge, Westchester County, two desirable cottages, with one acre of land attached to each, handsomely laid out with shrubbery, &c.; the houses contain 13 rooms each, with all the modern improvements, and in complete order, with stables, sheds, fruit and ice houses. Possession 1st April. Apply to SAMUEL THOMSON, No. 229 West 29th-st.

SUPREME COURT, REFEREE'S SALE.— At Sing Sing, on the premises, on the 25th of March instant, at 11 o'clock A. M., will be sold a new and elegant mansion and out-houses, with about seven acres of land, late the residence of Rufus L. Todd, deceased, having a fine view of the Hudson River. Terms of sale very favorable. Apply to FREDERICK A. COE,
Referee, No. 52 John-st., New York.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—FOR ONE OR MORE years a Cottage 30x40 feet, together with 10 or 20 acres of land beautifully situated on the banks of the Hudson, at Fishkill landing, within a few minutes' walk of the Dépôt of the Hudson River Railroad. Ferry to Newburg and steamboat landing. Apply, personally or by letter, to W. A. VAN WAGNER, Fishkill Landing.

FOR SALE—IN GREENWICH, CONN., ONE HOUR from the City near the dépôt, on the New-Haven Railroad, a fine country residence, with one acre of land, built less than two years ago, in modern style, carriage house, fine garden, and near churches and schools; price $5,000. Possession given immediately, if wanted. Apply to WM. M. TIERS, No. 43 Maiden-lane.

FOR SALE—THREE COTTAGES AND STABLES, situated at Bath, L. I., with about three acres of land, belonging to the estate of the late Alfred Large. The cottages are situated on the sea side where the bathing is excellent and they could, at little expense, be converted into one large boarding house. Apply to WM. LOTTIMER, Executor, No. 23 Park place, New York.

TO LET—THE COUNTRY RESIDENCE OF THE late O. Mauran, with 32 acres of land, situated on Castleton Heights, Staten Island. The house, partially furnished is 50 feet square, with a wing 40x26, with a stable, poultry house, &c., and a fine pond of water. Address JAS. E. MAURAN, No. 119 10th-st., or to care of WM. E. THORN, No. 192 Broadway.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—FOR ONE OR MORE years, a Cottage, 30x40 feet, together with 10 or 20 acres of land, beautifully situated on the banks of the Hudson, at Fishkill landing, within a few minutes' walk of the Dépôt of the Hudson River Railroad. Ferry to Newburg and steamboat landing. Apply, personally or by letter, to W. A. VAN WAGNER, Fishkill Landing.

YONKERS—ONLY $5,500.—A NEW HOUSE, with 14 rooms marble mantels, sliding doors, gas and water, piazzas front and rear, lot 63 by 140, good shade, splendid view, five minutes' walk from dépôt. Terms to suit. Apply to ALEX. OSTRANDER, No. 111 Broadway, or J. YOUMANS, Warburton av., Yonkers.

FOR SALE AT PATCHOGUE, L. I.—A good 2-story farm house, fine garden, and well of fine water; barn and other out-buildings with 5 acres of best land attached; a very desirable location. Terms made easy. For particulars, inquire of J. OSBORN, No. 31 Fulton-st., New-York, or JOHN HAVENS, Patchogue.

BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE—With furniture, carriage, &c., and 20 acres of land, near New-Brunswick, N. J., commanding a magnificent view. A photograph of the place, which will be sold low, can be seen at the office of F. D'HERVILLY, No. 14 Exchange-place.

COUNTRY HOUSE FOR SALE OR TO LET AT STATEN ISLAND.—The size of it is about 40x30 feet, with piazza front and rear. It cost about $6,000 to build, and will be sold, with about 8 acres of land, for $4,000, or rented for $300. Apply at No. 94 Maiden-lane.

FOR SALE, LEASE OR EXCHANGE—A country seat; possession immediately, furnished, if required. Location pleasant and healthy. Terms reasonable; 40 minutes from the City. For particulars, inquire at No. 51 Horatio-st., New-York.

AUCTION SALES.

Daniel S. Hough, Auctioneer—Office No. 23 Broadway.

DANIEL S. HOUGH WILL SELL AT AUCTION, THIS DAY, (Monday,) March 22, at 10½ o'clock A. M. precisely, all the contents of the private residence No. 36 Clinton place in 8th-st., between Broadway and University-place. Furniture all made to order, and nearly new. It cannot be described in an advertisement. To be appreciated must be seen. The assortment is very large, the goods first class, embracing rosewood and other furniture, elegant decorations, works of art, &c. and all to be sold without reserve. For particulars, see descriptive catalogue at the house.

ALSO,

TO-MORROW, (Tuesday,) March 23 at 10½ o'clock A. M., all the contents of the five story brown-stone front residence No. 248 West 23d-st., between 8th and 9th avs., and near London-terrace. The house is sumptuously furnished throughout, and all in genteel order. For full particulars see catalogues at the house, on morning of sale.

Henry H. Leeds, Auctioneer

H. H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL, ON MONDAY, March 22, at 11 o'clock, on the premises, No. 92 Wall-st., near Water, up stairs, 3d story, front, chronometer movements, charts, nautical instruments, stock tools, &c., &c., in great variety, being the entire stock and effects of the late firm of Kline & Lamnos to be sold without reserve to close the concern, consisting of about 30 chronometers and movements by the most celebrated makers, in perfect order; every description of charts and nautical instruments, watch movement cases, lathes and tools, stationary clock, and a fresh variety of stock of every description, in fine order, all of which will be sold to the highest bidder to close the concern. Terms cash. City funds. A competent person from our store will be in attendance at the premises as above, to exhibit the various articles until the day of sale.

Henry H. Leeds, Auctioneer, Salesroom 23 Nassau-st.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL at auction on TUESDAY, March 23, 1858, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence No. 302 4th-st., near Green, genteel household furniture consisting of Brussels and ingrain carpets, rosewood suite in blue and gold brocatel, pier and mantel mirrors, rosewood étagère, rosewood secretary-bookcase, lace curtains and cornices, mahogany extension dining table, rosewood centre table, rosewood card table, bronze mantel ornaments, oak dining-room suite in green reps, oil-cloths, stair carpets, black walnut and iron bedsteads, bureaus, washstand, enameled cottage furniture, engravings, wardrobe, mattress, bedding and a general assortment of dining and bed-room crockery. Also, kitchen ware, with which the sale will commence.

Henry H. Leeds, Auctioneer—Store No 23 Nassau-st.

LARGE AND PEREMPTORY SALE OF HOUSE-FURNISHING ARTICLES.—Being the entire stock of Mr. A. Wetmore, declining business. H. H. LEEDS & CO. will sell by auction, on TUESDAY, March 23, WEDNESDAY, March 24, and THURSDAY, March 25, at 10½ o'clock each day, at the store No. 834 Broadway, near 13th st., the entire stock of every description of house-furnishing goods, including hardware, Sheffield and other plated ware, Brittania, tin, wooden, Japanned ware, superb cutlery, brooms, brushes, refrigerators, &c. A deposit will be required from all persons unknown to the auctioneer.

E. C. Halliday, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE FIRE AND BURGLAR-PROOF SAFE AT AUCTION.—E. C. HALLIDAY will sell at auction on THURSDAY, March 25 1858, at 1½ o'clock A. M., at store Nos. 90 and 92 Maiden-lane, by order of the Directors of the Bank of the Union, a large fire and burglar-proof Iron Safe, with double doors and convenient inside partitions, and Butterworth's Patent Lock. This safe is 7 feet 3 inches by 5 feet, is one of Valentine & Butler's best make, and cost the sum of $1,200. It can be examined any day at the above place, and will be positively sold to the highest bidder. Terms cash.

E. H. Ludlow, Auctioneer.

10 VALUABLE LOTS ON FOURTEENTH-STREET AT AUCTION.—EDWARD H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on WEDNESDAY, March 31, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange the 10 valuable lots on the south side of 14th-st., between 1st and 2d avs. they will be restricted against nuisances, and the buildings erected to be dwellings equal to those on the same side of the street above, and are each 21 ft 8 in. by 103 f. 3 in., and are the only unimproved lots in the block 80 per cent. on mortgage. The mortgage on every other lot will be removed for builders' convenience, if desired. Maps, &c., at No. 14 Pine-st.

Geo. A. Leavitt, Auctioneer.

BY GEO. A. LEAVITT & CO. TRADE salesrooms Nos. 377 and 379 Broadway, corner of White-st., TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, March 23 and 24, at 4 o'clock each day

A catalogue of one of the most valuable, rare and interesting collections of books ever offered to the American public, being the selections of an eminent book buyer during a period of forty years. This choice collection, comprising many unique and curious theological works, offers to the lovers of good and scarce productions an opportunity seldom presented for enriching their libraries. Catalogues ready. GEO. A. LEAVITT & CO.

Thomas Veitch, Auctioneer.

MORTGAGE SALE OF FURNITURE.—THOMAS VEITCH, Auctioneer, store No. 10 Spruce-st., by virtue of a chattel Mortgage, I will sell on TUESDAY, March 23, 1858, at No. 27 Bond st. at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, sofas, chairs, bureaus, splendid Brussels carpets, a lot of oil-cloths, mahogany and black walnut bedsteads, hair mattresses, extension tables, centre and card do., voltaires, rockers, a large assortment of kitchen furniture, mahogany tête à têtes.

JOHN H. HILLIER, Attorney for Mortgagee.

Albert H. Nicolay, Auctioneer.

BY ALBERT H. NICOLAY, OFFICE No. 4 Broad-st.—Regular auction sales of Stocks, Bonds, Notes, and other securities every day. Stocks and Bonds bought and sold at private sale, and at the Brokers' Board. Sale THIS DAY, at 12½ o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange. For full particulars see catalogues, or *Journal of Commerce, Courier and Morning Express*

Simeon Draper, Auctioneer.

BY SIMEON DRAPER, OFFICE NO. 46 Pine-st., corner of William.—Regular Auction Sales at the Merchants' Exchange EVERY DAY. Stocks and Bonds bought and sold at private sale. Sale THIS DAY at 12½ o'clock. See catalogue.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

FIRST-PRIZE MELODEONS AND HARMONIUMS.

Elegant Illustrated Pamphlets (32pp. 8vo) sent by mail. Address MASON & HAMLIN, Boston, Mass.

A FOUR ROUND-CORNERED, POWERFUL toned 7¼-octave rosewood piano-forte for sale—One of the most superb instruments in the United States; finished all around alike; magnificent open carved work on the case; the legs are of double carved work of pears, figs, grapes, &c., and the whole finished throughout in a style of grandeur rarely to be found and in tone is powerful, rich and sweet, which can be fully tested; plate and front is richly set with real pearl fountains, vases of plenty, &c.; the whole finished in the style of Louis XIV.; made by one of the most celebrated City makers, and warranted for two years. This is a rare chance to purchase an elaborate and extra magnificent piano; rich stool, &c., to match. Cost $860; price $375. Apply at No. 678 6th-av., near 40th-st., for four days, from 8 A. M. till 8 P. M. N. B.—A bargain will be offered to a cash purchaser, and will be boxed in the best manner for shipping if necessary.

A BEAUTIFUL SEVEN-OCTAVE ROSEWOOD Piano-forte for sale, richly finished, with round corners; rich, brilliant tone; handsomely lined with satinwood and white holly; rich inlaid plate; grand diagonal; grand circular scale; arch wrest-brace; made by one of the best City makers, with full warranty; in use a short time and as good as new. It cost $350, and will be sold for $225. It is worthy of notice, and can be fully tested. Apply at No. 70 Washington-st., near Front, Brooklyn, five minutes' walk from Fulton or Catharine ferrys, on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, from 7 A. M. till 8½ P. M. N. B.—Inducements for cash.

GREAT BARGAINS IN PIANO-FORTES.—Hallet, Davis & Company's celebrated Pianos at reduced prices. Elegant New-York Pianos at wholesale prices. Pianos sold and payments taken in installments. A large assortment of second-hand Pianos. Pianos to let, and rent applied if purchased. T. S. BERRY, No. 458 Broadway, corner of Grand-st., Marble Building.

RARE BARGAINS!—AN EXTENSIVE AND varied assortment of second-hand Pianos at $35, $50, $75 and $100. New rosewood 7¼ octaves, in elegant cases at $200 and upwards. Also, a superior stock of pianos, own manufacture, fully warranted. Offered at low prices for a short time only. T. H. CHAMBERS, Nos. 8 and 10 Bible-House, 4th-av. and 8th-st.

NO. 409 BROADWAY.—DEMAREST & ATHERTON, agents for Boston and New-York Piano-fortes, offer one 7-octave rosewood piano, made by best City makers, of superior tone, fully warranted for two years, at an immense sacrifice to a cash purchaser. This is a rare opportunity.

T. GILBERT & CO.'S PIANO-FORTES AND GEO. A. PRINCE & CO.'S MELODEONS—Wholesale and retail, at extremely low prices. Warerooms Nos. 419 and 421 Broadway, corner of Canal-st. Pianos to hire, and rent deducted if purchased. Entire satisfaction given. Æolian pianos.

GREAT IMPROVEMENT IN PIANO-FORTES.—Messrs. LIGHTE, NEWTON & BRADBURYS, No. 421 Broome-st., respectfully invite attention to their Piano-fortes, constructed with the patent arch wrest-plank, which is undoubtedly the most substantial improvement ever introduced into this instrument.

PIANO-FORTES TO HIRE, WITH THE PRIVILEGE OF BUYING.—WM. LINDEMAN & SONS, No. 56 Franklin-st., near Broadway, offer for sale a general assortment of pianos, finished in the latest style, with all the modern improvements, at prices which cannot fail to suit purchasers.

RAVEN, BACON & CO., (SUCCESSORS TO BACON & RAVEN,) Piano-forte manufacturers warerooms No. 135 Grand st., near Broadway, where a full assortment of instruments may be found, exclusively of our own manufacture. Warranted in every respect.

FIVE ELEGANT 7-OCTAVE ROSEWOOD pianos, 10 per cent. less than cost; splendid touch and brilliant, rich tone, and fully warranted, with metallic frames and all modern improvements. Inquire at No. 348 Bleecker-st.

GOLD MEDAL GRAND AND SQUARE Pianos, manufactured by STEINWAY & SONS, No. 84 Walker-st., near Broadway, will be sold at reduced prices, and warranted for three years. Received the first premium wherever exhibited.

DIVIDENDS.

BULL'S HEAD BANK DIVIDEND.—THE Directors have declared a semi-annual dividend of four per cent., payable to the stockholders on the 1st of April prox. The transfer book will be closed till that date. By order of the Board.

J. H. ELDREDGE, Cashier.

NEW-YORK, March 19, 1858.

NEW-YORK CONSOLIDATED STAGE CO.—DIVIDEND.—The President and Directors of this Company have declared a semi-annual dividend of five per cent., payable to the stockholders on and after the 15th inst., at the Pacific Bank. The transfer books will be closed from the 12th to the 15th inst. inclusive. By order of the Board. J. CAMPBELL, Jr., Treasurer.

FOR SALE CHEAP—FAIRBANK'S PATENT Dormant Platform Scales in perfect order. Inquire of J. W. SNYDER, corner Washington and Reade sts.

FINANCIAL.

BANKING AND COLLECTION HOUSE.
GIBBS, WATSON & GIBBS,
NO. 5 WALL-STREET, NEW-YORK.

Collect through Bankers in all parts of the United States and British Provinces, at the lowest rates of charge, and deliver the proceeds on the day of receipt. Have carefully revised their list of correspondents since the panic.

REFERENCES.

Mechanics' Bank,
St. Nicholas Bank,
Mercantile Bank,
Irving Bank.

Past-due claims of every description collected or secured under our own supervision, and through our own attorneys, with whom we are in constant correspondence, without extra charge to our clients. Dishonored paper transferred from our Bankers to our attorneys on the day of protest if desired, and immediate attention given to their security or collection.

We refer, by permission, to over fifty well known houses, among whom are the following:

H. Hennequin & Co.
Guillaume, Fargis & Co.,
William Lottimer & Co.,
Fred Butterfield,
Kent, Lowber & Smyth,
Rufus Story,
A. & B. Brown & Co.,
Solomon & Hart.

JOHN MUNROE & CO.,
AMERICAN BANKERS,
No. 5 Rue de la Paix, Paris.

Grant letters of credit for Mercantile purposes. Also, circular letters of credit on all the principal towns and cities of

FRANCE,
HOLLAND,
PORTUGAL,
GERMANY,
GREAT BRITAIN,
BELGIUM,
SWITZERLAND,
RUSSIA,
IRELAND,
SPAIN,
ITALY,
SWEDEN.

ALSO, ON

ATHENS,
JERUSALEM,
BEYROUT,
ALEXANDRIA,
&c.,
CONSTINOPLE,
CAIRO,
&c.

Office in New-York, No. 8 Wall st.

Bills on Paris at short, or 60 days' sight, for sale in sums to suit.

CLARK, DODGE & CO.,
BANKERS AND DEALERS IN EXCHANGE,
No. 51 Wall-st., corner William-st. New-York.

Having correspondence in all the principal cities of the Union and the British Provinces, we are enabled to negotiate Exchange and make Collections on the most favorable terms. Drafts for sale, in sums to suit, on all the principal points of the country. Stocks and Bonds of every description bought and sold on commission. Loans and Time Paper negotiated

CLARK, BROTHERS & CO., St. Louis, Missouri.

FRANCIS & JAMES BAIN,
BANKING AND COLLECTION OFFICE,
No. 39 Exchange-place, near William-st
New-York.

Collections made upon all parts of the United States and the Canadas with dispatch, on the most favorable terms. Loans and business paper negotiated. Stocks, bonds, &c., bought and sold on commission. Orders solicited.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.,
BANKERS,
CORNER PINE AND NASSAU STS., NEW-YORK.
issue
CIRCULAR NOTES AND LETTERS OF CREDIT,
for travelers, available in all the principal cities of the world. Also,
MERCANTILE CREDITS,
for use in EUROPE, CHINA, etc.

JOHN B. MURRAY

Has removed to the offices lately occupied by the United States Trust Company,
No. 40 Wall st., Manhattan Bank Building.

Business paper and loans negotiated, bonds and stocks bought and sold at the Brokers' Board. Orders for the investment of money, collection and payment of dividends and sale of securities executed promptly.

STATE OF IOWA 7 PER CENT. BONDS, Due in 1868; principal and interest payable in the City of New-York. State debt limited by Constitution to $250,000.

Peoria and Bureau Valley Railroad 7 per cent. Bonds, due 1868, convertible into the Stock of the Company on which 8 per cent. dividend is paid. The road is perpetually leased to Chicago and Rock Island Railroad Company, at an annual rent of $125,000.

City of St. Louis 6 per cent Bonds.

County of St. Louis (short) 7 per cent Bonds.

City of Keokuk 8 per cent. Bonds due in 1876, guaranteed by Keokuk, Fort Des Moines and Minnesota Railroad.

City of Keokuk 10 per cent. Anticipation Bonds, due May 1, 1859 and 1860. For sale by

CLARK, DODGE & CO., No. 51 Wall-st.

Full particulars, including the Constitution and Laws of Iowa; copy of lease of P. and B. V. R. R., can be had on application as above.

THE UNDERSIGNED, TRUSTEES OF the Second Mortgage of the NORTHERN CROSS RAILROAD COMPANY, hereby give notice that they have drawn by lot the following numbers of Second Mortgage 8 per cent. Convertible Bonds of said Company, viz.: 11, 12, 25, 58, 68, 76, 95, 126, 149, 169, 178, 183, 190, 251, 264, 283, 330, 339, 364, 361, 376, 377, 381, 443, 457, 471, 499, 1245, 1330, 1345, 1382—thirty-one Bonds of $1,000 each and 536, 548, 623, 627, 629, 633, 671, 684, 691, 702, 735, 742, 763, 768, 772, 779, 787, 788, 792, 811, 836, 850, 851, 858, 917, 924, 941, 956, 976, 1029, 1135, 1137, 1162, 1163, 1179, 1193, 1212, [illegible]—thirty-eight Bonds of $500 each; together $50,000, which are to be purchased on the 1st June next, at par, by the Chicago Burlington and Quincy Railroad Company, as per agreement stipulated in the Bonds. The interest on the Bonds bearing the above-mentioned numbers, will cease on the 1st June next

JOHN ELIOT THAYER,
J. M. FORBES,
LOUIS A. VON HOFFMANN, } Trustees.

BOSTON, March 3, 1858.

CHICAGO CITY BONDS—SEWERAGE LOAN.—These Bonds are payable in 1880, and bear partly 6 and partly 7 per cent. interest, payable semi-annually in Coupons at the American Exchange Bank, New-York. The entire debt of the city of Chicago to Nov. 1, 1857, was less than $1,700,000, and the assessed value of taxable property was over $36,000,000. Every dollar of the debt has been created strictly for municipal purposes. The Bonds are protected by a Sinking Fund, raised by special tax. For sale by

ASHLEY & NORRIS, No. 52 Exchange place.

TO BONDHOLDERS.—OFFICE OF THE TERRE HAUTE, ALTON AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD COMPANY, No. 18 William-st., New-York, March 20, 1858.—This Company are now prepared to issue Bonds for the coupons of the Second Mortgage Bonds of the Terre Haute and Alton Railroad Company, due Feb. 1, 1858, and Aug 1, 1858; also, for the coupons of the Second Mortgage Bonds of the Belleville and Illinoistown Railroad Company, due May 1, 1858 and Nov 1, 1858; also, for the coupons of the 10 per cent. Sinking Fund Bonds, due Nov. 1, 1857, May 1, 1858, and Nov. 1, 1858. C. MURDOCK, Treasurer.

MILWAUKEE CITY BONDS.—NOTICE IS hereby given to persons holding Milwaukee City Bonds maturing on March 31, that the same will be paid on and after that date, upon presentation at the office of Meigs Greenleaf, No. 50 Exchange place, in the City of New-York. J. B. CROSS,

Mayor of the City of Milwaukee, Wis.

March 17, 1858.

$5,000 WANTED—AT SIX PER CENT. INTEREST; that or any other sum to $10,000, will be taken for a term of years, not less than five or more than fifteen years, on real estate, farming property, within three miles of the city of Albany, in a high state of cultivation, worth at least four times the amount wanted. Albany, March 15, 1858. Wanted by the first of May next. A. G. BEAVER.

OFFICE OF THE PANAMA RAILROAD COMPANY, NEW-YORK, March 15, 1858.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR THIRTEEN Directors of the Panama Railroad Company will be held at the Office of the Company, No. 88 Wall st., Tontine Buildings, on MONDAY, 5th day of April next. The polls will open at 12 o'clock, M. and close at 2 P. M. JOS. F. JOY, Secretary.

CERTIFICATES OF DIVIDEND SCRIP OF NORWICH AND WORCESTER RAILROAD STOLEN.—A certificate of $150, in name of J. G. GREEN, No. 89—name of J. G. GREEN on back. One do. of $110, in name of S. SMITH, No. 200—both dated July 9, 1856. All persons are hereby cautioned against negotiating the above certificates, as payment has been stopped. S. SMITH, Mamaroneck, N. Y.

$67,000 WANTED—ON 10 per cent Coupon Bonds, secured by Trust Deeds, of first class productive unincumbered real estate in the city of Chicago. Interest semi-annually in the City of New-York. Inquire of CLARK & FAULKNER, No. 16 Wall-st.

$300,000—UNITED STATES 5 PER CENT. TREASURY NOTES FOR SALE IN SUMS TO SUIT BY VANVLECK, READ & DREXEL, No. 27 Wall-st.

NORWICH AND WORCESTER DIVIDEND SCRIP.—Illinois Central notes, and Optional Right Scrip, purchased by E. A. BENEDICT, No. 39 William-st.

$12,000.—A BOND OF THE CEMETERY of the Evergreens—B Issue—for sale. Address F. P., box No. 166 Post Office.

MONEY TO LOAN.—$18,000 TO LOAN ON bond and mortgage, in sums from $4,000 to $10,000. Apply to JOHN FOOT, No. 106 Broadway.

TREASURY NOTES BEARING 4 1-4 AND 4½ per cent. interest for sale, in sums to suit purchasers, by M. MORGAN & SON, No. 37 William-st.

INSURANCE.

THE COLUMBIA FIRE INSURANCE CO. has removed from No. 59 Barclay-st.

TO NO. 10 WALL-ST.

This Company, having a capital of $200,000 and a large surplus securely invested, continues to receive applications and to issue polices of insurance against loss or damage by fire, on the most liberal terms.

The old office will be kept open for the accommodation of customers.

JOHN C. BERGH, Secretary.

THE FIREMAN'S FUND INSURANCE COMPANY—Capital $150,000, divided into shares of $10 each.

SUBSCRIPTION TO THE CAPITAL STOCK.

Notice is hereby given, that the books for the subscription to the capital stock of the Company will be opened at the office in the basement of the Metropolitan Bank Building, No. 110 Broadway, on Tuesday, the 23d day of March instant, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 3 o'clock P. M., and will continue open for three days, unless the whole capital stock shall be sooner subscribed for. Ten per cent. upon the amount subscribed for will be required to be paid at the time of subscription, and the residue on the 3d day of April next.

NEW-YORK, March 18, 1858.

DAVID MILLIKEN,
FRANKLIN H. DELANO,
CHARLES McDOUGALL,
JOHN C. HENDERSON,
JOSEPH B. VARNUM, JR.,
HENRY M. GRAHAM,
PETER H. TITUS, } Commissioners.

PATENTS.

OFFICE FOR
AMERICAN AND FOREIGN PATENTS,
J. P. PIRSSON, NO. 5 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.
A Pamphlet of full information sent free by mail.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NEW-YORK STATE CANALS.—NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—REPAIRS OF CHAMPLAIN CANAL.—In pursuance of Act, Chapter 155, Laws of 1857, and of a Resolution of the Contracting Board, notice is hereby given that sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned, at the Canal Commissioners' Office, in the city of Albany until Tuesday, the 13th day of April next, at 10 o'clock A. M., for furnishing all the materials and performing all the work necessary or that may be required, to keep in good repair, and in good navigable condition, during such time in each year as the Canal Commissioners, or Commissioner in charge shall direct, for a period of five years from the 10th day of May next.

SECTION NO 1 CHAMPLAIN CANAL.

Penalty in Bond $7,000

Together with all and each of the Side Cuts, Structures, Feeders and Reservoirs connected therewith.

Every proposal shall be accompanied by an affidavit indorsed thereon of each person uniting in such proposal, that he is not directly or indirectly interested in any other proposal for the same work or materials, or any part of the same, that he has no agreement or understanding with any other person to become interested in any other proposal or contract for the same work or materials, or any part thereof; and that no other person than such as shall be named in the proposal is interested in the same, or has any agreement or understanding to become interested in any contract that may be made in pursuance of such proposal.

Every proposal for the above-mentioned work or materials must be accompanied with a bond to the people of this State, in the penalty specified above, and which bond shall be signed by the party making such proposal, and two or more responsible sureties, with such evidence of their responsibility as the Contracting Board shall require, and which sureties shall justify in sums equal in the aggregate to twice the amount of such penalty.

Each proposal must be accompanied by the certificate of the Supervisor of the town, and the County Clerk or the County Judge of the County in which said surety shall reside, or any two of them, as to the responsibility of said sureties.

The persons to whom the work may be awarded will be required by the contracting Board to give the bond for the payment of laborers' wages, as required by chapter 278, of the laws of 1850.

No acceptance of a proposal or award of a contract by the contracting Board, and no contract made by them, or any interest in the same, shall be assignable to any person or persons, without the written consent of the Canal Commissioners.

The Commissioners will reserve fifteen per cent of the amount of each relative monthly estimate of work done and material delivered as a security to the State for the performance of the contract, and at the expiration of the third month of each year the fifteen per cent. thus retained during the previous year shall be paid to the contractor, providing the provisions of the contract shall have been fully complied with.

In case the contracting Board shall be of opinion that the proposals made at any meeting thereof, pursuant to any advertisement, are, in consequence of any combination or otherwise, excessive and disadvantageous to the State, they may decline all or any of the said proposals, and advertise anew for the work and materials embraced therein.

The person or persons to whom the contract may be awarded will be required to receive the boats, tools, and other implements specified in the following schedule and allow therefor the respective prices therein stated, viz.:

SCHEDULE

Of Property belonging to the State on Section No. 1 Champlain Canal, together with the valuation of the same:

[illegible] feet B. M. Hemlock Timber and Plank, $51 04; 600 do Elm Boards, $12; 250 do. Pine Lumber, $6 25; 50 do. Oak Lumber, $1 50; 2 Bridge Caps, $6; 22 unfinished Wheel Barrows, $22; 4 set Gin Poles, $4; 6 Stone Boat Plank, $ 50; 2 State Scows, $500; 2 small Boats, $150; 6 Stone Boats, $3; 6 Draft Chains, $10; 1 Desk and Table, $4; 1 Table, $3; 1 Fluid Lamp and Can, $1 50; 2 large Pinch Bars, $5; 1 Boom Derrick, $10; 1 Anchor, $3; 3 Bog Hoes, $1 50; 18 Cast Steel Drills, $32; 1 Crab, $7; 1 Plow, $6; 5 Water Pails, 62c.; 1 Dipper, 13c; 1 Hoe, 38c.; 1 Pile Auger, $8; 2 Steam Presses, $3; 72 Steel Shovels $36; 4 Axes, $3; 34 Picks, $34; 2,100 pounds old Iron, (Cast) $21; 1400 pounds old Iron, (Wrought) $21; 54 Wheel Barrows, $81; 4 Bridge Hooks, $3; 3 Cross cut Saws $4 50; 5 Scrapers, $4; 3 Shackle Bars, $3; 2 Augers, $8; 2 Lanterns, $1; 2 Boat Pumps, $2; 500 pounds of Rope, $5; 12 Lock Lamps, $6; 3 Cant Hooks, $3; 2 Adzes, $1; 4 Wrenches $2; 2 Pike Poles, $1; 15 Sledges $15; 6 Oil Cans, $2; 1 pair Blacksmith's Tongs, 50c; 2 Spike Mauls, 50c; 1 pair Portable Bellows, $4; 1 Paint Brush, 12c.; 4 Pad Locks, $1; 4 Work Benches, $4; 1 Bench Screw and Vise, $1; 1 Iron Vise, $3; 1 Anvil, $2; 1 Gravel Seive $3; 10 pounds White Lead, 92c; 3 Tool Chests, $1 50; 50 Mud Bucks, $5; 4 Saw Benches, $1; 25 pounds Cut Nails, $1 25; 2 Hammers, $1; 34 Crow Bars, $34; 50 pounds Dock Spike, $4 50; 100 pounds Cast Bridge Framings, $5; 1 Steam Box and Boiler, $3; 19 Stoves and Pipes, $40; 45 Dock Sticks, $45; 250 pounds Spike, $11; 2 Grout Boxes, $1; 2 Fit Saw Bucks, $2; 1 Roll Boat, $2; 1 Pile Driver, $50; 2 Rakes, $2; 3 Ladders, $3; 2 Branding Irons, 75c; 10 Tackle Blocks $10; 3 new Paddle Gates and Fixtures, $50; 25 yards Quarry Stone, $25; 1 Ice Breaker, (sunk,) $2. Total, $1,453 94

The aggregate of the same to be paid in twelve equal monthly payments.

The person or persons to whom the work may be awarded, will be required to enter into contract for the performance of the work within ten days after the same shall have been awarded to him or them, upon the terms prescribed by the contracting board.

The name or names of the persons proposing must be written out in full, with their places of residence.

The specifications and blank propositions and forms of contracts and bonds will be ready for examination at the above mentioned office ten days prior to the time specified for the letting. Dated Albany, March 6, 1858.

SAMUEL S. WHALLON,
CHARLES H. SHERRILL,
JOHN M. JAYCOX, } Canal Commissioners.
V. R. RICHMOND, State Eng. and Surveyor.
NATHANIEL S. BENTON, Auditor.

CENTRAL PARK.—NOTICE.—IN PURSUANCE of the 17th section of an act entitled "An Act for the Regulation and Government of the Central Park," passed April 17, 1857, the Board of Commissioners of the Central Park do ordain as follows:

ALL PERSONS ARE FORBIDDEN

To enter or leave the Park except by the gateways.
To climb or walk on the wall.
To turn cattle, horses, goats or swine into the Park.
To carry firearms, or to throw stones or other missiles within it.
To cut, break, or in any way injure or deface the trees, shrubs, plants, turf or any buildings, fences, bridges or other constructions upon the Park.
Or to converse or in any way hinder those engaged in its construction.

All persons offending against these ordinances shall be deemed guilty of misdemeanor, and be punished, on conviction before the Mayor, Recorder, or any Magistrate of the City of New-York, by a fine not exceeding fifty dollars; and, in default of payment, by imprisonment not exceeding thirty days.

Visitors may obtain all necessary information and directions from the Police.

The business offices and the Police station of the Park are on 5th av., at 79th-st.

By order of the Board.

JOHN A. C. GRAY, Vice President.

DAVID H. HART, Clerk.

Dated New-York, March 17, 1858.

CORPORATION NOTICE.—TO CONTRACTORS.—Public notice is hereby given that sealed proposals will be received at the City Surveyor's Office of the City of Hoboken up to the twenty seventh day of March, 1858, when the same will be opened at a meeting of the Council of said City to be held at 7½ o'clock P. M. of that day, for grading, curbing, guttering, paving, and flagging sidewalks in the following streets in said city, viz.: Newark-st. from Washington-st., to the line ditch; 3d-st., from Washington-st. to 100 feet West of Meadow st.; 4th-st., from Hudson st. to River-st.; 5th-st., from Garden-st. to the westerly line of Willow-st.; 7th-st., from Washington st. to the easterly line of Garden-st.; Meadow-st., from 2d-st. to 4th st.; Garden st., from 5th st. to 6th-st.

All the above work to be done and finished according to plans and specifications made by W. W. Shippen, Esq., City Surveyor, which plans and specifications are to be seen at his office, opposite the Ferry gate, at Hoboken, and the said work to be fully completed on or before the first day of June next.

No proposals will be received except according to a form, to be obtained at the City Surveyor's office, and accompanied with the names of at least two sufficient securities.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF TAXES AND ASSESSMENTS,
NEW COURT HOUSE, No 32 Chambers st

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS.—NOTICE IS hereby given, that the Assessment Rolls of the several Wards of the City of New York, for the year 1858, are open for public inspection at this office, and subject to revision and correction, from Monday, the 11th day of January, until the 20th day of April 1858, inclusive, and that all persons failing to make application for correction during that period, are precluded by law from any subsequent redress. Owners of real estate are urgently requested to call and examine the rolls, to ascertain if their property is correctly located, and all persons entitled to reduction by reason of military service, are requested to attend to the same. Office hours from 10 o'clock A. M., to 3 o'clock P. M.—Dated New-York, March 20, 1858.

J. W. ALLEN,
A. J. WILLIAMSON,
J. W. BROWN, } Commissioners.

NOTICE.—THE COMMITTEE ON FINANCE OF the Board of Aldermen will meet on TUESDAY next, March 23, 1858, at No. 8 City Hall, at 2 o'clock P. M., to hear and consider the applications of the following persons, viz: James Broderick, for return of fine; William Wheeler and Mary Traynor, for pay for injuries done their property by riotous mobs; George Sloth and Robert Moody, for pay for losses of horses; bill of James Bennard for repairs to IVth Ward station house, and Church of the Good Shepherd for remission of tax. The above-named parties will attend said meeting without further notice. The Finance Committee of the Board of Aldermen will meet at the above-named time and place every Tuesday.

THOS. M. SPEDON,
JOHN GREGORY,
GEORGE STARR, } Committee on Finance.

NEW-YORK, March 18, 1858.

OFFICE PARK FIRE INS CO.—NO 237 Broadway, corner Park-place—New-York, March 20, 1858.—The annual election for forty-five Directors of this Company will be held at the office, on Monday, 5th April next. Poll open from 12 M. until 3 P. M. WM JAFFRAY, Secretary.

BANK NOTICES.

MARINERS' SAVINGS INSTITUTION, Third-avenue, corner of Ninth-street.

MONEYS DEPOSITED ON OR BEFORE April 1 will bear interest from that date, at the rate of 6 per cent. on sums of $500 and under, and at 5 per cent. on sums over $500.

Bank open daily from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M., and on Wednesday and Saturday Evenings from 5 to 8 o'clock.

THOMAS B. STILLMAN, President.

PHILIP W. ENGS,
CHAS. MILES, } Vice-Presidents.

I. T. SMITH, Secretary.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION, No. 96 WARREN-ST.—Open daily from 10 A. M. to 2 P. M., and on Mondays, Tuesdays and Saturdays from 4 to 7 P. M. Interest at 6 per cent. on all sums from $1 to $500. M. D. VAN PELT, President.

V. L. BUXTON, Secretary.

ROSEHILL SAVINGS BANK, CORNER EIGHTH-AVENUE AND FOURTEENTH-STREET, open daily from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. All sums deposited in this Bank on or before the 10th of April next will draw interest from the 1st. W. F. HAVEMEYER, Prest.

J. BRINKERHOFF, Secretary.

FOR EUROPE.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage $130
Second Cabin Passage 75
FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage $110
Second Cabin Passage 60

The ships from Boston call at Halifax.

CANADA, Lang, leaves Boston Wednesday, March 24
ARABIA, Stone, leaves N. York Wednesday, March 31
NIAGARA, Wickman, leaves Boston Wednesday, April 7
PERSIA, Judkins, leaves N. Y. Wednesday, April 14
AMERICA, Moodie, leaves Boston Wednesday, April 21
AFRICA, Shannon, leaves N. Y. Wednesday, April 28.

Berths not secured until paid for.

An experienced surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Gold, Silver, Bullion, Specie, Jewelry, Precious Stones or Metals, unless bills of lading are signed therefor and the value thereof therein expressed. For freight or passage, apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

GREAT REDUCTION OF FARE TO EUROPE.

From New-York:		From Southampton, Havre, or Bremen to New-York:	
First Cabin	$80	First Cabin	$100
Second Cabin	50	Second Cabin	65
Steerage	30	Steerage	40

In the first-class paddle wheel steamship ARIEL, 2,000 tons, E. D. LUDLOW, Commander, and NORTH STAR, 2,500 tons, EDWARD CAVENDY, Commander, to sail from Pier No. 3, North River, at noon precisely, carrying the United States Mail, viz:

Leave New-York for Southampton, Havre and Bremen.	Bremen for Southampton	Southampton for New-York.
North Star. April 17	Saturday, May 5	Wedn'sd'y, May 19
Ariel.. Sat., May 15	Sat'day, June 12	Wedns'y, June 6
North Star.. June 12	Satu'day, July 10	Wedns'y, July 14

The steamships touch at Havre. Specie delivered in London and Paris. For passage or freight, apply to

D. TORRANCE, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE.—THE United States Mail steamer FULTON, J. A. WOTTON, commander, will leave for Havre, touching at Southampton to land the mails and passengers, on SATURDAY, April 3, at 12 o'clock, from Pier No. 37 North River, foot of Beach-st.

This ship has five water-tight compartments inclosing the engines, so that in the event of collision or stranding, the water could not reach them, and the pumps being free to work, the safety of the vessel and passengers would be secured.

Baggage not wanted during the voyage should be sent on board the day before sailing, marked "below." For freight or passage apply to

W. S. DRAYTON, Agent, No. 7 Broadway.

N. B.—The steamer ARAGO will succeed the FULTON, and sail May 1.

STEAM TO SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE.—The magnificent steamship VANDERBILT, 5,268 tons, P. E. LEFEVRE, master, will sail, with the MAILS—

FROM NEW-YORK FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE.	FROM SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE FOR NEW-YORK.
Saturday .... April 10	Wednesday .... April 28
Saturday .... May 22	Wednesday .... June 9
Saturday .... July 3	Wednesday .... July 21

Price of passage according to location of room. First cabin, $100 and $130; second cabin, $60 and $75.

Specie delivered in London and Paris.

For passage and freight, apply to

D. TORRANCE, Agent, No. 5 Bowling-Green, New-York.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP ARABIA.—Consignees are informed that the ARABIA will commence discharging on TUESDAY morning, the 23d inst. All goods for which permits are not received, will be sent to the bonded warehouse, Jersey City, and be subject to storage. E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

RAILROADS.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD—WINTER ARRANGEMENT—Commencing Wednesday, Jan. 6, 1858.

Trains leave Dépôt corner White and Centre sts., New-York at 9¼ A. M.—Mail for Albany, stopping at Williams Bridge and all stations north.

3:20 P. M., Express for Albany, stopping at principal stations only.

6¼ P. M., for White Plains, stopping at all intermediate stations.

Trains leave Dépôt corner 26th-st. and 4th-av., New-York, at 8¼ A. M., for Williams Bridge, stopping at all intermediate stations.

11½ A. M.—White Plains, stopping at all intermediate stations.

2½ P. M.—Williams Bridge, stopping at all intermediate stations.

3 P. M.—Millerton, stopping at Williams Bridge and all intermediate stations north.

4 P. M.—Croton Falls, stopping at all intermediate stations.

5½ P. M.—Williams Bridge, stopping at all intermediate stations.

Returning, trains leave Albany for New-York, at 7¼ A. M.—Mail stopping at all stations above and at Williams Bridge.

3¾ P. M.—Express, stopping at principal stations only.

W. J. CAMPBELL, Superintendent.

NEW-YORK AND ERIE RAILROAD.—ON and after Thursday, Jan. 21, 1858, and until further notice, passenger trains will leave pier foot of Duane-st., as follows, viz.:

Dunkirk Express, at 6:30 A. M., for Dunkirk and principal intermediate stations.

Mail Train, at 8:30 A. M., for Dunkirk and Buffalo, and intermediate stations.

Rockland Passenger, at 3 P. M., from foot of Chambers-st. via Piermont, for Sufferns and intermediate stations.

Way Passenger, at 4 P. M., for Newburg, Middletown and intermediate stations.

The above trains run daily, Sundays excepted.

Night Express, at 5 P. M., daily, for Dunkirk, and Sundays excepted, for Buffalo.

These Express trains connect at Elmira with the Elmira Canandaigua and Niagara Falls Railroad, for Niagara Falls; at Binghamton with the Syracuse and Binghamton Railroad, for Syracuse; at Corning with Buffalo, Corning and New-York Railroad for Rochester; at Great Bend with the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad for Scranton; at Hornellsville with the Buffalo and New-York City Railroad, for Buffalo; at Buffalo and Dunkirk with the Lake Shore Railroad, for Cleveland, Cincinnati, Toledo, Detroit, Chicago, &c.

S. F. HEADLEY, Assistant President.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY—Connecting at New-Hampton with the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, and at Easton with the Lehigh Valley Railroad.

FALL ARRANGEMENTS—Commencing Oct. 28, 1857. Leave New-York for Easton and intermediate places from Pier No. 2 North River, at 7:30 A. M., 12 M., and 3:30 P. M.; for Somerville, by above trains and at 4:30 P. M. The above trains connect at Elizabeth with trains on the New-Jersey Railroad, which leave New York from foot of Cortlandt-st. at 7:30 and 12 M., 3:20 and 4 P. M.

Passengers for the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad will leave at 7:30 A. M. only; for Lehigh Valley Railroad at 7:30 A. M. and 12 M. only.

JOHN O. STEARNS, Superintendent.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—FROM DEC. 2, 1857, trains will leave Chambers-st. as follows: Express trains 6½ and 11¼ A. M. and 4:45 P. M.; Poughkeepsie trains at 8¾ A. M. and 3½ P. M.; Peekskill freight train at 1½ P. M. from 31st st. only, and passenger train at 5½ P. M. from Chambers st. Sing Sing train at 4 P. M. Passengers taken at Chambers, Christopher and 30th st. stations only. Trains for New-York leave Troy 6:10 A. M., 12:35 and 5:15 P. M., and East Albany at 6:25 A. M., 12:45 and 5:25 P. M.

NEW-JERSEY RAILROAD.—FOR PHILADELPHIA AND THE SOUTH AND WEST via JERSEY CITY—Mail and Express Line. Leave New-York at 8 and 11 A. M. and 4 and 6 P. M., $3. Through tickets sold for Cincinnati and the West, and for Baltimore, Washington, Norfolk, &c., and through baggage checked to Washington in 8 A. M. and 6 P. M.

J. W. WOODRUFF, Assistant Superintendent.

No baggage will be received for any train, unless delivered and checked 15 minutes in advance of the time of leaving.

FLUSHING RAILROAD.—LEAVES FULTON Market Wharf, by steamer ISLAND CITY, at 8 and 10 A. M., 1, 4 and 5:30 P. M. The cars leave Flushing, L. I., at the same hours, meeting and exchanging passengers with the boat at Hunter's Point—through in 55 minutes. Fare 25 cents. WM. M. SMITH, Receiver.

FOR THE SOUTH.

FOR CHARLESTON AND FLORIDA.—SEMI-WEEKLY UNITED STATES MAIL SIDE WHEEL STEAMSHIP LINE.—The steamship MARION, Capt. W. J. FOSTER, commander, will leave pier No. 4 North River WEDNESDAY, March 24 at 4 o'clock P. M., precisely. For freight or passage, apply to SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO., No. 29 Broadway. The NASHVILLE succeeds on SATURDAY, March 27. The large steamers CAROLINA, EVERGLADE, and ST. MARYS, for Florida, connect at Charleston, with the steamers from New York. Through tickets may be had by applying as above. These steamers carry the Adams Express goods for the South and Southwest. The Express Agents throughout the Southern country will give passengers and shippers information respecting the line.

FOR PORTSMOUTH, PETERSBURG AND RICHMOND.—The U. S. Mail Steamship ROANOKE, Captain THOMAS SKINNER, will leave on WEDNESDAY 24th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M., from pier No. 13 North River. She will arrive at Portsmouth the next afternoon and at Petersburg the following morning. Passengers for the South will proceed directly on by the great Southern mail line. Those for Richmond will arrive there early on Friday morning. Travelers will find this the cheapest, pleasantest and most expeditious route. Passage and fare, with state room, to Norfolk, $8; to Petersburg and Richmond, $10. Apply to LUDLAM & PLEASANTS, No. 32 Broadway.

FOR SAVANNAH AND FLORIDA—U. S. MAIL LINE—The favorite steamship STAR OF THE SOUTH, Captain THOS. LYON, will leave on WEDNESDAY, March 24, at 4 o'clock, P. M. from Pier No. 4 N. R. Bills of lading signed only on board. For freight or passage apply to SAMUEL L. MITCHILL & SON, No. 13 Broadway. Steamers for Florida connect at Savannah leaving every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

The FLORIDA, Capt. ISAAC CROWELL, will succeed and leave on SATURDAY, March 27.

FURNITURE.

ENAMELED CHAMBER SUITES OF FURNITURE, in all colors and styles, Wholesale and Retail, at prices from $25 and upwards.

WARREN WARD, No. 277 Canal-st., (old No. 31),
Four doors east of Broadway, New-York.

ENAMELED FURNITURE OF A SUPERIOR quality, manufactured and for sale by J. W. FISBER & CO., No. 680 Broadway, formerly with McGRAW & ALLENDORPH.

ENAMELED CHAMBER FURNITURE—at H. F. FARRINGTON'S Warerooms, No. 368 Canal-st., opposite Wooster-st., New-York.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

FOR SALE AT DOBBS' FERRY—A TRUCK horse, sorrel colt, 16½ hands, 5 years old, weighs 1,400 pounds. Apply to GEO. CONKLIN, Dobbs' Ferry.

MEDICAL.

THE TALENT OF THE MOST EMINENT EUROPEAN ARTISTS

Is employed in illustrating the new edition of that practical Medical Work,

HUMAN FRAILTY;
OR, PHYSIOLOGICAL RESEARCHES,
JUST ISSUED FROM THE PRESS.

It describes the causes and effects of all diseases of a delicate nature; it contains copious instructions for the perfect restoration of those who are prevented by impediments from entering into the married state, and for the permanent cure of all diseases arising from imprudences, with observations on the direful results of early abuse; also a professional dissertation, illustrating the results of chemical tests, and examination of the spermatoza by the patentee's newly-constructed microscope, with powerful lenses.

Price 25 cents. Sent free of postage to any part of the country.

This invaluable work may be obtained, as well as the Triesemar, from Dr. BARROW, No. 157 Prince-st., few blocks west of Broadway, New-York. To be consulted as usual, from 11 A. M. till 2 P. M., and from 4 till 8 in the evening.

J. LOEWENDAHL,

THE MAGNETIZER,

No. 291 Atlantic-st.,

Brooklyn.

$500 REWARD.—DR. JEFFRIES' ANTIDOTE, a Specific Mixture for the cure of Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Strictures, and similar disorders. It makes a speedy cure, without the least restriction of diet, drink, exposure, or change in application to business. Further, the disease cannot be contracted if a dose of the Antidote is taken when exposed. Repeated experiments and long experience have proved that it will radically cure any case that can be produced. This desirable result is obtained in from two to ten days; and as it neither creates nausea nor offends the palate, and renders unnecessary all deviation in diet or interruption to usual pursuits, sound sleep or healthy digestion, the disease is thus removed as speedily as is consistent with the production of a thorough and permanent cure. Its ingredients are entirely vegetable, and no injurious effect, either constitutionally or locally, can be caused by its use.

Price, One Dollar per Bottle.

C. H. RING, General Agent,
No. 192 Broadway, New-York.
M. S. BURR & CO., No. 1 Cornhill, Boston.

DR. WATSON HAS FOR A LONG SERIES of years confined his attention to diseases of a certain class, in which he has treated a vast number of cases, without an instance of failure. The remedies are mild, and there is no interruption to business or change of diet. Separate consulting rooms.

DR. WATSON'S WORK, THE CAUSE AND CURE, is the only one which clearly explains the nature and mode of treatment of the venereal disease in its different forms: also Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, and Premature Exhaustion—the result of early indiscretion, excess, or other causes. Anatomical plates of a superior kind, and drawings of every form of disease. Price $1. No. 55 Walker-st., a few doors west of Broadway.

TO DRUGGISTS.—MORSE'S INDIAN ROOT PILLS COUNTERFEITED.—Merchants and traders will be on their guard and not be imposed upon by a counterfeit of Morse's Indian Root Pills, signed A. B. Moore. All genuine Indian Root Pills have the name and signature of A. J. WHITE & CO., on each box.

Of late this Moore has been putting up these pills in blue wrappers, so as to resemble our original Pills. Druggists will be supplied on favorable terms, with the genuine, by F. C. WELLS & CO., or by A. J. WHITE & CO., Proprietors, No. 50 Leonard-st., New-York.

DR. COOPER, NO. 14 DUANE-STREET, may be consulted on all diseases of a private nature; 26 years exclusively devoted to the treatment of secret diseases, enables him to warrant a cure in all cases undertaken. The victims of misplaced confidence, who have been misled by quack advertisements, can call on Dr. C. with the certainty of being radically cured.

BUY OF DR. LARMONT HIS PARIS AND London Medical Adviser and Marriage Guide, 400 pages, profusely illustrated $1, corner of Spring and Mercer sts., opposite St. Nicholas Hotel, New-York, before you marry or adopt any treatment for sexual debility or disease, as it informs of all the remedies and a certain mode of cure. Office hours for treatment, 11 to 5.

SURE CURE.—DR. WARD'S UNFORTUNATE'S FRIEND.—Only reliance for a cure of private diseases. All the afflicted and disappointed elsewhere call on Dr. WARD. Cure warranted. Unfortunate's Friend, price $1. Female diseases successfully treated. His Monthly Pills, $1, never fail. Office No. 289 Canal-st., corner Broadway.

RICORD'S PRACTICE.—C. D. HAMMOND, M. D., pupil of RICORD, of Paris, and of Professors CARNOCHAN and MOTT, of this City. Private consultations in English, French, and by letter. Office hours from 9 to 1, and from 5 to 8 evenings. No. 61 Bleecker-st., east of Broadway. N. B. Dr. H. has no connection with any medicine or instrument offered for sale.

DR. RALPH, AUTHOR OF THE PRACTICAL PRIVATE TREATISE—The permanent cure of Stricture. Dr. R. cures more cases of Stricture than any surgeon in America. Office No. 784 Broadway; hours, 10 till 1, and after 6 o'clock.

DR. HASTINGS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF NAPHTHA—The great remedy for Coughs, Colds, Consumption, and all diseases of the Lungs. Price $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. F. L. PARMERTON, Sole Agent, No. 243 Fulton st., New-York.

PROPOSALS.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned, Chairman of the Board of School Officers of the VIIth Ward, at the office of the Clerk of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm sts., until WEDNESDAY, 24th inst., at 12 o'clock, NOON, for erecting stone stairs and making other repairs to Ward School No. 12, Madison-st., in said Ward, according to plans and specifications on file at the office of the Superintendent of School Buildings, No. 94 Crosby-st.

The Board of School Officers reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals offered, if deemed for the public interests to do so. ZEBULON C. INSLEE,

In behalf of the School Officers of the VIIth Ward.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned, School Officers of the XIth Ward, at the office of the Clerk of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm sts., until WEDNESDAY, 24th inst., at 12 o'clock noon, for altering and repairing Ward School No. 15, in said Ward, according to plans and specifications on file at the office of the Superintendent of School Buildings, No. 94 Crosby st. The undersigned reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals, if deemed for the public interests to do so.

SAMUEL ACKER, Chairman.

JOHN PICKFORD, Secretary.

IN PURSUANCE OF A RESOLUTION OF March 16, the Board of Commissioners of the Central Park, hereby solicit proposals for supplying trees and plants for the Park, according to a schedule to be had on application to the Clerk at the office of the Board, room No. 10 Bank of Commerce building. By order of the Board.

JAMES HOGG,
CHAS. W. ELLIOTT,
JNO. A. C. GRAY, } Committee on Trees and Plants.

DAVID H. HART, Clerk.

Dated New-York, March 17, 1858.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at the office of the Commissioners of the Central Park, Bank of Commerce Building, for the construction of 29 tool wagons in accordance with the plans and specifications, and after the pattern to be seen at the office of the Chief Engineer, corner of 79th-st. and 5th-av. Proposals to be addressed to the Executive Committee Board of Commissioners of Central Park, and handed in prior to the 1st of April.

STATIONERY.

COMMISSION PAPER WAREHOUSE.—A. C. GOODMAN & CO., No. 32 Beekman-st., invite the attention of Book and Newspaper Publishers, Printers and all other buyers, to their facilities for supplying paper of any quality, size and weight, at the very lowest prices.

ENVELOPES.—They are the sole agents in this City for White & Corbin's machine-made Envelopes, said to be the best manufactured.

WRAPPING PAPERS.—Manilla, Straw and other wrapping papers constantly on hand.

Manufacturers supplied with Bleaching powders, Wires, Felts, Oil Vitriol, Ultramarine, Soda Ash, &c., &c. Cash paid for rags and paper-shavings.

J. A. H. HASBROUCK, STATIONER'S HALL, Nos. 174 and 176 Pearl-st., N. Y., importer and manufacturer, offers for sale, at low cash prices, every variety of account books, papers, fancy and staple stationery, writing papers, notes, drafts, money, and shipping receipts, inkstands, memorandum and time books, pens, pencils, slates, penknives, chess and backgammon boards, &c., and all articles usually kept by the trade. JOB PRINTING and LITHOGRAPHY executed at low rates. Cards, circulars, &c. Country merchants invited to call.

FRANCIS & LOUTREL — STATIONERS, Steam Job Printers, Lithographers, and Book-binders, No. 45 Maiden-lane. Orders solicited.

EXPRESSES.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.,
NEW-YORK AND CALIFORNIA EXPRESS AND EXCHANGE COMPANY,
No. 82 Broadway, New-York.

We, the undersigned, are prepared to transport to California the old State Bonds, exchange the same and return here with greatest possible dispatch.

We will undertake, for a fixed price, to transport, exchange and return said bonds, agreeing in case of loss to be at trouble of procuring new issue—or parties can mail to our house in Sacramento at their own risk, have the same exchanged and returned in same way. For rates, inquire at our office.

Having our own houses at San Francisco, and also at Sacramento, and sending Special Messengers by every steamer, we are prepared to do this business with greater safety and promptness than other houses. The Bonds do not leave our hands until returned to New-York.

The past-due coupons are purchased at current rates.

The act authorizing the exchange (a copy of which will be furnished on application at our office) provides for the funding of the past-due coupons when presented in sums of $500.

We will sell sums under $500, remit proceeds, less exchange, or buy to fill fractions, and receive pay here without commission. WELLS, FARGO & CO.,

No. 82 Broadway.

IRON AND HARDWARE.

THOMAS PIG IRON—SOFT, FREE, STRONG, and a warranted substitute for Scotch Pig.
JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., No. 98 William-st.

BANCA TIN, INGOT COPPER, SPELTER, Antimony, &c., for sale by
JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., No. 98 William-st.

LIGHTNING RODS OF ALL KINDS, cheap at wholesale, and free license under Otis' Patent. LYON MANUFACTURING CO., No. 85 John-st.

MOUNT-HOPE CUT NAILS, SUPERIOR quality; none better in market. Agents,
JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., No. 98 William-st.

O. AMES & SONS SHOVELS AND SPADES.—For sale by JOHN W. QUINCY & CO., 98 William-st.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT.—COUNTY OF WESTCHESTER.—CORNELIUS SEACORD plaintiff, against BENJAMIN W. CLARK and SARAH his wife, Paul S. Brown and Phebe Ann his wife, Oliver Davidson, Mary Ann Davidson, Philip R. Underhill Executor of Jacob Rhinelander deceased, Richard H. Bowne, Erastus Davidson, Wm. C. Demuene, wife of Pierre Demuene, Pierre Demuene, George W. Cantine, Margaret A. Cantine, Catharine Cantine, David N. Ropes, Samuel Barker, George H. Purser, Peter U. Laurie and George H. Chase defendants. Summons for relief.—(Com. not served.)—To the defendants Erastus Davidson, Oliver Davidson and Mary Ann Davidson: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, a copy of which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of Westchester, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office, in the town of New Rochelle, within twenty days after the service hereof, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated Jan. 13, 1858.

L. P. MILLER, Plaintiff's Attorney, New-Rochelle.

The complaint in the above action was filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of Westchester, March 9, 1858.

mh15 law6wM

SUPREME COURT.—WILLIAM H. APPLETON, JOHN A. APPLETON, DANIEL S. APPLETON and SAMUEL F. APPLETON, against DAVID B. COOKE and ANDREW BURTON, surviving partners of GEORGE DAVIS, deceased.—Summons for money demand on contract.—Com. not ser.—To the above-named defendants: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the City Hall in said City, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint, on the subscribers at their office, at No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiffs in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of one thousand and eight dollars and seventy-five cents, with interest from the 20th day of January, 1858, and for the further sum of two thousand one hundred and forty-five dollars and thirty-eight cents, besides the costs of this action.—Dated Jan. 25, 1858.

BUCKHAM & SMALES, Plaintiffs' Atty's.

The complaint in the above-entitled action was filed with the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at his office at the City Hall in said City, on the 6th day of March, 1858. BUCKHAM & SMALES, Plffs' Atty's.

mh 8—law6wM

SUPREME COURT.—CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK.—JAMES D. CARHART, WILLIAM B. CARHART and JOHN B. STOW against THOMAS D. LYNES.—Summons for money demand on contract.—(Com. not ser.)—To the defendant: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which was filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, on the 4th day of March, 1858, at the City Hall in the said City, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office No. 229 Broadway in the City of New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiffs in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of one hundred and forty-eight dollars seventy-one cents, with interest from the 17th day of September, 1857, and for the further sum of one hundred and ninety dollars and ninety-six cents, with interest from the 21st day of September, 1857, and for the further sum of three hundred and twenty-two dollars fifty-eight cents, with interest from the 18th day of December, 1857, besides the costs of this action.—Dated March 3, 1858.

mh8-law6w*M E. W. BLOOM, Plaintiff's Attorney.

SUPREME COURT—COUNTY OF KINGS.—HENRY L. PELOUZE against ROBERT W. PENDLETON and CARTER A. SAUNDERS.—Summons for relief.—(Com. not ser.)—To the above named defendants:—You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of Kings, at the City Hall in the city of Brooklyn, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office, No. 59 William street, in the City of New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated Feb 10, 1858.

KISSAM & JONES, Plaintiff's Attorney.

The complaint was filed as above on the 13th day of February, 1858. 15f-law6wM*

SUPREME COURT—COUNTY OF KINGS.—DAVID WOODS, Plaintiff, against JOHN McAULEY, Darius Davison, Pauline Davison, Mary A. Davison and others. Defendants.—To the defendant, MARY A. DAVISON: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which was filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of Kings, at the City Hall, in the City of Brooklyn, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office, No. 172 Atlantic-street, in the city of Brooklyn, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated Feb. 6, 1858.

LEWIS & REEVE, Plaintiff's Attorney.

22f law6wM*

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR THE DISCHARGE of an insolvent from his debts, pursuant to the provisions of the third article of the first title of the fifth chapter of the second part of the Revised Statutes. WILLIAM RAFFERTY, of the City, County, and State of New-York, an insolvent debtor. Notice first published Feb 22, 1858. Creditors to appear before Hon. HENRY HILTON, one of the Justices of the Court of Common Pleas in and for the said City of New-York, at the chambers of the Court of Common Pleas in and for the City of New-York, at the City Hall of said City, on the 1st day of April next, 1858, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any they have, why an assignment should not be made of said insolvent's estate, and he be discharged from his debts.—Dated New-York, Feb. 20, 1858.

ROBERT LIVINGSTON,
22f-law6wM* Attorney for Insolvent, No. 6 Wall-st.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF RODMAN B. DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against JOHN DEEN, late of the City of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, the executor of the last will and testament, and administrator of the goods, chattels and credits of which JOHN DEEN, deceased, died intestate, at his store, No. 78 Water-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 23d day of April next.—Dated Oct. 16, 1857. JOHN L. DEEN,

o19-law6mM* Executor and Administrator.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF RODMAN B. DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against ALFRED A. HILL, late of Yarmouth, in the State of Maine, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, the Administrator, at the store of WALSH, CARVER & CHASE, No. 30 South-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 30th day of April next.—Dated Oct. 24, 1857.

o26-law6mM* ARTHUR CHILD, Administrator.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF RODMAN B. DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against ROBERT V. R. SCHUYLER, late of the City of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, the administratrix, at the office of Tomlinson, Walden & Brigham, No. 4 New-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 13th day of April next.—Dated Sept. 21, 1857.

o12-law6mM* KATE M. SCHUYLER, Administratrix.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF RODMAN B. DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against AUSTIN D. MOORE, late of the County of Duval, in the State of Florida, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, the executors, at the office of HENRY CROSSMAN, No. 63 Liberty-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 15th day of June next.—Dated Brooklyn, Dec. 11, 1857.

HENRY CROSSMAN,
JOSEPH HEGEMAN, } Executors.

d14—law6mM*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF RODMAN B. DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against SAMUEL LOUNSBURY, late of the City of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, the Administrator, at his office, No. 5 Hanover-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 5th day of May next.—Dated Oct. 31, 1857.

WASHINGTON DURBROW, Administrator.

n3-law6mM*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against THOMAS ADDISON, Jr., late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his office, No. 110 Duane-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 6th day of July next.—Dated New-York, Jan. 2, 1858.

ja4-law6mM* SAMUEL D. ADDISON, Executor.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF RODMAN B. DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against WILLIAM PARKER, late of the City of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, the executor, at his residence, in 16th-st., near 3d-av., in the City of Brooklyn, on or before the 31st day of May next.—Dated Nov. 24, 1857.

n30-law6mM* IRA A. KIMBALL, Jr., Executor.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ABEL G. BIRCH, late of Camberwell, Surrey, England, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his office, No. 45 Wall street in the City of New-York, on or before the 1st day of October next. Dated—New-York, March 13, 1858. DORMAN B. EATON, Administrator.

mh15-law6mM*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against GEORGE CRANNA, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his store, No. 112 9th av., in the City of New-York, on or before the 12th day of July next.—Dated New-York, Jan. 5, 1858.

ja11-law6mM* ABRAHAM J. POST, Executor.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE firm of JAS. S. PAYNE & CO., is dissolved from this date, and that hereafter business will be conducted by the subscriber on his own account at Nos. 14 and 16 Amity-place. JOHN D. SMITH.

NEW-YORK, March 20, 1858.

NOTICE.—THE FIRM OF MEYER & STUCKEN being dissolved, I have established myself here under the firm of L. H. MEYER, for the purpose of carrying on a business similar to that of my late firm. L. H. MEYER.

NEW-YORK, March 10, 1858. Office No. 74 Beaver-st.

NO. 1 PERUVIAN GUANO, WARRANTED pure, in lots from 1 to 500 tons, at less than agents' prices. GRIFFING BROTHER & CO.,

No. 60 Cortlandt-st., New-York City.

NEW-YORK CITY.

PAUDEEN SHOT.

Row at a Dance-House—One who was Complicated with Bill Poole's Murder Mortally Wounded—Excitement Among the Fighting Men.

PATRICK McLAUGHLIN, better known as "Paudeen," one of the parties engaged in the assault upon BILL POOLE, was shot at 3 o'clock Saturday morning at the drinking-saloon and dance-house No. 23 Howard-street, kept by a man named BUTT ALLEN. The name of the man who shot Paudeen is DANIEL CUNNINGHAM, alias "Daddy" CUNNINGHAM, a noted sporting character. About midnight CUNNINGHAM, it appears, went into the dance-house in company with some friends. He danced with the girls an hour or two. He met Paudeen, who was also enjoying himself in the dance, but being at enmity with him took no notice of him. At 3 o'clock there was an intermission in the dance, and the pugilistic notables and others present repaired to the bar to take drinks. The conversation here turned on the merits of MORRISSEY, who was absent, as a fighting man. Paudeen said MORRISSEY was wanting in skill and fairness. CUNNINGHAM, who is a particular friend of MORRISSEY, pronounced this assertion false, and called Paudeen a liar; the latter said he would "lick him" if he did not retract what he had said, and shook his fist in CUNNINGHAM's face. CUNNINGHAM said he should retract nothing, and thereupon Paudeen advanced towards him and tried to catch hold of him. CUNNINGHAM retreated, saying, "I warn you to keep away from me; I am not able to fight you, but if you touch me I shall hurt you." Paudeen, however, caught him by the coat collar, when CUNNINGHAM again threatened to injure him if he did not desist. The by-standers separated them. After that Paudeen seemed inclined to make friends with CUNNINGHAM, or after letting go his hold he invited him to take a drink. CUNNINGHAM refused to drink, and Paudeen then said, "I'll meet you to-morrow, and slap your face for you." CUNNINGHAM replied, "I guess you won't." Paudeen retorted, "G—d—n you, I'll slap it now;" and immediately made a rush towards CUNNINGHAM, as if to put his threat into immediate execution. CUNNINGHAM, who is a much smaller man than Paudeen, retreated behind the bar, but Paudeen followed, and reaching over the counter, caught hold of his coat-collar and endeavored to pull him over the counter. CUNNINGHAM became greatly enraged at this, and said to Paudeen, "Let go of me, or I will kill you." This threat was repeated, but Paudeen paid not the slightest attention to it, and kept pulling at CUNNINGHAM's coat, and trying to drag him over the bar, until the latter, after repeating his threat the third time, drew a revolver from his pocket and fired, the ball taking effect in Paudeen's breast. Paudeen fell instantly to the floor, and did not speak a word. His friends immediately took him up and placing him on a settee sent for Dr. CAMPBELL, who resided in the adjoining house. In a few moments the doctor appeared and probed the wound, but being unable to find the bullet and seeing that the wound was a very dangerous one ordered that the injured man should be removed to the City Hospital. A carriage was procured and Paudeen placed inside and conveyed to the Hospital, where he was given in charge of Dr. DUBOIS. An attempt was at once made by Dr. DUBOIS to trace the bullet, but his efforts proved unsuccessful. The ball entered the left side of the breast and is believed to be lodged either in the left lung or the muscles of the chest. From the serious nature of the wound, and the great difficulty experienced by Paudeen in breathing, it was thought that he could not possibly survive more than a few hours. He was alive, however, at a late hour last evening, and his attending physician thinks it barely possible that he may live a day or two longer. He himself says that he has "fought his last fight," and will be dead before twenty-four hours are over.

Coroner GAMBLE called Saturday afternoon on the wounded man twice, to take his *ante-mortem* deposition, but he on both occasions declined making any statement in the matter, saying there were plenty of witnesses to the occurrence, who could state everything that transpired just as well as he could, and better, too, because they could talk without difficulty, and he could not.

The news that Paudeen had been shot produced great excitement among the "fancy." A large number of the wounded man's friends called at the Hospital during Saturday and yesterday to see him, but only a few were admitted. Among those admitted were JOHNNY LING, HARRY YOUNG, JIM TURNER, and other pugilists of the anti-Morrissey school. These parties are loud in their denunciation of CUNNINGHAM, and think that by shooting Paudeen under the circumstances he exhibited a cowardly spirit. The Morrissey crowd, on the contrary, say it was a case of justifiable homicide. The friends of CUNNINGHAM, who thronged the Fourteenth Ward Station on Saturday, eulogized his "pluck," and deplored his imprisonment. To avoid the rush of visitors he was removed at a late hour Saturday evening to the Essex Market Prison, where he is still locked up.

WHO PAUDEEN IS.

PAT McLAUGHLIN, *alias* Paudeen, was born at Cohoes Falls, a few miles from Lansingburgh, in 1822. His parents arrived in this country from Ireland but two years previously, and were poor, but industrious and honest. PAT left home at an early age and came to New-York. He took up the business of an emigrant runner, and soon became noted for his bold and unscrupulous deceptions practiced upon emigrants and maintaining his ground and courage in the frequent fights in which he became necessarily involved. He frequently spent a term on Blackwell's Island. A few years ago he got into a squabble with the present Alderman of the First Ward, when the Alderman carried away the bulk of his nose between his teeth, disfiguring him for life. About this time he threw up his business of emigrant runner, leaving "one-eyed DALY," his ambitious rival, undisputed champion of the field. For some time he was in the employ of the Erie Railroad Company, and was the fighting-man of the Company. His chief business was to bring his muscle to bear upon obstinate characters who made themselves in any way obnoxious at the dépôt on the arrival and departure of trains. This is believed to be the only business in which Paudeen was ever engaged at a regular and stated salary.

In 1852, he went to California, but on the way thither committed a savage assault upon a passenger, and was obliged to secrete himself on the steamer, and subsequently to keep himself hid at Panama, to escape the vengeance of the other passengers. At Panama he stopped with a man named LARRY LEE, who was afterwards detected in a burglary upon the house of a priest, stealing $30,000 worth of property. Paudeen only remained nine months in California; that country became too hot for him, and he was compelled to return to this City.

After his return to New-York, considering that his long and successful muscle-practice had fitted him for a higher department of labor in his art, Paudeen turned his attention to politics. For three years he was a conspicuous mover in all the primary and general elections of the City, and did excellent service for the party employing him, and no doubt was well paid. During his political career he perpetrated a cowardly assault upon MAYNE LEACRAFT, a citizen of the Eighth Ward, breaking his jaw bone, and otherwise maiming him. For this offence he was sent to Blackwell's Island for a year. About the time of this assault, Paudeen became associated with JOHNNY LING, HARRY YOUNG, LEWIS BAKER, JIM TURNER, and the gang whose head-quarters was Ling's gambling house, corner of Broadway and Canal-street. On one occasion, while in this place, he attacked JIM HUGHES, and put a pistol to his breast, and doubtless would have killed him had not BAKER interfered to prevent him. He attacked TOM HYER once or twice, and did his utmost to get into a fight with BILL POOLE, whom he regarded as his deadly enemy.

The conspicuous part Paudeen played in the Bill Poole tragedy, is yet fresh in the recollection of the public. He has always been regarded as the chief instigator in the difficulty between POOLE and BAKER, and it was believed that it was owing to his exertions mainly that the affair was brought to a fatal termination.

WHO CUNNINGHAM IS.

DANIEL CUNNINGHAM, who is better known by the soubriquet of "Dad" CUNNINGHAM, is a young man 26 years of age. He is only five feet four inches in height, and weighs less than a hundred pounds. He was born in New-York City, and learned the trade of a cooper, from his father, with whom he worked for some time. About six years since he abandoned his trade, and in a great measure his home also, and associated himself with the general crowd of "roughs" and "fast men," with whom he very naturally affiliated. Though inferior in stature and physical strength, he was considered decidedly "smart" in a general fight, and one who would take rough chances. Easily roused to the intensest passion, he was somewhat feared, particularly in view of the fact that, like all his associates, he was always armed. He is described by a friend as "a fellow who feared nothin'." Notwithstanding the life he led, he was never imprisoned but once, and that only for a short time, for disorderly conduct. A few years ago he went to California, but soon returned again, and renewed his former life. When the split between the great army of roughs took place, "Dad" CUNNINGHAM leagued himself with the Morrissey crowd, with which he has ever since traveled, and for which he has not hesitated to "blow," even when to do so might be attended with risk. He was nearly always to be seen in the company of his chief, MORRISSEY, in defence of whose character as a pugilist he shot his old "chum," Paudeen. His father has been dead about three years. His mother and several sisters reside in Twenty-fourth-street, between Avenues B and C. CUNNINGHAM takes the whole affair quite coolly.

WHERE THE SHOOTING TOOK PLACE.

The house where the shooting took place has been for some time a resort for pugilists and desperadoes; and that some bloody affray did not sooner occur there has been a matter of surprise to those acquainted with its character. It was a resort, too, for degraded women, and dancing, drinking and debauchery of all sorts were carried on there at all hours. "Butt Allen," himself not unknown about town—he formerly kept a gaming place in Lispenard-street—has been its sole proprietor for the past six months, having dissolved partnership with DAN CONNOR, who acted so indiscreetly as to unfit him for business.

Paudeen was alive at 12½ o'clock this morning. His physicians say that he may even live three days longer, or until mortification sets in.

UNITED STATES COMMISSIONER'S COURT—March 20.

Before Commissioner White.

The case of the United States *vs* Mestayer, Pergelive and others, for dispossessing certain Custom-house officers at the store No. 17 Broad-street, and ejecting them by force, Mr. Cutting, of counsel for the accused being absent, was postponed to Monday, one week from to-day.

John Peterson, chief mate of the American brig *Mungo Park*, was arrested upon the complaint of W. H. Goodman, one of the crew of that vessel, for an assault upon him with a hand pump while lying in the port of Cardenas on the 14th of February. The testimony went to show that there was a ring fight going on at the time between two of the sailors, and that nearly all hands had something to do with it, during which Goodman received a settler from the mate with the obnoxious weapon. The testimony was somewhat laughable, and there was little ill feeling manifested between the parties. Peterson was committed in default of bail.

William Kelly was arrested on complaint of John Thompson Captain of the ship *Mary Bradford*, upon a charge of stabbing him with a knife on the passage from London to New-York. According to the statement of the Captain, Kelly was not one of the regular crew, but a stow-away, and was found on board without clothing, and destitute. He was, however, treated well, and furnished with clothes. One of the crew was put in irons for fighting a shipmate, and confined under the poop. Kelly went to the place where the man was confined and released him at midnight of the 20th of February, and was found in the place by the mate. Kelly forced open the door while the mate was trying to secure him inside, and both Kelly and the prisoner came out. The Captain and mate then seized him and ordered him to go into the cabin, where they intended to put him in irons, but in the scuffle the Captain and Kelly both fell upon the deck, and the Captain received a stab with a knife, under the right arm, which struck a rib, but glanced off. The wound, which Captain Thompson exhibited to the Court, was an inch long, and but just healed. Kelly then escaped, exclaiming, "I have knifed the old bugger, G—d d—n him, up to the hilt." Kelly and the other man were both found in the forecastle in the morning, Kelly's little finger having a bad cut on it, received, as was supposed, from the knife, which slipped at the time the stab was given.

The testimony of the mate, Peter M. J. Swan, corroborated the Captain's statement in all the main particulars.

Kelly stated to the Court that he went into the place to give some bread to his shipmate in irons, and was trying to come out when the mate tried to nail up the door; that when he pushed the door open, he was struck several blows with a hammer, and knocked down; that while prostrate, both the Captain and mate jumped upon him, and that on rising the Captain struck him with a belaying pin.

The night was very dark, and no one saw the act of stabbing, or the knife with which it was done. In the morning the man's irons were found to have been cut with a cold chisel.

The examination was adjourned to Monday at 3 o'clock. Judge STEWART was counsel for the prisoner.

Correction.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

Your article in to-day's issue in regard to what your reporter chooses to call a *noted panel crib No. 78 Reade-street*, is untrue in every particular. The complainant calling himself Michael Fee, and living corner Madison and New-Bowery, entirely exculpated all parties concerned, making no affidavits in the matter, from the fact of finding his *watch* at home in his trunk.

M. GRAHAM,
L. SMITH.

NEW-YORK, Friday, March 19, 1858.

[Advertisement.]

A SPLENDID STOCK
of
SPRING CLOTHING.
1858

Our new stock of Spring and Summer Clothing is now ready and on sale. It embraces all the new, stylish and desirable garments for the season, manufactured with even more taste and care than any previous stock. Our stock of

CASSIMERES, COATINGS, VESTINGS, ETC.

In custom department, in the variety and perfect taste displayed in the selection, is very far ahead of past seasons. We have this season added two of the most distinguished cutters of this City to our already large corps in this department.

It gives us pleasure to inform our friends that during the existence of the late panic, we were in a position to take advantage of the depression in the markets both here and in Europe, to secure a very large and elegant variety of fabrics at greatly reduced prices—many of the choicest styles being confined to us. We were fortunate in this, for before the trade of the season is fairly begun nearly all desirable styles will be out of the market. We beg our friends, therefore, to make early selections.

D. DEVLIN & CO.,
Nos. 258, 259 and 260 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

TEAS.—The Canton Tea Company have on hand every variety of Teas for Grocers and Tea-dealers and private families. Souchong, Oolong and Young Hyson from 25c. to 40c. Gunpowder and Imperial from 25c. to 60c. All other qualities equally low. Also 3-lb. boxes good Family Tea for $1. Call and examine at No. 125 Chatham-st., between Pearl and Roosevelt sts.

[Advertisement.]

MUSIC AT HALF-PRICE UNTIL APRIL 1.—A large lot of American and Foreign Music, from popular composers, at half-price until April 1.
HORACE WATERS, Agent, No. 333 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

☞ A Retired Physician, seventy-five years of age, whose sands of life have nearly run out, discovered, while in the East Indies, a certain cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and General Debility. The remedy was discovered by him when his only child, a daughter, was given up to die. Wishing to do as much good as possible, he will send to such of his afflicted fellow-beings as request it, this recipe, with full and explicit directions for making it up and successfully using it. He requires each applicant to inclose him one shilling—three cents to be returned as postage on the recipe, and the remainder to be applied to the payment of this advertisement. Address Dr. H. JAMES, No. 19 Grand-street, Jersey City, N. J.

[Advertisement.]

CAUTION TO HOTEL-KEEPERS.

I understand that several persons are traveling about the City and country, representing themselves as agents for WOLFE's Schiedam Aromatic Schnapps, and selling the same by the gallon and pipe.

I beg leave to caution hotel-keepers and the public against these impostors.

The genuine Schnapps is only sold in quart and pint bottles, with the proprietor's name on the bottle and cork, and a *fac simile* of his signature on the label.

I would advise all persons who have been swindled by these impostors to refuse payment, on the ground of fraud, as the debt cannot be collected by law.

UDOLPHO WOLFE,
Sole Manufacturer and Importer, No. 22 Beaver-street.

[Advertisement.]

GAS, GAS.—Call at the great dépôt of ARCHER, WARNER & Co. No. 376 Broadway, for new gas fixtures at Hard Times prices. Selling off our entire stock.

[Advertisement.]

☞ "Jessie Brown" at Purdy's National Theatre is a great, a decided hit, and is crowding the house nightly. It is announced for all this week, and with it, to night, the Drama of the "Fall of Algiers," and the Comeditta of "Jumbo Jum."

[Advertisement.]

THE GLITTERING FLOWERS OF FANCY—Bespangle every brilliant scene in that picturesque transcript of the "Sensation side of life," the lavishly beautiful, the touchingly effective, the mirthfully interesting "Bride of an Evening," the new American drama at Barnum's Museum. The annals of dramatic history may be searched in vain for such an instance of astonishing popularity. Repeated this afternoon as well as this evening.

[Advertisement.]

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT.—To deplete the system by bleeding and violent purging, is to deprive life's machinery of its motive power. These great remedies disinfect the blood and the secretions, and cure external and internal complaints, by destroying their seeds in the vital fluids.

COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

For Markets see Third Page.

Sales at the Stock Exchange....March 20.

$11,000	United St. 5s, '65	103¾	100	Harlem Railroad	12½
2,000	Tenn. St. 6s, '90	98½	200	do	11¾
1,000	Virginia 6s	92½	31	Third-av. Railroad	96
1,000	Missouri State 6s	83	900	Reading Railroad	55¾
14,000	do	82¾	550	do	55½
5,000	Iowa St. 7s, '68	103¾	200	do	55½
1,000	Erie R. Cn. Bs. '71	54	50	do	55½
1,000	H. Riv. R. 1st Mt.	84	400	do s15	55½
1,000	do	84¼	300	do s30	55¼
2,000	M. C. R. R. 8 ₩c.		100	do s30	55
	1st m. S. F. conv't b's	102	50	do s60	55
5,000	Ill. Free'd bds	86	50	La Cr. & Mil R.R.	9½
5,000	L. C. & M. L. G. b	35½	50	do	9
5,000	do s10	35	50	do	8
13,000	do	35½	150	do b30	8
11,000	do	35	150	do c	7¾
9	Bank of New-York	108	100	M. Cen. R. R. b10	67
50	Bank of America	108	50	do b30	67
50	Bank of Republic	116	100	do	66
400	Canton Co.	22	312	M. S. & N. Ia. R. R.	21
65	Cary Impr. Co.	7¾	1050	do	20¾
5	Del. & Hud. Cn. Co.	111½	250	do	20¾
50	do b60	111¾	50	do	20¾
50	do b60	111	50	do b30	20¾
10	Penn. Coal Co.	71	150	M. S. & N. Ia. pr. s.	44¾
800	Cum. Coal Co.	19¾	375	do	45
50	do s60	19	50	do s10	45
60	Mil. & Miss. R. R.	30¾	75	Panama R. R.	105¾
180	do	30¾	75	do	105
50	N. Y. Cent. R. R.	91	50	do	105¼
280	do	90	45	Illinois Cen. R. R.	94
670	do	90¾	100	do b60	94
100	do	90¾	25	do s30	93
100	do	90¾	30	do	93¾
100	do s10	90¾	33	Galena & Chic. R.R.	91
160	do s60	90	37	do	91¾
50	do b60	90¾	50	do s60	91
9.0	Erie Railroad	28	50	do s60	91¾
150	do	27¾	50	do	92
708	do	27¾	20	do	91¾
25	do b30	28¾	700	Cleve. & Tol. R. R.	45¾
50	do s30	27¾	625	do	45¾
50	do s10	27¾	100	do s30	45
25	do b30	28	100	do	44¾
100	do b15	28¾	240	do	45
50	do b60	28¾	100	do b15	45¾
850	Hudson River R. R.	28	415	Chi. & R. I. R. R.	75
410	do	28¾	950	do	75¾
100	do b30	28¾	5	do	75¾
100	do	28¾	250	do b30	75¾
605	do	28¾	100	do b60	75¾
200	do s10	28¾	300	do s60	75
6	do	29	25	do b60	76
150	do	28¾	60	Pacific M. S. Co.	72¾

SECOND BOARD.

$1,000	Erie R. Cn Bs '71	54	100	Hud. Riv. R. R. b30	28¾
1,000	Ill. Free'd Bds	87	125	do	28¾
10,000	La C. & M. L. G. B	35¾	50	Reading R. R. s10	55¾
7,000	do	36¾	50	do	55¾
2,000	do	35	200	do	55¾
5,000	H. R. R. R. 1st mg.	84	50	do b30	55¾
10	Artisans' Bank	79	150	Mich. S. & N. Ia. R.	21
100	Canton Co.	22¾	150	do	22
20	Pacific Mail St. Co.	72¾	50	do	21¾
250	La Cr. & Mil. R. R.	8	100	do b15	21¾
100	do	8¾	350	M. S. & N. Ia. pf. sk.	45
150	N. Y. Cen. R. R.	91	10	Panama R. R.	105¾
25	do	91¾	70	Ill. Cen. Railroad	93¾
1100	do s60	90¾	100	do s30	93
200	Erie Railroad	28¾	25	do b30	94
100	do s10	28¾	100	Chic. & R. I. R. R.	75¾
100	do	28¾	100	do b30	76¾
25	do	28¾	50	do b30	76
50	Mich. Cen. Railroad	67¾	50	do	75¾

REPORTED SALES BY AUCTION.

$2,000	T. H. & Alton R. 7s	70	15	Bank of Republic	110
5,000	do 8s	41	40	do	116
4,000	O. & Penn. R. 7s	47	30	Artisans' Bank	76¾
5,000	Chic., St. P. and		45	do	76¾
	F. du Lac R. R. 7s	33	60	Chatham Bank	60¾
1,000	Keokuk City 8s	50	20	Grocers' Fire Ins. Co.	106
5,000	Clev. & Pitts. R. 7s	68	25	do	107
3,000	Wheeling City 6s	30	20	Wash'n Fire Ins. Co.	144¾
10,000	N. J. Cen. R. 2d m.	75	10	New Wld In Co	92@95
5,000	Mil. & Hor. R. 8s	15	20	Empire City Ins. Co.	119
2,000	Chicago City 6s	80¾	20	Brevoort Ins. Co.	90
1,000	Memphis City 6s	69¾	10	Resolute Ins. Co.	103
7,000	N. Indiana R. 7s	73¾	5	do	104
2,000	Missouri 6s	83	15	Third-avenue R. R.	95¾
228.43	Sacram'to City 10s	55¾	50	Harlem R. R.	12¾
2,000	do	84	188	C., St. P. & F. du L. R.	3½
1,000	L. C. & M. R. R. 7s	33¾	10	Chic. & Rk. Is. R.	73¾
80	Atlan. M. I. s'p '57	86	50	Continental Bank	98
130	do '58	73¾	10	Amer. Ex. Bank	104¾
25	Cin. Ham. & D. R.	49	20	Oriental Bank	98
25	Little Miami R. R.	76	10	National Bank	106
30	Ill. Central R. R.	3½	10	St. M. Fire Ins. Co.	111¾
20	Pacific M. S. Co.	72¾	10	Com'l Fire Ins. Co.	108¾
20	Knickerb'r Ice Co.	30	10	do	106¾
20	Manhat. Gas L. Co.	120¾	10	do	105
20	Hanover Bank	87	7	Am. Express Co.	96¾
100	La C. and Mil. R. R.	9¾			

MONDAY, March 22—A. M.

The European mail received on Saturday forenoon by the *Arabia*, to Saturday, March 6, from England, is of a more negative character, financially, than any one reported for some weeks past. Both the English and French Funds were remarkably steady, and politics were quiet in both countries. All doubts as to the principal purposes of the new British Ministry and of the cordiality of the French Emperor toward Lord DERBY and his colleagues were at rest. The Cotton trade at Manchester is gradually improving, while the advance in the raw staple is, for the first time in several weeks, checked by the character of the advices and crop estimates from this side, and the expectation of an early and large accession to the stock on sale in Liverpool. The Grain trade shows no revival, though some slight hope of speculation in this direction may be drawn from the general steadiness of prices and the superabundance of money at very cheap rates. A slight increase in the demand for discounts at the Bank of England is referred to,—owing to large payments falling due on India and China bills,—while the supply is reported more than equal, at 3 ₩ cent., to any probable wants of trade. The London *Times* says:

> "It is believed that the Bank return to be made up this evening will exhibit a larger amount of notes in reserve than has been witnessed since 1852, just after the bullion had attained the highest point ever reached, and Consols, with discount at 2 ₩ cent., had touched 101. People will not persevere for a year in keeping their money without interest, and the moment the first man takes courage the whole will follow. Unhappily, there is good reason to apprehend the present quietude is not the result of prudence, which is always the same, but of fright, which is merely a blind emotion, and the certain forerunner of an opposite extreme."

The Bank return, as anticipated, does show the enormous sum of $56,080,000 of notes unemployed, while the Discounts are reduced from $159,000,000, as they stood during the relief week of the late crisis, to $86,530,000, scarcely equal to the Bullion lodged in the Issue Department, which stands $88,085,000—being within $29,000 of the previous weekly return, with $4,750,000 known to be near at hand from Australia. In the open market Discounts are guided by some of the private letters by this mail as low 2 ₩ cent. per annum. There was less animation in American Stocks, and a general pause in the dealings of the Stock Exchange is noted. The Bonds of the Erie Company are quoted higher, and the letters from the President of the Company and other parties in London are entirely satisfactory in regard to the sales of and subscription to the new mortgage. The shares of the Illinois Central are quoted 1@2 ₩ cent. lower. Some exceptions had been taken to the form of the English certificates recently admitted to free transfer at the London agency, but the difficulty we understand has already been remedied by circulars from the office here. The panic in Exchange the last day of the week the steamer sailed, was not unanticipated on this side; indeed an actual decline was looked for by some parties by this mail as the enlarged estimates of our crop receipts were already made known to the English trade.

The character of the news was just sufficiently undecided to be construed either way on the Stock Exchange of Wall-street on Saturday, and coming on what, in contrast with the buoyancy in the beginning of the present month, may be termed a *Bear* market, the effect was made to tell adversely upon prices. Receiving the immediate weight of influence among the leading jobbers, it might with as much propriety have been turned to the support of the *Bulls*. Upon Money and Exchange affairs, the accounts had no particular effect either way. The abundance of money, offered on very moderate terms, at call, was even more marked at the close than in the earlier part of the week—the Brokers being less actively engaged as buyers of Stocks to hold for account of their speculative customers than for a month or two past. In Exchange, there was nothing done after the distribution of the *Arabia's* mail, as the outward steamer had already sailed for Liverpool. The next packet goes from Boston, the mail to close here on Tuesday. The *Fulton*, from Havre, will be nearly or quite due in the meantime, with dates to 9th March. Sterling prices left off 107@107½ for bank and bankers, and 106@107 for commercial names; Francs, 5.20@5.17½.

The Bullion movement of the week was quite active, mostly for Government account, without effecting the general sum held in the City, which is increased $1,279,000 from California arrived last Monday, but necessarily reducing, for the moment, in a slight degree, the reserve in Bank, which, from $32,961,076 on the last statement, is expected to fall below thirty-two millions on the average this afternoon. At the same time, the Sub-Treasury reserve has gone from $2,964,197, on the 13th, up to $5,883,336 to the close of the week on Saturday afternoon, in consequence of the exchange at Washington of $5,000,000 Treasury Bills, more than three-fifths of which were provided for in New-York, and about $1,500,000 bearing 5 ₩ cent. are held by the New-York banks. To what extent they may be added into the General Discount line, to be averaged this afternoon, is not at present known. The export demand for Gold, with the exception of a few Doubloons per *Hermann*, has entirely ceased. The Gold exchanges with the interior are not for the moment important. The Philadelphia Banks which had large balances here last week, have drawn them down, in payment for Treasury Bills.

The Foreign Trade at this port for the past week shows a further large decline upon the Import entries, compared with last season, the total including the Dry Goods table in our last paper, being $1,998,844, against $5,054,901 the same week last year. At the same time we note a slight improvement in the current demand for Dry Goods, (including staple American as well as Foreign,) and a fair degree of activity in Sugar, Coffee and Tea. The stocks of Foreign Merchandise in Bond are being gradually reduced, but we hear of no considerable preparations for further Spring importations. The revival of general trade, already being partially felt, and likely to manifest itself more distinctly on the opening of Canal and Lake navigation, is not expected to influence perceptibly either the rates of Exchange or the price of Money for some months to come. The dullness and low price of Grain abroad is a severe drawback upon the Northwest. The Exports of Domestic Produce and Miscellaneous Goods the past week from New-York, were to the value of $1,505,968, against $1,880,354 the corresponding week last year. The Exports of Cotton from the Southern ports were the equivalent of about $4,000,000 of exchange. The Export of Specie for the week is $116,114, against $415,053 the same time last season.

From the Custom-House tables of the Foreign Trade and our own monthly summary of the Specie movement to and from New-York, since July 1 last—the beginning of the current Treasury Year—which we published some days since, for eight months to March 1, instant, it appears that the Import Entries of Foreign Merchandise

amounted to	$118,918,000
Add three weeks in March	6,324,737
Total since July 1	$125,242,737
Same time last year	158,625,064
Falling off this Treasury Year	$33,382,227

The same tables made the Export of Domestic Produce and Miscellaneous Goods, including Foreign articles reëxported, from July 1 to

March 1	$43,566,000
Add three weeks in March	3,392,310
Total since July	$46,958,310
Same time last year	58,731,310
Falling off this Treasury year	$11,763,000

The same tables made the Export of Specie from New-York to Foreign States since

July 1	$30,454,000
Add three weeks in March	639,285
Total since July 1	$31,093,285
Same time last year	27,199,458
Increased export since July 1	$3,893,827

The deliveries of Gold from California, and of Foreign Gold and Silver from abroad, at New-

York, since July 1, amount to	$32,954,539
Same time last year	29,698,957
Increase	$3,255,582

COURSE OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE.

	March 13.	March 20.		March 13.	March 20.
N. Y. Central	92½	91¼	Reading	58	55⅜
Erie	29⅜	28⅜	Rock Island	81⅜	76
Missouris	84	82¾	Panama	105⅜	105⅜
Tennessees	89	88⅜	Pacific Mail	71	72
Californias	90	88	M. Southern	26	21¾
Ill. Cen. Bonds	94⅜	94	M. South. pref.	48	45
Ill. Cen. Shares	96	93¾	M. Cen. Bds.	101⅜	102
Cumberland	20¾	19¾	Toledo	44¾	45⅜
La Crosse	10¾	8	Galena	93	92
La Crosse L. Gt.	37	35⅜	Hudson	30¾	28⅜

The foregoing comparative closing quotations show a general further decline, though chiefly marked on some of the Western shares and Hudson and Erie. The fluctuations through the week were, for the most part, against the tone of the market, closing, however, on Saturday afternoon with a firmer feeling and a partial advance on the lowest prices made in the forenoon. The leading operators at the Board of Brokers have been sellers, for some days past, of most of the speculative shares, and a much larger line of *shorts*—or contracts to deliver ahead—has thus been run up than for several months past. The movement is irrespective of the market for money, but partly, no doubt, in view of the diminished buoyancy of outside speculation. In this view of the case, it is likely at any time to be reversed, other active employment for money being yet remote, and the lower range of prices (by 10 ₩ cent. since 1st March) holding out the temptation to a change of tone in the dealings.

The telegraph announced on Saturday, from Cincinnati, that Justice McLEAN of the United States Circuit Court, had affirmed the validity of the indorsement of the Cleveland and Columbus Company on $400,000 of the Bonds of the now bankrupt Columbus and Piqua Company. The Cleveland Company at one time acknowledged their obligation to pay promptly the interest on these Bonds, on the default of the principal party. But in April, 1856, the Board of Directors, unwisely, as the best friends of the honor and credit of this wealthy and prosperous Company said at the time, suffered themselves to be enjoined, by one of their own stockholders, from continuing this obligation, and have since made no provision or reservation of profits for it; although this fact, of itself, is not conclusive that a majority of the Board were a voluntary party to the attempt to repudiate an indorsement entered upon for a valuable consideration. The Bonds were sold in this market, a good part to European buyers, on the credit of this indorsement, and now bear 14 ₩ cent., unpaid interest, which, with the principal, will now be made good by the Cleveland Company, the co-indorsers being at present unable to respond.

We hail the decision of Judge McLEAN as another evidence to the European creditors of this country,—many of whom, on the first evidences of bad faith on the part of American corporations, have been disposed to question the firmness or integrity of the Judiciary—that they equally mistake the temper of our Courts and the character of the people who constitute them the final arbiters in all pecuniary contracts. The Cleveland and Columbus case, though a striking illustration in point, does not stand alone, among recent decisions in New-York and the West, nor do we refer to it now because it is one among many, but as an answer to a recent attack upon American good faith, by a prominent German authority, the Augsburg *Gazette*, wherein the default of the city of Pittsburg to respond by direct taxation to certain of its railway bonds, not likely to be otherwise provided for, is prejudged before the case can be fully brought before the Courts of the United States, as it soon will be by the highly respectable Committee of Bondholders now having the subject in charge.

The Bondholders of the Terre Haute and Alton Company will find an official advertisement, of some interest to them, on another page of this paper.

The Bull's Head Bank has declared a half-yearly dividend of 4 ₩ cent., payable April 1.

A Correction.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

In the money article of the *Herald*, of March 19, injustice is done the M. and M. R. R. Co., but undoubtedly upon erroneous information. The *Herald* says: "We understand that an attachment has been put upon the office furniture and other property of this Company, upon a certified claim of an employe amounting to some seven hundred dollars."

The employe alluded to is A. B. ELLIOTT, *well known* among Railroad men, who was employed by the M. and M. R. R. Co. in the Spring of 1857 as traveling agent, at a specified salary per annum for the time he might be employed, as the Company understands it, and as the parties who negotiated the arrangement with him are prepared to state. In the Fall of '57 notice was given Mr. ELLIOTT that from and after a certain time his services would no longer be required, and accordingly he was discharged on or about the first of January, '58. Now his claim, as I understand it, is mainly for the balance of the year during which he was not employed. This portion of his claim the Company intend to resist. The Company has been ready to pay him every cent that was due him up to the time of his discharge, and I am informed that the Superintendent, Mr. JARVIS, has repeatedly offered to pay him this sum, but that Mr. ELLIOTT insists upon being paid for services which he has not rendered, and which is the real matter in dispute.

I wish to say in this connection that while the M. and M. R. R. Co. are ready to admit that it has met with some financial embarrassment resulting from causes over which he had no control, and which are too familiar to need repetition, which has compelled it to suspend for a time the payment of some of its honest and just demands, yet it spurns with contempt the charge that it would resist the payment of an honest or "certified claim."

EDWARD H. BRODHEAD.

Foreign Trade of Boston.

BOSTON, Saturday, March 20.

The imports of foreign goods at this port for the week ending March 19 were as follows:

Dry Goods	$264,596	Sugar	$170,297
Hides and Skins	31,638	Molasses	51,414
Coffee	40,319	Other articles	193,478
Total			$751,742
Corresponding week in 1857			$1,957,001
Decrease in 1858			$1,205,259

Markets by Telegraph.

NEW-ORLEANS, Friday, March 19.

Sales of COTTON to-day 13,000 bales, at 10½c.@11c. for Middling. Sales of the week 68,500 bales. Receipts of the week 58,000 bales. Decreased receipts at this port 61,500 bales. Decreased receipts at all ports 278,000 bales. Stock, 435,500 bales. FREIGHTS—Cotton to Liverpool, ⅝d. EXCHANGE depressed: Sterling 105@105⅜. SUGAR firm; fair to fully fair, 6c.@6⅜c. PORK firm. LARD, in kegs, 11c.@11¼c. Rio COFFEE—Sales of the week 9,000 bags; prime, 11⅜c. Market closed inactive. Stock only 3,000 bags.

CHARLESTON, Friday, March 19.

COTTON—The sales of the week add up 14,500 bales at 10⅞c.@11⅜c. for Middling. Receipts of the week 18,000 bales. RICE firm at 3⅞c. STERLING EXCHANGE 6⅜ ₩ cent. prem. Exchange on New-York ⅜@⅜ ₩ cent. prem. The sales of COTTON to-day add up 1,100 bales. Good Middling 11⅜c.@11⅜c.

BALTIMORE, Saturday, March 20.

FLOUR in fair demand. Howard-street and Ohio Superfine, $4 50; extra Ohio, $4 87; City Mills, $4 37. WHEAT a shade lower. Red, $1 02@$1 08; White, $1 15@$1 25 for fair to prime, and very choice at $1 35. CORN a shade lower. White 54c.@56c., and Yellow at 57c.@59c. WHISKY firmer. Sales at 22c.@23c. COFFEE buoyant. No sales. MOLASSES firm, with an upward tendency.

PHILADELPHIA, Saturday, March 20.

FLOUR quiet. WHEAT advanced. Red, $1 10@$1 12; White, $1 30@$1 35. CORN active at 10⅞c. WHISKY advanced.

Philadelphia Stock Market.

PHILADELPHIA, Saturday, March 20.

Stocks heavy. Pennsylvania State 5s, 87½; Reading Railroad, 29⅜; Morris Canal, 50; Long Island Railroad, 12¾; Pennsylvania Railroad, 43⅜.

Movements of Ocean Steamers.

NAMES.	LEAVES.	FOR	DATE.
FOR EUROPE.			
Canada	Boston	Liverpool	March 24
North American	Portland	Liverpool	March 27
Arabia	New-York	Liverpool	March 31
Glasgow	New-York	Glasgow	March 31
City of Baltimore	New-York	Liverpool	April 1
FROM EUROPE.			
Glasgow	Glasgow	New-York	March 3
Hammonia	Southampton	New-York	March 4
City of Baltimore	Liverpool	New-York	March 16
Fulton	Southampton	New-York	March 10
FOR CALIFORNIA, ETC.			
Black Warrior	New-York	Havana	March 24

Passengers Sailed.

In steamship Jamestown, for Norfolk, Petersburg and Richmond—G. G. Williams, Captain W. T. Hilyard, Captain J. Maxwell, A. Rechter, J. S. Williams, L. Jacobs, H. J. Callister, W. Jacobs, Mrs. Gone, child and servant, N. H. Campbell, T. Counsbery, T. Davidson, M. Rosenheim, Dr. Steptoe, J. M. Moah, Mr. E. De Freest, Miss A. De Freest, H. Davidson and lady, P. W. Berbaum and lady, John R. Beggess and lady, W. H. Elliott, lady and child, G. M. Spencer, J. H. Bancker, Miss Brewster, Judge Bosworth, Mrs. Crawford, Miss A. Yates, Rev. M. T. Yates and lady, Miss C. E. Lewis, Miss Josephine Bosworth, O. Mead and lady, one officer and 11 seamen for United States steam-frigate Colorado, and 22 in the steerage.

In Steamship Columbia for Charleston—T. R. Halsey, Jos. W. Clark, S. Wood, Geo. L. Whitney, G. S. Wilson, W. H. Middleton, Benjamin F. Clark, W. A. Ramsay, J. M. Abrams, H. S. Ward, O. N. Griffin, J. W. Seymour, Mrs. Goldsmith, Wm. A. Stebbins, Dr. A. Grymes, Mrs. Mitchell, Miss J. Culbert, child and nurse of J. A. Semple, Mr. Kendrick and Lady, Mrs. Crocker, Miss Crocker, Jno. Gray, Jno. Butler, T. P. Chamberlin, T. J. Bowen, Miss Livingston, Mrs. S. Davis, F. G. Hall, C. S. Goldsmith, E. W. Edgerton, D. A. Ambler, Maj. R. Lowndes, Capt. A. Middleton, J. Blake, Mr. Bates, E. J. Long, C. G. Warren, A. Singleton, J. W. Tweedy, T. Douglass, W. H. Wightman, J. A. Sanford, and 12 in the steerage.

In steamer Thomas Swann, from Savannah—Robert McCormack, O. Moye, E. Fisk, W. H. Dennis, James Clark, Miss P. K. Germond, Master Frank Stoddard, Mrs. Mary Earl, Fred. M. Berry, R. Campbell, Roswell House, J. F. S. Heald and lady, Robert Fleming, Wm. Dow, W. W. Dengle, M. Wells, Joseph A. Sharron, J. Fisher and 8 in the steerage.

Passengers Arrived.

In steamship Arabia, from Liverpool—J. Moir, G. Talham and lady, Mr. Foley, F. Baker and servant, W. W. Wilkie, C. Sheffer, W. H. Cormer, G. A. Stone, Senan Effendi, R. Mullon, J. Mirandi, W. M. Collett, Capt. A. Raarh and daughter, J. Maxwell, B. B. Hughes, J. Pastor, B. Hutchinson and brother, W. Edwards, A. Stein Gorsdofer and child, Miss E. Wheatley, Mrs. Chardor, infant, 2 children and 2 servants, Miss E. Tatham, Messrs. Seleliac, Sharp, Vendeweer, Tuckerman, Prevost, Pope, Klainwort, Morwood, Harley, Schneider, Shaw, Musard, Kortosh, Browning, Myer, Deacon.

In steamship Black Warrior, from New-Orleans and Havana.—Newman, Mrs. Squires, Miss Small, Whalen, Pendegrast, E. A. Johnson, Esq., Ripley, R. H. Daily and wife, Smith, Guiteres and servant, Paken, Capt. F. Bowen, Mrs. De Camp, Mason, F. D. Bach, wife and child, Whittmore, Rottman, Clarke, Parkinson, T. W. Sargent, S. A. Emmett, Lopez and nephew, Church, Corning and wife, Gifford, Gwin, Mason, Korh, Pendleton, Prenble, Coyle.

In steamship Marion, from Charleston—J. Bertram, J. H. Wilson, G. L. Aiken, Jno. McLaughlin, B. F. Streeter, D. Vanderbeck, Miss McBride, Mrs. Capt. Jenkins, Capt. E. W. Phinney, J. S. Reid, Chas. Newhall, and 18 in the steerage.

In steamship Star of the South, from Savannah—James New, S. L. Moore, C. Tourell—and 15 in the steerage.

In ship American Congress, from London—Temple Chapman, H. T. Schroeder, Edmund Maher.

In ship Sweepstakes, from Bombay—Rev. Allen Hazen, lady and 4 children.

In bark Yamuri, from Matanzas—Mrs. Lewis and child, Mrs. R. R. McKinley, Miss Josephine Requina, Chester Merritt, Andrew Burke, Thos. Sumner, Thos. McStewart, David Williamson, Mark Mallett, Henry Elkins and son, Senor Evaristo de la Moranas.

In brig Alma, from Nassau, N. P.—Capt. Leavitt, late of bark Cuba, condemned, and 20 seamen.

In Bark Chas. C. Fowler, from Havana—J. M. Cunningham.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises.... 6 00 | Sun sets...... 6 14 | Moon rises...... 1 56

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook. 12 54 | Gov. Island. 1 43 | Hell Gate........ 3 05

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....SATURDAY, March 20

Cleared.

Steamships Columbia, Berry, Charleston, Spofford, Tileston & Co.; Augusta, Woodhull, Savannah, S. L. Mitchill; Jamestown, Parrish, Norfolk, Ludlam & Pleasants; Star of the West, Gray, Aspinwall, M. O. Roberts.

Ships Admiral, Bliffen, Mobile, W. S. Drayton; Isaak Walton, Wardell, Singapore, &c., Siffken & Ironsides.

Barks A. J. Harvey, Miller, Philadelphia, J. O. Baker & Co.; Roebuck, Chase, Richmond, Reynolds & Cushman; E. Barss, (Br.,) Watlington, Bermuda, Tucker & Lightbourne.

Brigs E. Watts, Ellis, Havana, I. B. Gager; North, Davidson, Galveston, D. C. Murray; Wenonah, Dow, Malaga, H. D. Brookman & Co.; E. W. Seyburn, Nickels, Montevideo, Metcalf & Duncan.

Schooners Pocahontas, Bulkley, Charleston, Scranton & Tallman; New-York Packet, Dunbar, Darien, Peck & Church; Ione, Beveridge, Beaufort, Davis & Holmes; Banner, Gilley, Gloucester, Woodruff & Robinson; Aid, English, Wilmington, E. S. Powell; Elizabeth, English, Philadelphia, J. Hand & Co.; B. C. Scribner, Carlisle, St. Marks, Brodie & Pettes; B. Flanner, Applegate, Wilmington, D. C. Murray.

Steamers Caledonia, Layfield, Savannah, H. B. Cromwell & Co.; Westernport, Berry, Charleston, H. B. Cromwell & Co.; Delaware, Capes, Philadelphia, New York and Philadelphia Navigation Co.; Elizabeth, McLaughlin, Baltimore, W. Dalzell; Piedmont, Powell, Baltimore, H. B. Cromwell & Co.

Sloop Oregon, Rhodes, New-Bedford, L. Kenny.

Arrived....SUNDAY, March 21.

Steamship Black Warrior, Smith, New-Orleans 12th inst., and Havana 16th, with mdse. and passengers to Livingston, Crocheron & Co.

Ship Sweepstakes, Lane, Bombay Dec. 30, passed Cape of Good Hope Feb. 6, crossed the Equator Feb. 27, with linseed wool, &c., to Chambers & Heiser. Jan. 4, off Cochin, exchanged signals with ship Wallace, bd. N. Feb. 3 lat. 35 S., lon. 24 E., passed an Am. ship bound W.—had double topsail-yards on main and mizenmasts, (whole on foretopmast,) was painted outside with black ports and had white yards; they took no notice of our ensign or signals, although we passed within half a mile of the ship. 19th inst., Fedk. Myers, alias Krenger, of Stockholm, fell from the mainroyal-yard and was killed.

Ship American Congress, Mather, London Feb. 24, Isle Wight 27th, and Plymouth 28th, with mdse. and 13 passengers to Grinnell, Minturn & Co. 10th inst., got soundings on the Banks of Newfoundland; 20th inst., at 3½ P. M., Sandy Hook bearing W. by N. 85 miles, took a pilot from boat Geo. Steers, No. 6.

Ship E. Z. Hodges, Liverpool, Feb. 16, with mdse. to Zerega & Co. Feb. 27, lat. 50 29, lon. 70 50 fell in with a large quantity of wreck, apparently two or three rafts, was painted green and had not been long in that situation.

Ship Roberts, Martin, Shields, Feb. 1, and the Downs 7th, with coal and mdse. to Dunham & Dimon. Had heavy westerly gales on the passage.

Ship Time (of Boston,) Homer, Glasgow 40 ds., with water pipes to Berger & Deke. Has experienced heavy westerly gales the entire passage.

Ship Baltic, Zerega, Liverpool Feb. 7, with mdse. to Zerega & Co. Came out the North Channel, and has experienced heavy westerly winds.

Ship Pomona, Merrihew, Liverpool 29 ds., with mdse. and 30 passengers to Howland & Frothingham; has had light winds and pleasant weather, been 13 ds. W. of the Banks.

Ship Webster, Lawrence, Liverpool Feb. 17, with merchandise and 166 passengers, to Spofford, Tileston & Co. 4th inst., lat. 44 23, lon. 46 05, at 11½ A. M., saw screw steamship Indian, of Glasgow, from Portland for Liverpool; 5th, lat. 42 50, lon. 49 57, exchanged signals with ship Anna, Decatur, of Portsmouth, standing eastward.

Ship Ellen Austin, Garrick, Liverpool Feb. 27, with mdse. and 160 passengers to Spofford, Tileston & Co.; 10th inst., lat. 44 56, lon. 52 21, saw a small vessel bottom up; 16th, lat. 42 44, lon. 61 07, Frederick Moore, seaman, of Belfast, Ireland, fell from the maintopsail yard on deck and was instantly killed; 17th, lat. 41 27, lon. 64 10, Wm. McGovern, seaman of Waterford, Ireland, fell from the foretop-gallant masthead overboard and was lost.

Ship Keystone (of Boston) McFarland, Havre Feb. 21, with mdse. and 167 passengers to Post, Smith & Co.

Bark Yamuri, Liesgang, Matanzas Feb. 20, with sugar and molasses to Stevens, Angulo & Co. Been 22 ds. N. of Hatteras with heavy gales from N. W., and was driven to lon. 66. 17th inst., lat. 38 30, lon. 69, passed some spars and planks.

Bark Corinthian, Winchester, Cienfuegos 21 ds., with sugar and molasses to Dugan, Leland & Co.

Bark Sardinia, (Br., of Yarmouth, N. S.,) Francis, Sagua la Grande 13 ds., with sugar and molasses to master. Experienced very heavy weather, carried away jib-boom, bobstay, &c.

Bark Dirigo (formerly ship,) Young, Glasgow 37 ds., with mdse. to Dunham & Dimon. 18th inst., off George's Shoals, spoke ship Josiah L. Hale, of Newburyport, sig. W. Saw a number of large icebergs and a quantity of fieldice near the Banks.

Bark Rolla, Rogers, New Orleans Feb. 14, with sugar, molasses, &c., to Peck & Church. Feb. 22 passed Cape Florida 11 vessels in company. March 1 passed Cape Hatteras, since which time, have had a succession of heavy N. W. and W. gales, which shifted the cargo, split sails, and the vessel shipping much water. 9th inst., lat. 39, lon. 64 30, experienced a heavy gale from S. to S. W., with high sea on, vessel laboring heavy, and shipping large quantities of water, been 21 ds. N. of Hatteras.

Bark Chas. C. Fowler, Staples, Havre, Jan. 22, with mdse. and 70 passengers to Boyd & Hincken. The C. C. F. has experienced westerly gales the entire passage.

Brig Isadora, (of Providence,) Baker, Sagua la Grande March 12, with sugar and molasses to master. The Br. bark Sabrena, for New-York, sld. 3 ds. previous.

Brig Orkney, (Br., of Parsboro',) Murphy, Gonaives Feb. 28, with logwood to James & Phillips; left no Am. vessels. 9th inst., in a gale from N. W., lost jib-boom.

Brig Maria C. E., (Br., of St. John, N. B.,) Fowler, Cienfuegos March 2, with sugar to master.

Brig Mary Wilkins, (of Salem,) Nickerson, Buenos Ayres Jan. 30, with hides, &c., to R. W. Ropes & Co. Sailed in co. with barks Swallow, for Salem, and Weacumcon, passed Montevideo Feb. 4, made the passage from lat. 23 S. in 30 ds., and from the Equator in 18 ds.

Brig Galena (of Boston,) Rossiter, Humacoa, P. R., 14 ds., with sugar and molasses to master. Left no vessels.

Brig Sarah, of Stockton,) Stevens, Trinidad, Cuba, March 1, with sugar and molasses to R. P. Buck & Co. 10th inst., lat. 25, lon. 79 30, saw bark Narramissic, bd. N.

Brig Fredonia, (of Ellsworth, (Lord,) Mayaguez, P. R., 17 ds., with sugar and molasses to Culbert & Finlay; had heavy weather.

Brig Janus, (Old,) Bunce, Angostura 52 days, with hides to Oelrich & Co. Had heavy weather.

Brig Sea Foam, Prior, Rio Janeiro 49 ds., with 3,150 bags coffee to Siffken & Ironsides. Sailed in company with bark Brazileiro for New-York.

Brig Timothy Crosby, Harding, Trinidad (Cuba) 18 days, with sugar and molasses to R. P. Buck & Co. March 8, saw a herm. brig ashore, about 4 miles S. of Gun Cay, just gone on; blowing fresh from N. W. and the sea breaking heavy over her; wreckers working up to her. The bark Casco, and brig Mira W. Holt, arrived at Trinidad 1st inst.

Schr. Caroline Knight, Rowell, Lubec 8 ds., with fish to Smith & Boynton.

Schr. Jonas Smith, Lynch, Wilmington, N. C., 4 ds., with naval stores to Jonas Smith & Co.

Schr. Nathan Clifford, Shute, Elizabeth City, N. J., for Boston.

Schr. Princess, Lovell, Boston 3 ds., with mdse. to S. W. Lewis & Co.

Schr. G. L., Lovell, Boston 3 ds., with mdse. to J. F. Nickerson.

Schr. Isis, Baxter, James River, Va., with corn to Blow & March.

Schr. Sahwa, Small, Jobos P. R., March 6, with sugar to Molter and Kiera—vessel to Mayhew, Talbot & Co.

Schr. Harrison Jones, Garmow, Crystal River 12 ds., via Key West 6 ds., with cedar.

Schr. R. M. Demill, Henderson, Brunswick, Ga., 6 ds., with lumber to Demill & Co.

Schr. Lammot Du Pont, Corson, Attakapas 20 ds., with sugar and molasses to Sturges & Co.

Schr. John Castner, Johnson, Attakapas 16 ds., with sugar and molasses to C. P. Leverich.

Schr. Mary Ann, (Br.,) Lank, Halifax 15 ds., with fish to Jas. Hunter & Co.

Schr. L. S. Davis, Lynch, Savannah 4 ds., with cotton to McCready, Mott & Co.

Sch. Sylphide, (Br.) McNale, Halifax 7 days, with fish to James Hunter & Co.

Schr. D. Trowbridge, of New-Haven, Merrow, Barbadoes, Feb. 25, and Turks Island, 9th inst., with salt and old metal to Bishop & Bros., of New-Haven, where she is bound; had heavy weather. The bark Arma, Nobre, sailed from Barbadoes for Maracaibo Feb. 22. Left at Turks Island, bark Daniel Webster, Ward, for New-Haven, same day. Passenger, B. W. Tomlinson.

Schr. Mary Alice, Welch, Ponce, P. R., March 6, with sugar to Sturges & Co. The brig Elisa Dudly, Hopkins, for New-York, sailed a few days previous. Left, barks Maraval, Griffin, for New-York soon; Minapia, (Br.,) Chandler, for London; brigs Oceanic, Traveler, Sargent, wtg. freight; Speedaway, Thomas, from Norfolk; do., Eliza Ann, Thomas, do.; Echo, Long, from Norfolk, do.; Sarah Peters; from Wilmington, Cahusac, Wells; do. for Boston; Hidalgo; from Machias, Martin, Dunbar; from Georgetown, C. W. Allen, Johnson; for New-York, ldg.; Ocean Isle (Br.) Brudden; for St. Thomas, schrs. Castor, Harding, hence, waiting; C. W. Gonnor, Urann, from and for Norfolk, Capt. lost his son Leonard 4th day out.

Schr. Leaura Frances, Bullock, James River, Va., 3 dys., grain to order.

Schr. R. Palmer, Nichols, Baltimore 4 ds., with guano.

Schr. D. E. Wolf, Russell, Norfolk 3 ds., with grain.

Schr. J. B. Austin, May, Philadelphia 2 ds., with coal.

Schr. Samuel Castor, Gorman, Philadelphia, with coal.

Schr. C. P. Williams, Williamson, Virginia 3 ds., wood.

Schr. Julian, Holbrook, Boston, for Tangier.

Schr. Mountain Wave, Freeman, Boston, for Tangier.

Schr. Express, Freeman, Boston, for Tangier.

Schr. Ocean Bird, Gibbs, Baltimore, for Providence.

Steamer Thomas Swann, Post, Savannah 56 hours, with mdse. and passengers to H. B. Cromwell & Co. Off Cape Henry, passed schr. Vapor, standing S.

Steamer Boston, Sellew, Philadelphia 22 hours, with mdse. and passengers to T. Perkins.

BELOW—Ship Horatio, Hathaway, Shields, via Bermuda.—(By pilot-boat Mary Taylor.)

WIND—During the day, from S. E. to S. W.; 8 P. M., W. N. W.

Sailed.

Steamships Daniel Webster, Gray, Aspinwall; Columbia, Berry, Charleston; Augusta, Woodhull, Savannah; Jamestown, Parrish, Norfolk, &c. Steamers Caledonia, for Charleston; Westernport, Savannah. Ships Carrington, Sumner, Sydney, N. S. W.; Wellington, Prindle, New-Orleans. Bark Brothers, Chase, Cienfuegos. Also, Br. steamship Kangaroo, Jeffry, for Liverpool.

Memoranda.

The Br. steamship Arabia, arrived Saturday from Liverpool, brought the cargo of steamship Ariel, disabled and put back.

The sloop David Van Name, which was capsized and sunk on the 18th, off the Quarantine Station, was raised this morning by two lighters and towed into the dock near the Staten Island Railway.

The brig C. W. Ring, arrived yesterday from St. Marks, had 20 ds. passage, and is consigned to Brett, Son & Co.

The steamer Westchester arrived this (Saturday) morning, with a portion of the cargo of the steamer Osprey, ashore on Plum Island. The O., at high water, has about 4 feet of water in her hold. A steam pump and oil-casks have been sent, to try and get her off.

The schr. Richard Borden, from Fall River for Philadelphia, put into the lower Bay to day for a harbor.

HOLMES' HOLE, March 19—The schooner Pilot Fish, of and for Boston, from Gonaives, arrived here yesterday, with loss of mainmast, fore and main topmasts, fore and foretopsail yards, foretopsail and maintopmast, staysail, main rigging, &c.; cargo of coffee in good order.—(By letter to Elwood Walter, Esq.)

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, March 21—Arr., bark Cordelia, Cook, Cienfuegos; brigs Black Hawk, Sparks, do.; Exemplar, Pickels, and Beeles, York, Cardenas; Ben Deland, Baker, Malta, via St. Thomas; Wabash, Lockhart, London; schr. Loella, Fredson, Bermuda 8th inst.—left ship Horatio, Hathaway, for New-York in 2 ds. Below—Bark Lenox, from Buenos Ayres.

BALTIMORE, March 21—Arr., steamers Locust Point, from New-York; J. S. Shriver, from Philadelphia; bark Hugh Birckhead, Buenos Ayres Jan. 22, and Montevideo 25th; left at Buenos Ayres, barks Parana, from New-York, arr. 20th; Mark Wilkins, Nickerson, for New-York; Henry Guild, for do., ballasted, schr. Langdon, Gillmore, unc. The brig S. G. Bass, before reported ashore on Swan Point, from Nevassa Island, with guano, towed up on Saturday, after discharging sixty tons of ballast; she received no damage.

Spoken, &c.

Feb. 3, lat. 35 05 S., lon. 23 40 E., exchanged signals with French ship Isaure, 45 ds. fm. Singapore for Nantes.

Feb. 6, lat. 33 56 S., lon. 17 E., Br. ship Wings of the Wind, 47 ds. from Bombay for London.

Feb. 7, lat. 32 20 S., lon. 15 E., exchanged signals with Br. ship Areta, 62 ds. from Calcutta for London—"requested to be reported."

Feb. 8, lat. 29 30 S., lon. 9 30 E., exchanged signals with ship Argo, of and for Hamburg, 56 ds. from Calcutta—"wished to be reported."

March 10, lat. 43, lon. 56 24, ship Yorkshire, Bryant, from New York for Liverpool.

March 17, lat. 29 39, lon. 70 33, brig (understood) Fostina, (probably Justina,) 8 ds. from Portland for Matanzas.

March 17, off Georges Shoals, was passed ship J. Morton, of Thomaston, bd. W.

March 18, off New South Shoal, ship Ohio, from New-York, bound E.

March 2, lat. 40 30, lon. 38 40, ship Quickstep, fm. London for New-York, she having experienced very heavy N. W. gales, split sails, &c.

March 15, lat. 33, lon. 77 40, spoke Br. brig Maria, from Cienfuegos for New-York.

Foreign Ports.

At Buenos Ayres, Jan. 30, ships B. Aymar, Lawyer, for Southampton in a few days; Parana, Langston, hence, discharging; Messenger; barks Lion, Freeman, from Boston, discharged; Swan; Lennon, from Baltimore; J. C. Nickels, Nickels, for New York in a few ds., in ballast; Wm. Schroeder, Upton, from Salem, discharging; J. C. Brune, Gayle, from and for Baltimore, ballasting; St. Andrew, Bickmers, from Hartlepool, discharging; Emblem, Nickerson, from Baltimore, disg.; Northwood, from Cardiff, do.; brigs Henry Guild, Heath, from Jacksonville for Pernambuco, with mules; Georges, Jones, from Portland, ballasting; schr. Langdon, Gilmore, Chase, hence, disg.

At Naguabo, about March 8, schr. Pollux, wtg.; Mecca, from Baltimore, disg.